



HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF NIGERIA ORDER PAPER Wednesday, 22 July, 2026

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1. National Anthem
 2. National Pledge
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 5. Oaths
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PRESENTATION OF BILLS

1. Federal Medical Centres Act (Amendment) Bill, 2026 (HB.2807) (*Hon. Benjamin Okezie Kalu and four others*) – *First Reading*.
2. Federal College of Nursing and Midwifery Nkpa Bende (Establishment) Bill, 2026 (HB.2808) (*Hon. Benjamin Okezie Kalu and four others*) – *First Reading*.
3. Federal Polytechnics Act (Amendment) Bill, 2026 (HB.2801) (*Hon. Jeremiah Umaru*) – *First Reading*.
4. Federal Orthopaedic Hospital Act (Amendment) Bill, 2024 (SB. 582) (*Senate*) – *First Reading*.
5. Nigerian Investment Promotion Commission Act (Amendment) Bill, 2026 (HB.2809) (*Hon. Oboku Abonsizibe Ofoji*) – *First Reading*.

PRESENTATION OF REPORTS

1. **Committee on National Security and Intelligence**
Hon. Satomi Alhaji Ahmed:
“That the House do receive the Report of the Committee on National Security and Intelligence on a Bill for an Act to Establish the Department of State Services Research and Development Bureau to Conduct and Coordinate Robust Research and Development in the Department of State Services and for Related Matters (HB. 2716).”
2. **Committee on Financial Crimes**
Hon. Ginger Onwusibe:
“That the House do receive the Report of the Committee on Financial Crimes on a Bill for an Act to Amend the Economic and Financial Crimes Commission (Establishment) Act, 2004 and for Related Matters (HB. 2493).”
3. **Committee on Health Institutions**
Hon. Patrick Umoh:
“That the House do receive the Report of the Committee on Health Institutions on a Bill for an Act to Amend the Federal Medical Centres Act, 2022 to Establish the Federal Medical Centre, Zuru, Kebbi State and for Related Matters (HB. 1471)” (*Referred: 21/7/2026*).
4. **Committee on Agricultural Colleges and Institutions:**
Hon. Abiodun Isiaq Akinlade:
“That the House do receive the Report of the Committee on Agricultural Colleges and Institutions on a Bill for an Act to Amend the Agricultural Research Council of Nigeria Act, Cap. A12, Laws of the Federation of Nigeria, 2004 to Provide for Establishment of the Federal College of Horticulture, Iyara Kogi State and for Related Matters (HB.1447) (*Referred: 5/5/20206*).
5. **Joint Committees on Commerce, Maritime Safety and Administration, and Legislative Compliance:**
Hon. Ahmed Munir:
“That the House do receive the Report of the Joint Committees on Commerce, Maritime Safety and Administration, and Legislative Compliance on the Investigative Hearing into the Need to Recover Decades of Unpaid 10% Freight Levies Due to the Nigerian Export Promotion Council (NEPC) from the Nigerian Maritime Administration and Safety Agency (NIMASA) (HR. 381/11/2023)” (*Referred: 23/11/2023*).

ORDERS OF THE DAY BILLS

1. A Bill for an Act to Amend the Agricultural Research Council of Nigeria Act, Cap. A12, Laws of the Federation of Nigeria, 2004 to provide for the Establishment of the Federal College of Agriculture, Owor-Olomu, Ughelli South, Delta State and for Related Matters (HB.2681) (*Hon. Julius Ihonvbere*) – **Third Reading.**
2. A Bill for an Act to Establish Federal College of Animal Health and Production, Kaoje, Kebbi State and for Related Matters (HB.1929) (*Hon. Julius Ihonvbere*) – **Third Reading.**
3. A Bill for an Act to Amend the Federal Medical Centres Act, 2022 to Establish Federal Medical Centre, Ilashe-Ipokia, Ogun State and for Related Matters (HB.1218) (*Hon. Julius Ihonvbere*) – **Third Reading.**

4. A Bill for an Act to Provide for the Establishment of Federal College of Nursing and Midwifery, Ihebinowerre, Imo State and for Related Matters (HB.2191) (*Hon. Julius Ihonvbere*) – **Third Reading.**
5. A Bill for an Act to an Act to Amend the Orthopaedic Hospitals Management Board Act, Cap. 010 Laws of the Federation of Nigeria 2004, to provide for the Establishment of the Orthopaedic Hospital Obokun, Osun State and for Related Matters (SB. 582) (*Hon. Julius Ihonvbere*) — *Second Reading.*
6. A Bill for an Act to Amend the Nigerian Airspace Management Agency (NAMA) (Establishment) Act, 2022 to Revise the Percentage of Statutory Charges Accruing to the Agency and for Related Matters (HB. 2779) (*Hon. Sada Soli*) — *Second Reading.*
7. A Bill for an Act to Establish the National Council of Traditional Rulers of Nigeria as Custodians of the People’s Culture, Tradition, Values, Morals, and Beliefs to Serve as Vanguard in Ensuring Peaceful Coexistence and Economic Development Among the Diverse Citizens, and to Promote Ethnic Unity and Social Cohesion in Nigeria and for Related Matters (HB. 2665) (*Hon. Abdulmumin Mohammed Ari and thirty-eight others*) — *Second Reading.*
8. A Bill for an Act to Amend the Federal Medical Centres Act, 2022 to Establish the Federal Medical Centre, Guri, Jigawa State and for Related Matters (HB. 1271) (*Hon. Abubakar Hassan Fulata*) — *Second Reading.*
9. A Bill for an Act to Provide for the Prohibition of the Production, Importation, Distribution, Sale, and Consumption of Unbranded and Unfortified Edible Oils in Nigeria and for Related Matters (HB. 2675) (*Hon. Chike John Okafor*) — *Second Reading.*
10. A Bill for an Act to Amend the Armed Forces Act, Cap. A20, Laws of the Federation of Nigeria, 2004 to Promote and Maintain Synergy and Collaboration Among the Nigerian Army, Nigerian Navy, Nigerian Air Force, Department of State Services, Nigeria Immigration Service, Nigeria Customs Service, and Nigeria Security and Civil Defence Corps Towards Upholding National Security and Interests and for Related Matters (HB. 982) (*Hon. Bukar Talba*) — *Second Reading.*
11. A Bill for an Act to Repeal the Trustee Investment Act, Cap. T22, Laws of the Federation of Nigeria, 2004 and Enact the Trustee Investment Act, 2026 to Facilitate the Investment of Trust Funds in Nigeria in Authorised Securities and Other Permissible Assets and for Related Matters (HB. 2762) (*Hon. Solomon T. Bob*) — *Second Reading.*
12. A Bill for an Act to Establish the National Metallurgical Training Institute, Apomu to Provide Training, Information, Supervision, Guidance, and Advice to Students, Researchers, and Personnel in the Iron and Steel, Oil, and Gas Industries for National Development and for Related Matters (HB. 2246) (*Hon. Lanre Omoleye Oladebo*) — *Second Reading.*
13. A Bill for an Act to Amend the National Drug Law Enforcement Agency Act, Cap. N30, Laws of the Federation of Nigeria, 2004 to Empower the Agency to Establish, Maintain, and Operate Drug Abuse Treatment, Counselling, and Rehabilitation Centres Across the Federation and for Related Matters (HB. 2777) (*Hon. Garba Ibrahim*) — *Second Reading.*
14. A Bill for an Act to Establish the National Commission for Rural Infrastructure and Development (NARCID) to Provide a Comprehensive Framework for Financing, Coordination, Monitoring, Evaluation, and Support of Rural Infrastructure and Development Programmes; Establish the National Rural Development Fund and for Related Matters (HB. 2795) (*Hon. Saidu Musa Abdullahi*) — *Second Reading.*
15. A Bill for an Act to Amend the Orthopaedic Hospitals Management Board Act, Cap. O10, Laws of the Federation of Nigeria, 2004 to Provide for the Establishment of the Federal Orthopaedic Hospital, Ikot Mboho, Obot Akara, Akwa Ibom State and for Related Matters (HB. 2767) (*Hon. Patrick Umoh*) — *Second Reading.*

MOTIONS

16. Need to Adopt a Strategic Drone Industrialisation Policy to Strengthen Nigeria's Defence Manufacturing Capacity:
Hon. Ademorin A. Kuye:

The House:

Aware that Nigeria faces persistent and evolving security threats such as terrorism, banditry, kidnapping, insurgency, and pipeline vandalism, which have continued to challenge the operational capacity of Nigeria's Armed Forces and security agencies;

Also aware that Unmanned Aerial Vehicles (UAVs), commonly known as drones, have become indispensable tools of modern warfare, intelligence gathering, surveillance, and counterinsurgency operations globally and that non-state armed groups, including Boko Haram and the Islamic State of West Africa Province (ISWAP), are already deploying commercial drones against Nigerian troops;

Informed that Nigeria has taken commendable early steps in indigenous drone manufacturing, including the development of the *Tsaigumi UAV* by the Nigerian Air Force Institute of Technology (AFIT) in 2018;

Concerned that Nigeria with a pool of engineering talent, a growing technology entrepreneurship ecosystem, existing military-industrial partnerships, and the largest economy in Africa possesses the foundational conditions to be the hub for drone technology, provided there is structured government policy, capital, and legislative support;

Also concerned that Nigeria's drone manufacturing ecosystem remains largely private-sector driven, lightly capitalized, and insufficiently supported by structured state policy, technology transfer frameworks, legislative incentives, or dedicated defense industrial zones, thereby limiting its scale, sophistication, and strategic impact;

Resolves to:

- (i) urge the Federal Government to provide structured capital support to verified Nigerian drone manufacturing companies, including Beirech UAS, Terra Industries, Elites Group, Pro-force, and AFIT—through the Bank of Industry, the Defence Industries Corporation of Nigeria (DICON), and other appropriate financing vehicles to enable them to scale operations and meet military procurement standards;
- (ii) mandate the Committees on Defence, National Security and Intelligence, Science and Technology, Industry and Commerce to develop and adopt a National Drone Industrialisation Policy that establishes a clear roadmap for growing Nigeria's drone manufacturing sector from its current entrepreneurial stage to a structured, state-supported strategic industry;
- (iii) also mandate the Committees on Defence and National Security and Intelligence to work with the Nigerian Military and relevant agencies to identify and formalize technology transfer agreements with reputable international drone manufacturers, mandating the training of Nigerian engineers, localization of production, and progressive reduction of imported components;
- (iv) further mandate the Committees on Defence, Industry and Commerce to work with relevant agencies to create and designate dedicated Defence Industrial Zones for drone manufacturing, research, and maintenance, backed by appropriate fiscal incentives, infrastructure support, and regulatory frameworks to attract both foreign and local investors;
- (v) again mandate the Committees on Defence, National Security and Intelligence, Industry, Commerce, and Science and Technology to undertake a legislative review of existing laws

governing defence procurement, local content, aviation, and investment incentives, with a view to enacting or amending legislation that creates a conducive environment for drone industrialisation, including tax exemptions and protection of intellectual property developed by Nigerian engineers and report within four (4) weeks for further legislative action.

17. Need for the Revitalisation of Dormant Federally Owned Industrial Assets to Promote Industrialisation, Employment Generation and Economic Growth:

Hon. Ahmad Sani Muhammad.

The House:

Notes that over the years, the Federal Government has invested substantial public resources in establishing strategic industrial enterprises and production facilities intended to drive industrialisation, create employment, promote technology transfer, stimulate local manufacturing, and strengthen Nigeria's economic competitiveness;

Also notes that several strategic industrial assets established by the Federal Government have remained closed, moribund, or operating far below their installed capacities despite substantial public investment over several decades—including Ajaokuta Steel Company Limited (Ajaokuta, Kogi State); National Iron Ore Mining Company (Itakpe, Kogi State); Nigeria Machine Tools Limited (Osogbo, Osun State); Nigerian Paper Mill (Jebba, Kwara State); Nigerian Newsprint Manufacturing Company (Oku Iboku, Akwa Ibom State); and Iwopin Pulp and Paper Company (Iwopin, Ogun State), thereby depriving the nation of its enormous potential contributions to industrialisation, employment generation, and economic growth;

Aware that the continued closure, deterioration, and underutilisation of these strategic industrial assets have led to job losses, reduced local manufacturing capacity, increased dependence on imported manufactured goods, loss of technical skills, lower industrial productivity, and significant economic losses to the nation;

Concerned that despite repeated government interventions and financial commitments, many of these industries remain dormant due to inadequate investment, weak coordination, ageing infrastructure, policy inconsistencies, and the absence of a clear national framework for their rehabilitation and productive utilisation;

Recognises that revitalising these existing industrial assets is more cost-effective than establishing new ones and will boost local manufacturing, create employment, strengthen value addition, increase exports, promote technology transfer, and support Nigeria's economic diversification and industrial growth;

Convinced that a coordinated National Industrial Revitalisation and Competitiveness Programme, supported by effective government policies and strategic private sector participation, coupled with strong legislative oversight, will restore these industries to productivity, promote sustainable economic development, reduce import dependence, and improve Nigeria's industrial competitiveness;

Resolves to:

- (i) urge the Federal Government, through the relevant Ministries, Departments, and Agencies (MDAs), to undertake a comprehensive nationwide inventory and technical, financial, and operational audit of all dormant or underutilised federally-owned industrial assets to determine their current condition and the most appropriate strategy for their rehabilitation, modernisation, concession, commercialisation, repurposing, or other productive utilisation;
- (ii) also urge the Federal Government to develop and implement a National Industrial Revitalisation and Competitiveness Programme with clear implementation timelines, financing mechanisms, and investment strategies for the rehabilitation and productive utilisation of dormant federal industrial assets;

- (iii) mandate the Committees on Industry, Steel Development, Privatisation and Commercialisation, and Public Assets to jointly interface with relevant MDAs, monitor the implementation of these resolutions, and report back within four (4) weeks for further legislative action.

18. Need to Investigate the Performance, Funding, Legal Status, and Alleged Corrupt Practices and Compromise of the Mining Marshals:

Hon. Abdulmaleek Abdulraheem Danga:

The House:

Notes that on March 21, 2024, the Federal Ministry of Solid Minerals Development, in collaboration with the Federal Ministry of Interior, inaugurated a specialized security unit known as the Mining Marshals Corps of over 2,200 personnel drawn from the Nigeria Security and Civil Defence Corps (NSCDC);

Also notes that the statutory backing relied upon for the creation of this unit is Section 3 of the NSCDC Act alongside the regulatory framework of the Nigerian Minerals and Mining Act, 2007;

Aware that the primary objectives of establishing the Mining Marshals was to secure mining sites, eliminate illegal mining, curb banditry in mineral-rich communities, and safeguard federal revenues generated from the solid minerals sector;

Concerned by reports indicating a deviation from this mandate, characterized by allegations that the Mining Marshals lack deep operational knowledge of the mining sector, resulting in the wrongful apprehension and harassment of legitimate mineral title holders while misrepresenting these actions to the public as successful crackdowns on illegal operators;

Also concerned by grave allegations of financial impropriety within the unit, specifically the reported discovery of over ₦2 billion in the bank account of a State Commander of the Mining Marshals;

Worried that instead of a formal judicial inquiry, prosecution, or internal disciplinary action, the said Commander was merely redeployed, fuelling allegations that the Marshals are being compromised by affluent illegal mining syndicates;

Disturbed by the lack of fiscal transparency surrounding the unit, notably the recent procurement and allocation of operational vehicles to the Marshals without a clear record of legislative appropriation or budgetary allocation from the parent agency, thereby exposing the unit to extra-budgetary expenditure;

Convinced that these operational and financial anomalies directly undermine Nigeria's economic interests, resulting in mineral revenue leakages, heightened insecurity, and a deterioration of investor confidence in the solid minerals sector;

Resolves to:

- (i) mandate the Committee on Solid Minerals Development to carry out a comprehensive investigation into:
 - (a) the actions and performance of the Mining Marshals across the country to determine if they are operating within their lawful mandate;
 - (b) allegations of corrupt enrichment, including the ₦2 billion account linkage against a former State Commander, and similar cases of compromise across the thirty-six (36) states and the FCT;
 - (c) the source of funding for the recent purchase of operational vehicles, all external financial inflows, and the legal/budgetary provisions backing the expenditures of the Mining Marshals;

- (d) the statutory compliance of the unit's creation, structure, and composition to recommend an internationally best-practiced and legally compliant security model and report within four (4) weeks for further legislative action.

19. Need to Act on the 2026 National Assembly Open Week Parliamentary Breakfast Roundtable Recommendations:

Hon. Ahmed Munir

Hon. Ademorin Kuye

Hon. Yusuf Rabi'u:

The House:

Notes on 14 to 16 July 2026, the House of Representatives hosted a 3-day event for National Assembly Open Week, culminating in a Parliamentary Breakfast Roundtable on 16 July 2026 aimed at enhancing dialogue among Members of the National Assembly, key stakeholders, development partners, and the private sector on critical economic and governance issues;

Aware that the Roundtable produced actionable recommendations aimed at enhancing the ease of doing business, non-oil export growth, intellectual property protection, public asset management, the blue economy, addressing multiple taxation, and the ratification of international treaties;

Commends the Speaker of the House of Representatives for proposing the institutionalization of the National Assembly and Business Executive Roundtable (NABER) to bridge the gap between legislative interventions and economic realities;

Cognizant of the importance of continuous legislative-executive-private sector engagement in deepening democracy and accelerating Nigeria's development agenda;

Resolves to:

- (i) set a date for a summit that will serve as a public hearing and technical session to generate and harmonize crucial bills required to stimulate critical trade, investment, and economic sectors;
- (ii) mandate the Committees on Commerce, Public Assets, Treaties, Protocols and Agreements, Maritime Safety, Education and Administration, and Legislative Compliance to ensure compliance with immediate effect, review the critical areas identified, and report within four (4) weeks for further legislative action.

20. Need to Provide an Alternative Access Road into the Federal Capital Territory (FCT) from the Keffi-Karu Axis to Enhance National Security, Traffic Management and Emergency Response:

Hon. Amos Gwamna Magaji:

The House:

Notes that the Federal Capital Territory (FCT), Abuja, serves as the seat of government and the administrative nerve centre of the country is now experiencing increasing in population, economic activities, and vehicular movement;

Also notes that the principal gateway into the FCT from the North-East and parts of the North-Central geopolitical zones, including Nasarawa, Benue, Plateau, Taraba, Bauchi States and northern Cross River State, is through the Keffi-Karu corridor;

Further notes that unlike other major entry points into the FCT, which have alternative access routes capable of providing relief during emergencies, traffic disruptions, security breaches, or infrastructure failures, the Keffi-Karu corridor depends on a single access route into FCT;

Observes that disruptions from accidents, natural disasters, infrastructure collapse, security threats, or maintenance can significantly hinder the movement of people, goods, security personnel, and emergency services into the Federal Capital Territory;

Also observes that the absence of an alternative route poses major strategic and security vulnerabilities, considering the critical national institutions located within the FCT and the need for uninterrupted access during emergencies;

Concerned that the Guards Brigade, which is saddled with the responsibility of securing the Federal Capital Territory (FCT), has one of its component units, the 177 Guards Battalion, located in Keffi. This implies that the Battalion may not be able to reinforce other troops in the FCT city centre promptly in the event of an emergency, especially if the Keffi–Karu route has been blocked or breached by deliberate sabotage or a natural occurrence that cannot be remedied immediately.;

Also concerned that the increasing volume of traffic along the Keffi-Karu route has outpaced the available infrastructure, resulting in recurring congestion and avoidable hardships for commuters and businesses.

Resolves to:

- (i) urge the Federal Ministry of Works, in collaboration with the Federal Capital Territory Administration (FCTA), to undertake a comprehensive technical and engineering feasibility study on the development of an alternative access road linking the Keffi-Karu axis to the Abuja city centre, including possible alignments through Mpape, Asokoro or any other technically suitable corridor; and
- (ii) mandate the Committees on Federal Capital Territory and Works to engage relevant stakeholders, including the Federal Ministry of Works, Federal Capital Territory (FCTA), Office of the National Security Adviser, Federal Ministry of Defence and the Nigerian Army, to assess the strategic, security and economic implications of the current access limitation and report within four (4) weeks for further legislative action.

**21. Need to Reconstruct the Mutum Biyu to Garba Chede (48KM) Road, in Taraba State:
Hon. Jaafaru Yakubu:**

The House:

Notes that the Mutum Biyu to Garba Chede Road with a total length of 48km in Taraba State was constructed in the early 1980s and has deteriorated significantly due to lack of maintenance;

Disturbed that the road is currently in a very bad shape, riddled with potholes, gullies and sections that are completely impassable, especially during the rainy season;

Also disturbed that Mutum Biyu to Garba Chede Road is presently being used as the only alternative route for heavy-duty trucks and other vehicles plying from Wukari to Jalingo due to the collapse of the Namnai Bridge along the Jalingo-Wukari federal highway which is undergoing reconstruction;

Aware that the current scope of work required on the road is the total reconstruction of the entire stretch to make it motorable and safe for commuters;

Concerned that the increased volume of heavy trucks on the already dilapidated 48km road has worsened its condition, leading to frequent accidents, loss of lives, damage to goods, and untold hardship to road users and communities along the corridor;

Worried that if urgent action is not taken, the total collapse of the road will cut off adjoining communities from major markets and other part of the country' thereby crippling economic activities, agricultural evacuation and access to healthcare and education;

Cognizant that the reconstruction of this road is critical to national security, economic stability and the well-being of citizens in Southern, Central and Northern Taraba, particularly at this time when it serves as a major diversion route;

Resolves to:

- (i) urge the Federal Ministry of Works and the Federal Roads Maintenance Agency, FERMA, to as a matter of urgency deploy emergency intervention to make the Mutum Biyu to Garba Chede Road motorable pending full reconstruction;
- (ii) also urge the Federal Government to use Intervention Fund for the reconstruction of the entire 48km Mutum Biyu to Garba Chede Road;
- (iii) further urge the Federal Government to include the remaining part of the road reconstruction of 48km Mutum Biyu to Garba Chede Road in the 2027 budget Appropriations;
- (iv) again urge the Federal Government through the North -East Development Commission to expedite action on the speedy completion of the Namnai Bridge on the Jalingo-Wukari Road to reduce pressure on Mutum Biyu Garba Chede alternative route as well as reduce stress and lose of lives of commuters;
- (v) mandate the Committees on Works, Appropriations and Legislative Compliance to ensure compliance.

CONSIDERATION OF REPORTS

22. A Bill for an Act to Amend the Orthopaedic Hospitals Management Board Act, Cap. 010 Laws of the Federation of Nigeria 2004, to provide for the Establishment of the Orthopaedic Hospital Obokun, Osun State and for Related Matters (SB. 582) (*Hon. Julius Ihonvbere*) – *Committee of the Whole: 22 /7/2026.*
23. **Conference Committee Report:**
Hon. Nweke Felix Uche:
“That the House do consider the Conference Committee Report on a Bill for an Act to Establish the Alvan Ikoku Federal University of Education, Owerri, Imo State for the Promotion and Development of Teacher Education, Make Comprehensive Provisions for the Management and Administration of the University and for Related Matters and approve the recommendations therein” (*Laid: 22/7/26*)
24. **Committee on Solid Minerals:**
Hon. Gaza Jonathan Gbefwi.
“That the House do consider the Report of the Committee on Solid Minerals on a Bill for an Act to Establish the Federal Institute of Mining and Geosciences, Garaku, Nasarawa State to provide Courses of Instruction, Training and Research in the Exploration and Exploitation of Minerals for National Development and for Related Matters (HB. 2110) and approve recommendations therein” (*Laid: 7/5/2025*)
25. **Committee on Solid Minerals:**
Hon. Gaza Jonathan Gbefwi.
“That the House do consider the Report of the Committee on Solid Minerals on a Bill for an Act to Establish the Federal Institute of Mining and Geosciences, Akamkpa, Cross River State to provide courses of Instruction, Training and Research in the Exploration and Exploitation of Minerals for National Development and for Related Matters (HB. 2363) and approve recommendations therein” (*Laid: 7/5/2025*)
26. **Committee on Solid Minerals:**
Hon. Gaza Jonathan Gbefwi.
“That the House do consider the Report of the Committee on Solid Minerals on a Bill for an Act to Establish the Federal Institute of Mining and Geosciences, Takum, Taraba State to Provide Courses of Instruction, Training and Research in the Exploration and Exploitation of Minerals for National Development and for Related Matters (HB.2361) and approve recommendations therein” (*Laid: 7/5/2025*).

27. Committee on Solid Minerals:**Hon. Gaza Jonathan Gbefwi:**

“That the House do consider the Report of the Committee on Solid Minerals on a Bill for an Act to Establish the Federal Institute of Mining and Geosciences, Gusau, Zamfara State to provide Courses of Instruction, Training and Research in the Exploration and Exploitation of Minerals for National Development and for Related Matters (HB. 2362) and approve recommendations therein” (*Laid: 7/5/2025*).

28. Committee on Solid Minerals:**Hon. Gaza Jonathan Gbefwi:**

“That the House do consider the Report of the Committee on Solid Minerals on a Bill for an Act to Establish the Federal Institute of Mining and Geosciences, Ekiti Ikoro, Ekiti State to Provide Courses of Instruction, Training and Research in the Exploration and Exploitation of Minerals for National Development and for Related Matters (HB. 2364) and approve recommendations therein” (*Laid: 7/5/2025*).

29. Committee on Solid Minerals:**Hon. Gaza Jonathan Gbefwi:**

“That the House do consider the Report of the Committee on Solid Minerals on a Bill for an act to Establish the Federal Institute of Mining and Geosciences, Umuahia, Abia State to Provide Courses of Instruction, Training and Research in the Exploration and Exploitation of Minerals for National Development and for Related Matters (HB.1659) and approve recommendations therein” (*Laid: 7/5/2025*).

30. Committee on Financial Crime:**Hon. Ginger Onwusibe:**

“That the House do consider the Report of the Committee on Financial Crime on a Bill for an Act to Amend the Proceeds of Crime (Recovery and Management) and for Related Matters (HB.2447) (*Laid: 22/7/2026*).

31. Committee on Financial Crime:**Hon. Ginger Onwusibe:**

“That the House do consider the Report of the Committee on Financial Crime on a Bill for an Act to Amend Money Laundering (Prevention and Prohibition) Act No. 14, 2022 and for Related Matters (HB.2450) (*Laid: 21/7/2026*).

32. Committee on Financial Crime:**Hon. Ginger Onwusibe:**

“That the House do consider the Report of the Committee on Financial Crime on a Bill for an Act to Establish the Economic and Financial Crimes Commission Institute to serve as a Centre for Training, Research, Policy Development, and Strategic Collaboration in the Prevention, Detection, And Prosecution of Economic and Financial Crimes in Nigeria and for Related Matters (HB.2396) (*Referred: 23/10/2025*).

33. Committee on Financial Crime:**Hon. Ginger Onwusibe:**

“That the House do consider the Report of the Committee on Financial Crimes on a Bill for an Act to amend Economic and Financial Crimes Commission (Establishment) Act, 2024 and for Related Matters (HB.2493) (*Laid: 21/7/2026*).

34. Committee on National Security and Intelligence:**Hon. Satomi Alhaji Ahmed:**

“That the House do consider the Report of the Committee on National Security and Intelligence a Bill for an Act to Establish the Department of State Services Research and Development Bureau to Conduct and Coordinate Robust Research and Development in the Department of State Services and for Related Matters (HB.2716) and approve recommendations therein” (*Laid: 22/7/2026*).

35. Committee on Health Institutions:**Hon. Patrick Umoh:**

“That the House do consider the Report of the Committee on Health Institutions on a Bill for an Act to Amend the Federal Medical Centres Act, 2022 and Establish Federal Medical Centre, Monguno, Borno State and for Related Matters (HB.2652) and approve recommendations therein”

36. Committee on Health Institutions:**Hon. Patrick Umoh:**

“That the House do consider the Report of the Committee on Health Institutions on a Bill for an Act to Amend the Federal Medical Centres Act, 2022 to Establish Federal Medical Centre, Zuru, Kebbi State and for Related Matters (HB. 1471) and approve recommendations therein” (*Laid: 22/7/2026*).

37. Committee on Health Institutions:**Hon. Patrick Umoh:**

“That the House do consider the Report of the Committee on Health Institutions on a Bill for an Act to A Bill for an Act to Establish Federal University Teaching Hospital, Gusau and for Related Matters (HB.2081) and approve recommendations therein” (*Laid: 14/10/2025*).

COMMITTEE MEETINGS

S/N	Committee	Date	Time	Venue
1.	Rules and Business	Wednesday 22 July 2026	3.00 p.m.	Committee Room 06 (White House) Assembly Complex
2.	Public Petitions (<i>Investigative Hearing</i>)	Wednesday 22 July 2026	3.00 p.m.	Committee Room 427 (New Building) Assembly Complex
3.	Special Duties	Wednesday 22 July 2026	3.00 p.m.	National Assembly Library Trust Fund
4.	<i>Ad-hoc</i> Committee to Investigate the Quality of Services provided by the Nigeria Telecommunications Companies	Wednesday 22 July 2026	3.00 p.m.	Meeting Room 312 (New Building) Assembly Complex
5.	Constitution Review	Wednesday 22 July 2026	3.00 p.m.	Meeting Room 414 (New Building) Assembly Complex
6.	Small and Medium Scale Enterprises	Wednesday 22 July 2026	3.00 p.m.	Meeting Room 120 (New Building) Assembly Complex