



HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF NIGERIA FIRST VOTES AND PROCEEDINGS

Tuesday, 18 February, 2025

1. The House met at 11.22 a.m. Mr Speaker read the Prayers.
2. The House sang the National Anthem and recited the National Pledge.
3. **Votes and Proceedings**
Mr Speaker announced that he had examined and approved the *Second Votes and Proceedings* of Thursday, 13 February, 2025.

The Second Votes and Proceedings was adopted by unanimous consent.

4. **Announcement**

(i) **Visitors in the Gallery:**

Mr Speaker announced the presence of the following visitors:

- (i) Staff and Students of Chalcedony Prime School, Kubwa, Abuja;
- (ii) Staff and Students of NAFOWA Little Angels, Nursery & Primary School, NAF Base, Asokoro, Abuja;
- (iii) Staff and Students of Skyheights Academy, Lugbe, Abuja;

(ii) **Bereavement:**

Mr Speaker read the following communications from:

- (a) Hon. Olatunji Akinosi (*Ado-Odo Ota Federal Constituency*), announcing the demise of a former Senator Ayodeji Otegbola (*Ogun West Senatorial District*), who died on Monday, 17 February, 2025, at the age of 91;
- (b) Hon. Aminu Sani Jaji (*Kaura Namoda/Birnin Magaji Federal Constituency*), announcing the demise of a former Member, Hon. Sani Umar Dangaladima (*Kaura Namoda/Birnin Magaji Federal Constituency*, 2011- 2015, and 2019-2023).

A minute silence was observed in honour of the deceased.

(iii) ***Appointment of Committee Chairman:***

Mr Speaker announced Hon. Ifeoluwa Ehindero as the Chairman, Committee on Student Loans, Scholarships, and Higher Education Financing.

(iv) ***Special Committee of Finance on the Tax Reform Bills:***

Mr Speaker announced membership of the Committee as follows:

(1)	Hon. Faleke James Abiodun	—	<i>Chairman</i>
(2)	Hon. Saidu Musa Abdullahi	—	<i>Deputy Chairman</i>
(3)	Hon. Alhassan Ado Garba	—	<i>Member</i>
(4)	Hon. Mutu Nicholas Ebomo	—	<i>Member</i>
(5)	Hon. Ahmed Idris	—	<i>Member</i>
(6)	Hon. Muktar Aliyu Betara	—	<i>Member</i>
(7)	Hon. Sada Soli	—	<i>Member</i>
(8)	Hon. Igariwey Iduma Enwo	—	<i>Member</i>
(9)	Hon. Frederick Agbedi	—	<i>Member</i>
(10)	Hon. Benson Babajimi Adegoke	—	<i>Member</i>
(11)	Hon. Alozie Munachim Ikechi	—	<i>Member</i>
(12)	Hon. Mohammed Inuwa	—	<i>Member</i>
(13)	Hon. Esset Mark Udo	—	<i>Member</i>
(14)	Hon. Solomon Wombo	—	<i>Member</i>
(15)	Hon. Mallam Bukar Gana	—	<i>Member</i>
(16)	Hon. Etanabene Benedict	—	<i>Member</i>
(17)	Hon. Nwobasi Joseph	—	<i>Member</i>
(18)	Hon. Iyawe Esosa	—	<i>Member</i>
(19)	Hon. Kolawole Davidson Akinlayo	—	<i>Member</i>
(20)	Hon. Nnamchi Paul Sunday	—	<i>Member</i>
(21)	Hon. Obika Joshua Chinedu	—	<i>Member</i>
(22)	Hon. Abdullahi El-Rasheed	—	<i>Member</i>
(23)	Hon. Ikeagwuonu Onyinye Ugochinyere	—	<i>Member</i>
(24)	Hon. Madawaki Dahiru	—	<i>Member</i>
(25)	Hon. Mathew Donatus Kuzalio	—	<i>Member</i>
(26)	Hon. Mu'azu Abdullahi Gwarzo	—	<i>Member</i>
(27)	Hon. Iliyasu Aliyu Abubakar	—	<i>Member</i>
(28)	Hon. Sani Yakubu Noma	—	<i>Member</i>
(29)	Hon. Abdulmaleek A. Danga	—	<i>Member</i>
(30)	Hon. Tijjani Kayode Ismail	—	<i>Member</i>
(31)	Hon. Kalejaiye Adeboye Paul	—	<i>Member</i>
(32)	Hon. Hart Cyril Godwin	—	<i>Member</i>
(33)	Hon. Ari Abdulmumin Mohammed	—	<i>Member</i>
(34)	Hon. Abubakar Abdul Buba Abubakar	—	<i>Member</i>
(35)	Hon. Afuape Afolabi Moruf	—	<i>Member</i>
(36)	Hon. Adelegbe Oluwatimehin	—	<i>Member</i>
(37)	Hon. Omirin Emmanuel Olusanya	—	<i>Member</i>
(38)	Hon. John Moenwul Dafaan	—	<i>Member</i>
(39)	Hon. Anderson Allison Igbiks	—	<i>Member</i>
(40)	Hon. Ayuba Aboki Zaku Dampar	—	<i>Member</i>
(41)	Hon. Zakariya Tijjani Zannah	—	<i>Member</i>
(42)	Hon. Abdulmalik Zubairu	—	<i>Member</i>
(43)	Hon. Aniekwe Peter Udogalanya	—	<i>Member</i>
(44)	Hon. Aliyu Aminu Garu	—	<i>Member</i>
(45)	Hon. Ebikake Marie Enenimiete	—	<i>Member</i>
(46)	Hon. Victor Bisong Abang	—	<i>Member</i>
(47)	Hon. Akande-Sadipe Tolulope Tiwalola	—	<i>Member</i>

5. Petitions

- (i) A petition from Ohiri and Partners (Legal Practitioners), on behalf of Umuohuagu, and 2 other Communities in Ngor Okpala Local Government Area, Imo State, on alleged non-payment of outstanding compensation for their land, acquired by Federal Ministry of Aviation, was presented and laid by Hon. Attorney Mathew Nwogu (*Abo-Mbaise/Ngor Okpala Federal Constituency*);
- (ii) A petition from Ukpong Ekam on alleged non-payment of minimum wage arrears of 74 staff of Federal University, Otuoke, Bayelsa State by the Office of Accountant-General of the Federation, was presented and laid by Hon. Patrick Umoh (*Ikot Ekpene/Essien Udim/Obot Akara Federal Constituency*).

Petitions referred to the Committee on Public Petitions.

6. Matters of Urgent Public Importance (Standing Order Eight, Rule 5)

- (i) ***Need for the Independent National Electoral Commission (INEC) to Restore Suppressed Six State Assembly Constituencies in Kogi East Senatorial District of Kogi State:***
Hon. Abdullahi Ibrahim Ali (*Ankpa/Omala/Olamaboro Federal Constituency and One Other*) introduced the matter and prayed the House to:
 - (a) consider and approve the matter as one of urgent public importance; and
 - (b) suspend Order Eight, Rule 5 (3) to allow debate on the matter forthwith.

Question that the matter be considered as one of urgent public importance — Agreed to.

Question that the House do suspend Order Eight, Rule 5 (3) to enable it debate the matter forthwith — Agreed to.

Need for the Independent National Electoral Commission (INEC) to Restore Suppressed Six State Assembly Constituencies in Kogi East Senatorial District of Kogi State:

The House:

Notes that build up to the fourth Republic, the Independent National Electoral Commission (INEC) in 1996 restored delineated State Constituencies across the country, preparatory to the 1999 general elections;

Also notes that Six State House of Assembly Constituencies in Kogi East Senatorial District were suppressed during the exercise contrary to the provisions of sections 91 and 112 of the Constitution of the Federal Republic of Nigeria, 1999 (as amended). The Suppressed State Constituencies are: (a) Dekina town and District Constituency, (b) Enjema Constituency, (c) Iffe/Ogodu Constituency, (d) Igala Ogba Constituency, (e) Ugwolawo/Itobe Constituency, (f) Basa- Nge/Igbirra Constituency;

Further notes that Kogi State Government under the leadership of the then Governor Cap. Idris Ichalla Wada and other major stakeholders from Kogi East Senatorial district approached the Federal High Court, Lokoja, by way of originating Summons on 8 October, 2014, in Suit No. **FHC/LKJ/CS/35/2014** for the restoration of the Suppressed State Constituencies by INEC. The Court in her wisdom gave judgment on 24 February, 2015, in favour of the Plaintiff, for the restoration of the Suppressed State House of Assembly Constituencies, in Kogi East Senatorial District;

Resolves to:

- (i) mandate the Committees on Electoral Matters, and Judiciary to intervene and prevail on INEC to restore the Suppressed six State Constituencies in Kogi East Senatorial District;
- (ii) also mandate the Committee on Legislative Compliance to ensure compliance (*Hon. Abdullahi Ibrahim Ali Halims — Ankpa/Omala/Olamaboro Federal Constituency*).

Debate.

Agreed to.

The House:

Noted that build up to the fourth Republic, the Independent National Electoral Commission (INEC) in 1996 restored delineated State Constituencies across the country, preparatory to the 1999 general elections;

Also noted that Six State House of Assembly Constituencies in Kogi East Senatorial District were suppressed during the exercise contrary to the provisions of sections 91 and 112 of the Constitution of the Federal Republic of Nigeria, 1999 (as amended). The Suppressed State Constituencies are: (a) Dekina town and District Constituency, (b) Enjema Constituency, (c) Iffe/Ogodu Constituency, (d) Igala Ogba Constituency, (e) Ugwolawo/Itoke Constituency, (f) Basa- Nge/Igbirra Constituency;

Further noted that Kogi State Government under the leadership of the then Governor Cap. Idris Ichalla Wada and other major stakeholders from Kogi East Senatorial district approached the Federal High Court, Lokoja, by way of originating Summons on 8 October, 2014, in Suit No. **FHC/LKJ/CS/35/2014** for the restoration of the Suppressed State Constituencies by INEC. The Court in her wisdom gave judgment on 24 February, 2015, in favour of the Plaintiff, for the restoration of the Suppressed State House of Assembly Constituencies, in Kogi East Senatorial District;

Resolved to:

- (i) mandate the Committees on Electoral Matters, and Judiciary to intervene and prevail on INEC to restore the Suppressed six State Constituencies in Kogi East Senatorial District;
 - (ii) also mandate the Committee on Legislative Compliance to ensure compliance (**HR. 36/02/2025**).
- (ii) ***Need to Combat the Production and Distribution of Fake and Expired Drugs Following the Discovery of a Counterfeit Drug Factory in Osioma Ngwa Local Government Area, Abia State:***
Hon. Nnamdi Ezechi (*Ndowa East/Ndokwa West/Ukwuani Federal Constituency*) introduced the matter and prayed the House to:
- (a) consider and approve the matter as one of urgent public importance; and
 - (b) suspend Order Eight, Rule 5 (3) to allow debate on the matter forthwith.

Question that the matter be considered as one of urgent public importance — Agreed to.

Question that the House do suspend Order Eight, Rule 5 (3) to enable it debate the matter forthwith — Agreed to.

Need to Combat the Production and Distribution of Fake and Expired Drugs Following the Discovery of a Counterfeit Drug Factory in Osisioma Ngwa Local Government Area, Abia State:

The House:

Notes the recent shocking discovery of a warehouse and fake drug production factory in a village in Osisioma Ngwa Local Government Area (LGA) of Abia State, where counterfeit and expired pharmaceutical products, including injectables, were being produced and distributed for public consumption;

Also notes that the illegal factory was engaged in the rebranding of expired drugs by altering their expiry dates and manufacturing fake medications, which pose a grave danger to public health and safety;

Further notes that the consumption of fake and substandard drugs can lead to severe health complications, drug resistance, treatment failures, and even loss of lives, thereby undermining the healthcare system in Nigeria;

Concerned that this incident is not isolated, as similar cases of counterfeit drug manufacturing and distribution have been uncovered across the country, indicating a widespread public health crisis that requires immediate intervention;

Worried that the circulation of fake and substandard drugs has contributed to the high mortality rate in Nigeria, with unsuspecting citizens consuming ineffective or harmful medications, which worsen illnesses and cause avoidable deaths;

Cognizant that the National Agency for Food and Drug Administration and Control (NAFDAC) and other relevant agencies are responsible for regulating and ensuring the safety of pharmaceutical products in Nigeria, and that urgent measures must be taken to strengthen their enforcement mechanisms to prevent future occurrences;

Resolves to:

- (i) condemn in the strongest terms the criminal act of producing and distributing fake drugs, and commend the law enforcement agencies involved in uncovering the illegal operation in Osisioma Ngwa LGA;
- (ii) urge the Executive Arm of Government to immediately direct NAFDAC, the Pharmacists Council of Nigeria (PCN), and other relevant agencies to intensify surveillance, inspections, and crackdowns on fake drug manufacturers and distributors nationwide;
- (iii) call on NAFDAC to increase public awareness campaigns on the dangers of fake drugs and introduce more advanced tracking and authentication systems to help consumers verify the authenticity of pharmaceutical products before purchase;
- (iv) also urge the Federal Ministry of Health, in collaboration with security agencies, to implement stricter penalties for individuals and organizations involved in the production and distribution of fake drugs, ensuring that culprits face the full weight of the law;

- (v) mandate the Committees on Healthcare Services, and Narcotic Drugs to investigate the proliferation of fake drugs in Nigeria and engage with stakeholders to develop stronger policies for combating counterfeit pharmaceutical production (*Hon. Nnamdi Ezechi — Ndokwa/Ukwuani Federal Constituency*).

Debate.

Amendment Proposed:

In Prayer (v), immediately after the words “Committees on” *insert* the words “National Agency for Food and Drugs Administration and Control” (*Hon. Adedayo Adesola — Apapa Federal Constituency*).

Question that the amendment be made — Agreed to.

Question on the Motion as amended — Agreed to.

The House:

Noted the recent shocking discovery of a warehouse and fake drug production factory in a village in Osisioma Ngwa Local Government Area (LGA) of Abia State, where counterfeit and expired pharmaceutical products, including injectables, were being produced and distributed for public consumption;

Also noted that the illegal factory was engaged in the rebranding of expired drugs by altering their expiry dates and manufacturing fake medications, which pose a grave danger to public health and safety;

Further noted that the consumption of fake and substandard drugs can lead to severe health complications, drug resistance, treatment failures, and even loss of lives, thereby undermining the healthcare system in Nigeria;

Concerned that this incident is not isolated, as similar cases of counterfeit drug manufacturing and distribution have been uncovered across the country, indicating a widespread public health crisis that requires immediate intervention;

Worried that the circulation of fake and substandard drugs has contributed to the high mortality rate in Nigeria, with unsuspecting citizens consuming ineffective or harmful medications, which worsen illnesses and cause avoidable deaths;

Cognizant that the National Agency for Food and Drug Administration and Control (NAFDAC) and other relevant agencies are responsible for regulating and ensuring the safety of pharmaceutical products in Nigeria, and that urgent measures must be taken to strengthen their enforcement mechanisms to prevent future occurrences;

Resolved to:

- (i) condemn in the strongest terms the criminal act of producing and distributing fake drugs, and commend the law enforcement agencies involved in uncovering the illegal operation in Osisioma Ngwa LGA;
- (ii) urge the Executive Arm of Government to immediately direct NAFDAC, the Pharmacists Council of Nigeria (PCN), and other relevant agencies to intensify surveillance, inspections, and crackdowns on fake drug manufacturers and distributors nationwide;
- (iii) call on NAFDAC to increase public awareness campaigns on the dangers of fake

drugs and introduce more advanced tracking and authentication systems to help consumers verify the authenticity of pharmaceutical products before purchase;

- (iv) also urge the Federal Ministry of Health, in collaboration with security agencies, to implement stricter penalties for individuals and organizations involved in the production and distribution of fake drugs, ensuring that culprits face the full weight of the law;
- (v) mandate the Committees on National Agency for Food and Drugs Administration and Control, Healthcare Services, and Narcotic Drugs to investigate the proliferation of fake drugs in Nigeria and engage with stakeholders to develop stronger policies for combating counterfeit pharmaceutical production (**HR. 37/02/2025**).

(iii) *Need to Beef up Security in Yamaltu/Deba Federal Constituency, Gombe State and its Environs Following the Gruesome Killing of a Cleric and Others in a Spate of Unwarranted Killings:*

Hon. Inuwa Garba (*Yamaltu/Deba Federal Constituency*) introduced the matter and prayed the House to:

- (a) consider and approve the matter as one of urgent public importance; and
- (b) suspend Order Eight, Rule 5 (3) to allow debate on the matter forthwith.

Question that the matter be considered as one of urgent public importance — Agreed to.

Question that the House do suspend Order Eight, Rule 5 (3) to enable it debate the matter forthwith — Agreed to.

Need to Beef up Security in Yamaltu/Deba Federal Constituency, Gombe State and its Environs Following the Gruesome Killing of a Cleric and Others in a Spate of Unwarranted Killings:

The House:

Notes with deep concern the gruesome murder of a Christian cleric, Rev. Bala Galadima, on Monday by unknown gunmen in Luba, Yamaltu-Deba Federal Constituency of Gombe State, an incident that had the potential to ignite religious crisis in the area but for the timely intervention of elder statesmen, community and religious leaders in the area;

Also notes that prior to this incident, one Sa'adu Ahmad was also killed in Kuri within the same federal constituency, and his motorcycle was stolen by his assailants, further escalating fear and insecurity among the residents;

Observes that these unwarranted killings by unidentified gunmen have been occurring repeatedly in the constituency lately, creating an atmosphere of fear, instability, and uncertainty among the populace;

Worried that if proactive measures are not urgently taken to curb these acts of violence, there could be a breakdown of law and order, which may adversely affect the peace, economic activities, and social cohesion of the constituency;

Conscious of the constitutional responsibility of the government to protect lives and property, as well as the need for urgent intervention to forestall a recurrence of these gruesome attacks;

Resolves to:

- (i) observe a minute silence in honor of the slain cleric, Rev. Bala Galadima, Sa'adu

- (ii) Ahmad and other victims of insecurity in the constituency; call for an improved joint security task force comprising the military, police, and local vigilante groups to intensify surveillance and proactive security measures to curb the activities of criminal elements in the constituency.
- (iii) urge the Executive Arm of Government to provide necessary security support, including manpower and logistics, to security agencies operating in the area to effectively tackle the growing security concerns;
- (iv) mandate the Committees on National Security and Intelligence, and Police Affairs to —
 - (i) urgently pay a condolence visit to the affected communities to interact with the stakeholders especially on the porous nature of the borders with Adamawa and Taraba States,
 - (ii) engage with the National Security Adviser to the President and other relevant security agencies to propose modalities that will prevent a re-occurrence of such heinous attacks in the constituency and beyond (*Hon. Inuwa Garba — Yamaltu/Deba Federal Constituency*).

Debate.

Agreed to.

The House:

Noted with deep concern the gruesome murder of a Christian cleric, Rev. Bala Galadima, on Monday by unknown gunmen in Luba, Yamaltu-Deba Federal Constituency of Gombe State, an incident that had the potential to ignite religious crisis in the area but for the timely intervention of elder statesmen, community and religious leaders in the area;

Also noted that prior to this incident, one Sa'adu Ahmad was also killed in Kuri within the same federal constituency, and his motorcycle was stolen by his assailants, further escalating fear and insecurity among the residents;

Observed that these unwarranted killings by unidentified gunmen have been occurring repeatedly in the constituency lately, creating an atmosphere of fear, instability, and uncertainty among the populace;

Worried that if proactive measures are not urgently taken to curb these acts of violence, there could be a breakdown of law and order, which may adversely affect the peace, economic activities, and social cohesion of the constituency;

Conscious of the constitutional responsibility of the government to protect lives and property, as well as the need for urgent intervention to forestall a recurrence of these gruesome attacks;

Resolved to:

- (i) observe a minute silence in honor of the slain cleric, Rev. Bala Galadima, Sa'adu Ahmad and other victims of insecurity in the constituency;
- (ii) call for an improved joint security task force comprising the military, police, and local vigilante groups to intensify surveillance and proactive security measures to curb the activities of criminal elements in the constituency.

- (iii) urge the Executive Arm of Government to provide necessary security support, including manpower and logistics, to security agencies operating in the area to effectively tackle the growing security concerns;
- (iv) mandate the Committees on National Security and Intelligence, and Police Affairs to —
 - (i) urgently pay a condolence visit to the affected communities to interact with the stakeholders especially on the porous nature of the borders with Adamawa and Taraba States,
 - (ii) engage with the National Security Adviser to the President and other relevant security agencies to propose modalities that will prevent a re-occurrence of such heinous attacks in the constituency and beyond (**HR. 38/02/2025**).

A minute silence was observed in honour of the deceased.

7. Presentation of Bills

The following Bills were read the *First Time*:

- (1) Federal Polytechnics Act (Amendment) Bill, 2025 (HB.1904).
- (2) Federal University of Tropical Medicine, Irrua, Edo State (Establishment) Bill, 2025 (HB.1925).
- (3) Criminal Code Act (Amendment) Bill, 2025 (HB.1994).
- (4) Penal Code Act (Amendment) Bill, 2025 (HB.1995).
- (5) Council for the Regulation of Travel and Tour Management Companies of Nigeria (Establishment) Bill, 2025 (HB.2008).
- (6) Chartered Institute for Tourism and Hospitality of Nigeria (Establishment) Bill, 2025 (HB.2009).
- (7) Robbery and Firearms (Special Provisions) Act (Amendment) Bill, 2025 (HB.2011).
- (8) Free Childbirth and Medicare for Children 0–12 Years (Establishment) Bill, 2025 (HB.2012).
- (9) Theophilus Yakubu Danjuma Federal University of Agriculture and Solid Minerals, Jalingo, Taraba State (Establishment) Bill, 2025 (HB.2076).
- (10) Federal Vocational and Skill Centre, Okurike, Cross River State (Establishment) Bill, 2025 (HB.2077).
- (11) Federal Colleges of Agricultural Act (Amendment) Bill, 2025 (HB.1805).
- (12) Nigerian Insurance Industry Reform Bill, 2025 (SB.393).
- (14) Federal University of Entrepreneur and Business Management, Ekinrin, Adde, Kogi State (Establishment) Bill, 2025 (HB.2088).
- (15) Federal University of Health Sciences, Dawakin Tofa, Kano State (Establishment) Bill, 2025 (HB.2086).

- (16) Federal University of Livestock and Development Studies, Tofa, Kano State (Establishment) Bill, 2025 (HB.2087).
- (17) Federal University of Medical Laboratory Science and Technology, Jos, Plateau State (Establishment) Bill, 2025 (HB.2089).

8. Presentation of Reports

(i) Committee on Health Institutions:

Motion made and Question proposed, “That the House do receive the Report of the Committee on Health Institutions on a Bill for an Act to Amend Federal Medical Centres Act and Establish Federal Medical Centre, Saki, Oyo State for the Provision of Tertiary Healthcare Services, Medical Education and for Related Matters (HB.1356)” (*Hon. Patrick Umoh — Ikot Ekpene/Essien Udim/Obot Akara Federal Constituency*).

Agreed to.

Report laid.

(ii) Committee on Health Institutions:

Motion made and Question proposed, “That the House do receive the Report of the Committee on Health Institutions on a Bill for an Act to Amend the Federal Medical Centres Act, 2022 to Establish Federal Medical Centre, Achi, Enugu State and for Related Matters (HB.1220)” (*Hon. Patrick Umoh — Ikot Ekpene/Essien Udim/Obot Akara Federal Constituency*).

Agreed to.

Report laid.

9. A Bill for an Act to Provide for Establishment of the National Assembly Infrastructure and Property Agency to take over the Operation, Management, Development, Maintenance and Preservation of the National Assembly Complex and all Properties of the National Assembly anywhere in Nigeria and for Related Matters (HB. 2072) — Second Reading

Motion made and Question proposed, “That a Bill for an Act to Provide for Establishment of the National Assembly Infrastructure and Property Agency to take over the Operation, Management, Development, Maintenance and Preservation of the National Assembly Complex and all Properties of the National Assembly anywhere in Nigeria and for Related Matters (HB. 2072) be read a Second Time” (*Hon. Daniel Asama Ago — Jos North/Bassa Federal Constituency and Two others*).

Debate.

Question that the Bill be now read a Second Time — Agreed to.

Bill read the Second Time.

Bill referred to the Committee on Works.

10. A Bill for an Act to Alter the Constitution of the Federal Republic of Nigeria, 1999 (as amended) to Provide for Establishment of an Electoral Offences Tribunal and ensure that all electoral matters are determined before swearing in of the Elected Office Holders and for Related Matters (HB.1290) — Second Reading

Order read; deferred by leave of the House.

11. A Bill for an Act to Amend the Federal Colleges of Education Act, Cap. F Laws of the

Federation of Nigeria, 2004 to Provide for Establishment of Federal College of Education (Special), Port Harcourt, Rivers State and for Related Matters (HB.835) — Second Reading
Motion made and Question proposed, “That a Bill for an Act to Amend the Federal Colleges of Education Act, Cap. F Laws of the Federation of Nigeria, 2004 to Provide for Establishment of Federal College of Education (Special), Port Harcourt, Rivers State and for Related Matters (HB.835) be read a Second Time” (*Hon. Blessing Chigeru Amadi — Port Harcourt II Federal Constituency*).

Debate.

Question that the Bill be now read a Second Time — Agreed to.

Bill read the Second Time.

Bill referred to the Committee on Federal Colleges of Education.

12. A Bill for an Act to Establish Federal University of Technology, Rimi, Kastina State and make Comprehensive Provisions for its Due Management and Administration and for Related Matters (HB.1800) — Second Reading

Motion made and Question proposed, “That a Bill for an Act to Establish Federal University of Technology, Rimi, Kastina State and make Comprehensive Provisions for its Due Management and Administration and for Related Matters (HB.1800) be read a Second Time” (*Hon. Murtala Usman Manye — Batagarawa/Charanchi/Rimi Federal Constituency*).

Debate.

Question that the Bill be now read a Second Time — Agreed to.

Bill read the Second Time.

Bill referred to the Committee on University Education.

13. A Bill for an Act to Amend the Army Colour (Prohibition of Use) Act, and for Related Matters (HB. 975) — Second Reading

Motion made and Question proposed, “That a Bill for an Act to Amend the Army Colour (Prohibition of Use) Act, and for Related Matters (HB. 975) be read a Second Time” (*Hon. Uduak Alphonsus Odudoh — Ikot Abasi/Mkpat Enin/Eastern Obolo Federal Constituency*).

Debate.

Question that the Bill be now read a Second Time — Agreed to.

Bill read the Second Time.

Bill referred to the Committee on Army.

14. A National Call to Halt Homicidal and Femicidal Acts in Nigeria

Motion made and Question proposed:

The House:

Notes that the right to life is a fundamental human right guaranteed by the Constitution while homicide cases including murder, manslaughter, and other violent crimes leading to the termination of life have been on the rise across the country, provoking public demand for justice;

Also notes that Femicide, the intentional killing of women and girls due to their gender, has become

a significant concern, with several reported cases in recent years;

Disturbed by the following tragic cases:

- (i) February 2020: Patience Adibe was killed by her boyfriend in Benin after a brief argument,
- (ii) May 2020: Vera Uwaila Omozuwa, a 100 Level Microbiology Student of the University of Benin, was raped and murdered in a church, Collins Ujebulem, one of the suspects, claimed that a woman paid them to kill her for ritual purposes,
- (iii) June 2020: Barakat Bello, an 18 years old Student in Ibadan, was raped and stabbed to death,
- (iv) September 2020: 11 years old Favour Okechukwu was gang-raped and killed by four men in Lagos,
- (v) April 2021: Iniobong Umoren, a fresh graduate, was raped and murdered by a man posing as a job interviewer in Uyo,
- (vi) December 2021: Hanifa Abubakar, a 5 years old girl, was kidnapped, poisoned, and murdered by her school proprietor in Kano,
- (vii) February 2022: Fashion designer Bamise Ayanwole was murdered after boarding a BRT Bus in Lagos,
- (viii) April 2022: Ifeanyi Njoku killed his girlfriend for money rituals,
- (ix) July 2022: Eunice Chioma Igweike was abducted, killed, and butchered by human parts dealers,
- (x) July 2023: Benjamin Best murdered his girlfriend, Augusta Osedion, a 300 Level Student at the University of Port Harcourt,
- (xi) August 2023: Oghenefejiro Regha was killed by her boyfriend for ritual purposes,
- (xii) October 2023: Okoligwe Damian Chinemere killed Justina Otuene Nkang, a fellow student at the University of Port Harcourt,
- (xiii) May 2024: Elisha was arrested for killing his lover, Edima, in a ritual murder,
- (xiv) June 2024: Glory Adekolure was raped and killed in Benin,
- (xv) August 2024: Fatai Mogaji stabbed his ex-girlfriend to death, while Mojisola Awesu was murdered in a hotel,
- (xvi) September 2024: Jeremiah Samson killed Abigail Damilola, a University Student, and buried her body,
- (xvii) January 2025: the recent killing of Salome Adaidu, a National Youth Corps Member, in Nasarawa State is a continuation of the trend, and
- (xviii) alarmed by the killing of Chioma Nwana, who was set ablaze by her husband in Anambra after a heated argument;

Distraught by the delays in the prosecution of homicide cases, which have caused prolonged pre-trial detentions which is overcrowding the correctional facilities, and loss of crucial evidence, eroding public faith in the judicial system;

Concerned that the slow and ineffective justice system allows perpetrators to gain media attention while trials for serious crimes like homicide are prolonged, an example is the case of Chidinma Ojukwu, under trial for the murder of Usifo Ataga, continues to gain publicity, and the notorious kidnapper Evans, facing trial for murder, has been awarded scholarship;

Aware that the National Judicial Council (NJC) is responsible for overseeing the Judiciary and improving the efficiency of the judicial process;

Convinced that establishing Special Divisions within existing courts with exclusive jurisdiction over homicide and related cases will expedite justice, reduce backlogs, and restore public confidence in the legal system;

Also convinced that ethical enlightenment through public awareness campaigns focusing on instilling ethical values and respect for human life and the integration of emotional intelligence programs to help young people develop non-violent problem solving skills, could help curb this menace;

Resolves to:

- (i) urge the National Judicial Council to facilitate the designation of special Divisions within existing Courts at all levels to expeditiously handle homicide, femicide and related cases;
- (ii) also urge relevant law enforcement agencies to prioritize homicide investigations and ensure thorough prosecution of offenders;
- (iii) further urge religious organizations, the National Orientation Agency, and other advocacy groups to initiate public awareness campaigns focusing on instilling ethical values and respect for human life, and to promote programs that educate young people on the dangers of ritual killings, murder, and manslaughter;
- (iv) mandate the Committees on Judiciary and Human Rights to liaise with the NJC and other relevant stakeholders to monitor the implementation of this resolution and report progress within a stipulated timeframe. (*Hon. Awaji-Inombek Dagomie Abiante — Andoni/Opobo Nkoro Federal Constituency and Three others*).

Debate.

Amendments Proposed:

- (i) *Insert* a new Prayer (v) as follows:
“mandate the Committees on Judiciary, and Human Rights to investigate the causes of these crimes and proffer solutions” (*Hon. Jesse Okey-Joe Onuakalusi — Oshodi/Isolo II Federal Constituency*).

Question that the amendment be made — Agreed to.

- (ii) In Prayer (v) as amended, immediately after the words “Human Rights” *insert* the words “and Women Affairs” (*Hon. Eze Nwachukwu Eze — Ebonyi/Ohuakwu Federal Constituency*).

Question that the amendment be made — Agreed to.

Question on the Motion as amended — Agreed to.

The House:

Noted that the right to life is a fundamental human right guaranteed by the Constitution while

homicide cases including murder, manslaughter, and other violent crimes leading to the termination of life have been on the rise across the country, provoking public demand for justice; *Also noted* that Femicide, the intentional killing of women and girls due to their gender, has become a significant concern, with several reported cases in recent years;

Disturbed by the following tragic cases:

- (i) February 2020: Patience Adibe was killed by her boyfriend in Benin after a brief argument,
- (ii) May 2020: Vera Uwaila Omozuwa, a 100 Level Microbiology Student of the University of Benin, was raped and murdered in a church, Collins Ujebulem, one of the suspects, claimed that a woman paid them to kill her for ritual purposes,
- (iii) June 2020: Barakat Bello, an 18 years old Student in Ibadan, was raped and stabbed to death,
- (iv) September 2020: 11 years old Favour Okechukwu was gang-raped and killed by four men in Lagos,
- (v) April 2021: Iniobong Umoren, a fresh graduate, was raped and murdered by a man posing as a job interviewer in Uyo,
- (vi) December 2021: Hanifa Abubakar, a 5 years old girl, was kidnapped, poisoned, and murdered by her school proprietor in Kano,
- (vii) February 2022: Fashion designer Bamise Ayanwale was murdered after boarding a BRT Bus in Lagos,
- (viii) April 2022: Ifeanyi Njoku killed his girlfriend for money rituals,
- (ix) July 2022: Eunice Chioma Igweike was abducted, killed, and butchered by human parts dealers,
- (x) July 2023: Benjamin Best murdered his girlfriend, Augusta Osedion, a 300 Level Student at the University of Port Harcourt,
- (xi) August 2023: Oghenefejiro Regha was killed by her boyfriend for ritual purposes,
- (xii) October 2023: Okoligwe Damian Chinemere killed Justina Otuene Nkang, a fellow student at the University of Port Harcourt,
- (xiii) May 2024: Elisha was arrested for killing his lover, Edima, in a ritual murder,
- (xiv) June 2024: Glory Adekolure was raped and killed in Benin,
- (xv) August 2024: Fatai Mogaji stabbed his ex-girlfriend to death, while Mojisola Awesu was murdered in a hotel,
- (xvi) September 2024: Jeremiah Samson killed Abigail Damilola, a University Student, and buried her body,
- (xvii) January 2025: the recent killing of Salome Adaidu, a National Youth Corps Member, in Nasarawa State is a continuation of the trend, and
- (xviii) alarmed by the killing of Chioma Nwana, who was set ablaze by her husband in Anambra after a heated argument;

Distraught by the delays in the prosecution of homicide cases, which have caused prolonged pre-trial

detentions which is overcrowding the correctional facilities, and loss of crucial evidence, eroding public faith in the judicial system;

Concerned that the slow and ineffective justice system allows perpetrators to gain media attention while trials for serious crimes like homicide are prolonged, an example is the case of Chidinma Ojukwu, under trial for the murder of Usifo Ataga, continues to gain publicity, and the notorious kidnapper Evans, facing trial for murder, has been awarded scholarship;

Aware that the National Judicial Council (NJC) is responsible for overseeing the Judiciary and improving the efficiency of the judicial process;

Convinced that establishing Special Divisions within existing courts with exclusive jurisdiction over homicide and related cases will expedite justice, reduce backlogs, and restore public confidence in the legal system;

Also convinced that ethical enlightenment through public awareness campaigns focusing on instilling ethical values and respect for human life and the integration of emotional intelligence programs to help young people develop non-violent problem solving skills, could help curb this menace;

Resolved to:

- (i) urge the National Judicial Council to facilitate the designation of special Divisions within existing Courts at all levels to expeditiously handle homicide, femicide and related cases;
- (ii) also urge relevant law enforcement agencies to prioritize homicide investigations and ensure thorough prosecution of offenders;
- (iii) further urge religious organizations, the National Orientation Agency, and other advocacy groups to initiate public awareness campaigns focusing on instilling ethical values and respect for human life, and to promote programs that educate young people on the dangers of ritual killings, murder, and manslaughter;
- (iv) mandate the Committees on Judiciary, Human Rights, to liaise with the NJC and other relevant stakeholders to monitor the implementation of this resolution and report progress within a stipulated time frame;
- (v) mandate the Committees on Judiciary, Human Rights, and Women Affairs to investigate the causes of these crimes and proffer solutions **(HR. 39/02/2025)**.

15. Call on the Independent National Electoral Commission (INEC) to Conduct Bye-Elections for Vacant Seats in the National and State Assemblies

Motion made and Question proposed:

The House:

Notes that the Independent National Electoral Commission (INEC), established pursuant to Section 153 (f) of the Constitution of the Federal Republic of Nigeria, 1999 (as amended), is the sole body vested with the responsibility of conducting elections for the federal States, Federal Capital Territory and Area Councils of the Federal Capital Territory;

Also notes that Sections 47 and 90 of the Constitution (as amended), outlines the Establishment of the National Assembly and the State Houses of Assembly, ensuring the right of citizens to be represented in the federal and state legislative bodies;

Further notes that since 2023 general and subsequent elections, there have been instances of resignations, deaths, appointments, or appointments of former members of both the National and

State Assemblies to executive positions;

Aware that section 68 of the Constitution provides for the cessation and vacation of seats of the National Assembly, whereas section 76 (2) stresses the need for a bye-election to be conducted not later than one month after the vacancy occurs;

Also aware that upon the declaration of these seats as vacant, the Independent National Electoral Commission (INEC) is obligated, under the provisions of Section 76 (2), to conduct bye-elections to fill the vacant positions and ensure proper representation of the affected constituencies;

Worried that Nigeria practices a constitutional democracy that the continued vacancy of these seats, without the holding of timely Bye-elections results in the disenfranchisement of the affected, citizens, which constitutes a violation of the constitutional principles of representation and deprives the electorates of their right to adequate representation;

Also worried that the delay in conducting the bye-elections for the vacant seats is a contravention of constitutional provision, a breach of the due process and denial of the affected constituencies' proper representation;

Concerned that this Electoral inaction from the Independent National Electoral Commission (INEC) violates the principles of democracy and representative governance, leaving citizens unrepresented, and also obstructs legislative activities, as Committees and Plenary Sessions lack full participation from duly elected members;

Also concerned that this Electoral inaction sets a dangerous precedent, where compliance with the Constitution and electoral laws become optional rather than mandatory;

Resolves to:

- (i) mandate the Committee on Electoral Matters to investigate the issue of electoral inaction and invite the leadership of the Independent National Electoral Commission (INEC) to provide a detailed explanation of the reasons behind the delay and the steps taken to rectify the situation;
- (ii) also mandate the Committee on Legislative Compliance to ensure compliance and report within four (4) weeks (*Hon. Jafaru Leko Gambo — Bogoro/Dass/Tafawa Balewa Federal Constituency*).

Debate.

Agreed to.

The House:

Noted that the Independent National Electoral Commission (INEC), established pursuant to Section 153 (f) of the Constitution of the Federal Republic of Nigeria, 1999 (as amended), is the sole body vested with the responsibility of conducting elections for the federal States, Federal Capital Territory and Area Councils of the Federal Capital Territory;

Also noted that Sections 47 and 90 of the Constitution, (as amended), outlines the Establishment of the National Assembly and the State Houses of Assembly, ensuring the right of citizens to be represented in the federal and state legislative bodies;

Further noted that since 2023 general and subsequent elections, there have been instances of resignations, deaths, appointments, or appointments of former members of both the National and State Assemblies to executive positions;

Aware that section 68 of the Constitution provides for the cessation and vacation of seats of the National Assembly, whereas section 76(2) stresses the need for a bye-election to be conducted not later than one month after the vacancy occurs;

Also aware that upon the declaration of these seats as vacant, the Independent National Electoral Commission (INEC) is obligated, under the provisions of Section 76(2), to conduct bye-elections to fill the vacant positions and ensure proper representation of the affected constituencies;

Worried that Nigeria practices a constitutional democracy that the continued vacancy of these seats, without the holding of timely Bye-elections results in the disenfranchisement of the affected, citizens, which constitutes a violation of the constitutional principles of representation and deprives the electorates of their right to adequate representation;

Also worried that the delay in conducting the bye-elections for the vacant seats is a contravention of constitutional provision, a breach of the due process and denial of the affected constituencies' proper representation;

Concerned that this Electoral inaction from the Independent National Electoral Commission (INEC) violates the principles of democracy and representative governance, leaving citizens unrepresented, and also obstructs legislative activities, as Committees and Plenary Sessions lack full participation from duly elected members;

Also concerned that this Electoral inaction sets a dangerous precedent, where compliance with the Constitution and electoral laws become optional rather than mandatory;

Resolved to:

- (i) mandate the Committee on Electoral Matters to investigate the issue of electoral inaction and invite the leadership of the Independent National Electoral Commission (INEC) to provide a detailed explanation of the reasons behind the delay and the steps taken to rectify the situation;
- (ii) also mandate the Committee on Legislative Compliance to ensure implementation and report within four (4) weeks **(HR. 40/02/2025)**.

16. Need to Enhance Security Operations against Killings and Kidnapping by Bandit in Kafur and Malumfashi Local Government Areas, Katsina State

Motion made and Question proposed:

The House:

Notes the increase in banditry activities resulting in the killing and kidnapping of innocent citizens in Malumfashi/Kafur Federal Constituency of Katsina State;

Also notes that the incessant banditry in Malumfashi town, Marabar Kankara, Na Alma, and other villages in the Malumfashi Local Government Area, including Yari Bori, Gidan Kaura, Kuringafa, and other villages in the Kafur Local Government Area, has led to the displacement of most Communities and migration of influential and rich people due to fear of being kidnapped or killed by bandits;

Worried that the victims are mostly young women, children between three to four years, and the security personnel, a DPO of Kafur Local Government Area is still under admission in the Federal Medical Centre, Katsina after receiving gunshots from the bandits in one of their operations to rescue a community;

Also worried that the banditry activities have become a regular pattern in these Local Government Areas as a result of the limited presence of the Army in Malumfashi and Kafur which has encouraged

criminal activities by bandits due to lack of Military presence;

Cognizant of the need to implement security measures and increase the number of Military Personnel to complement the efforts of the Police, Civil Watch Corps, and the Vigilante in the areas;

Resolves to:

- (i) urge the Chief of Army Staff and Inspector-General of Police to jointly launch a special operation to flush out the bandits in these areas and Katsina State in general;
- (ii) also urge the Inspector-General of Police (IGP) and the National Security Adviser (NSA) to expedite the deployment of more security personnel to tackle the Killings and Kidnapping by Bandit in Kafur/Malumfashi;
- (iii) mandate the Committees on Army, Police, and National Security to ensure compliance (*Hon. Mohammad Aminu Ibrahim — Malumfashi/Kafur Federal Constituency*).

Debate.

Agreed to.

The House:

Noted the increase in banditry activities resulting in the killing and kidnapping of innocent citizens in Malumfashi/Kafur Federal Constituency of Katsina State;

Also noted that the incessant banditry in Malumfashi town, Marabar Kankara, Na Alma, and other villages in the Malumfashi Local Government Area, including Yari Bori, Gidan Kaura, Kuringafa, and other villages in the Kafur Local Government Area, has led to the displacement of most Communities and migration of influential and rich people due to fear of being kidnapped or killed by bandits;

Worried that the victims are mostly young women, children between three to four years, and the security personnel, a DPO of Kafur Local Government Area is still under admission in the Federal Medical Centre, Katsina after receiving gunshots from the bandits in one of their operations to rescue a community;

Also worried that the banditry activities have become a regular pattern in these Local Government Areas as a result of the limited presence of the Army in Malumfashi and Kafur which has encouraged criminal activities by bandits due to lack of Military presence;

Cognizant of the need to implement security measures and increase the number of Military Personnel to complement the efforts of the Police, Civil Watch Corps, and the Vigilante in the areas;

Resolved to:

- (i) urge the Chief of Army Staff and Inspector-General of Police to jointly launch a special operation to flush out the bandits in these areas and Katsina State in general;
- (ii) also urge the Inspector-General of Police (IGP) and the National Security Adviser (NSA) to expedite the deployment of more security personnel to tackle the Killings and Kidnapping by Bandit in Kafur/Malumfashi;
- (iii) mandate the Committees on Army, Police, and National Security to ensure compliance (**HR. 41/02/2025**).

17. **Rescission of some items in the Recurrent (Non-Debt) Expenditure in the 2025 Appropriations Act pursuant to Order Nine Rules 1 (6) of the Standing Orders, House Representatives:**
Motion made and Question proposed:

The House:

Recalls that the 2025 Appropriations Bill was passed by the House and the Senate on Thursday 13February, 2025;

Observes that at the point of cleaning and re-alignments the Joint Committee on Appropriations discovered some inadvertent errors in items passed by the House of Representatives and Senate;

Notes that while the overall figures of ₦54,990,165,355,396 (fifty-four trillion, nine hundred and ninety billion, one hundred and sixty-five million, three hundred and fifty-five thousand, three hundred and ninety-six Naira) statutory transfer of ₦3,645,761,358,925 (three trillion, six hundred and forty-five billion, seven hundred and sixty-one million, three hundred and fifty-eight thousand, nine hundred and twenty-five Naira) as well as Debt Service of ₦14,317,142,689,548 (fourteen trillion, three hundred and forty-eight Naira) remain the same as passed. The Recurrent (Non-Debt) expenditure initially ₦13,064,009,682,673 (Thirteen Trillion, Sixty-Four Billion, Nine Million, Six Hundred and Eighty-Two Thousand, Six Hundred and Seventy-Three Naira) was increased to ₦13,588,009,682,673 (thirteen trillion, five hundred and eighty-two thousand, six hundred and seventy-three Naira) only, while the initial Capital of ₦23,963, 251,624,250 (Twenty-Three Trillion, Nine Hundred and Sixty-Three Billion, Two Hundred and Fifty-One Million, Six Hundred and Twenty-Four Thousand, Two Hundred and Fifty Naira) was reduced to ₦23,439,251,624,250 (twenty-three trillion, four hundred and thirty nine billion, two hundred and fifty-one million, six hundred and twenty-four thousand, two hundred and fifty Naira) only;

Aware that the Joint Committee on Appropriations had effected the corrections in the Appropriations Bill, and the Long Tittle to read thus:

A Bill for an Act to authorise the issue from the Consolidated Revenue Fund of the Federation the total sum of ₦54,990,165,355,396 (fifty-four trillion, nine hundred and ninety billion, one hundred and sixty-five million, three hundred and fifty-five thousand, three hundred and ninety-six Naira) only, of which ₦3,645,761,358,925 (three trillion, six hundred and forty-five billion, seven hundred and sixty-one million, three hundred and fifty-eight thousand, nine hundred and twenty-five Naira) only, is for Statutory Transfers, ₦14,317,142,689,548 (fourteen trillion, three hundred and seventeen billion, one hundred and forty-two million, six hundred and eighty-nine thousand, five hundred and forty-eight Naira) only, is for Debt Service, ₦13,588,009,682,673 (thirteen trillion, five hundred and eighty-eight billion, nine million, six hundred and eighty-two thousand, six hundred and seventy-three Naira) only, is for Recurrent (Non-Debt) Expenditure while the sum of ₦23,439,251,624,250 (twenty-three trillion, four hundred and thirty-nine billion, two hundred and fifty-one million, six hundred and twenty-four thousand, two hundred and fifty Naira) only, is for contribution to the Development Fund for Capital Expenditure for the year ending on the 31st day of December, 2025;

Resolves to:

Rescind its decision on the affected items and recommit same to the Committee of Supply for reconsideration and passage (*Hon. Waive Ejiroghene Francis — Ughelli North/Ughelli South/Udu Federal Constituency*).

Agreed to.

18. **Order of the Day**
Motion made and Question proposed, “That the House do set down items 9 - 13 on the Order Paper till another legislative day, pursuant to Order Eight, Rule 6 (3)” (*Hon. Waive Ejiroghene Francis — Ughelli North/Ughelli South/Udu Federal Constituency*).

19. Consideration of Report

Committee on Appropriations:

Motion made and Question proposed, “That the House do consider the Report of the Committee on Appropriations on a Bill for an Act to authorise the issue from the Consolidated Revenue Fund of the Federation the total sum of ₦54,990,165,355,396 (fifty-four trillion, nine hundred and ninety billion, one hundred and sixty-five million, three hundred and fifty-five thousand, three hundred and ninety-six Naira) only, of which ₦3,645,761,358,925 (three trillion, six hundred and forty-five billion, seven hundred and sixty-one million, three hundred and fifty-eight thousand, nine hundred and twenty-five Naira) only, is for Statutory Transfers, ₦14,317,142,689,548 (fourteen trillion, three hundred and seventeen billion, one hundred and forty-two million, six hundred and eighty-nine thousand, five hundred and forty-eight Naira) only, is for Debt Service, ₦13,588,009,682,673 (thirteen trillion, five hundred and eighty-eight billion, nine million, six hundred and eighty-two thousand, six hundred and seventy-three Naira) only, is for Recurrent (Non-Debt) Expenditure while the sum of ₦23,439,251,624,250 (twenty-three trillion, four hundred and thirty-nine billion, two hundred and fifty-one million, six hundred and twenty-four thousand, two hundred and fifty Naira) only, is for contribution to the Development Fund for Capital Expenditure for the year ending on the 31 December, 2025” (*Hon. Waive Ejiroghene Francis — Ughelli North/Ughelli South/Udu Federal Constituency*).

Agreed to.

Question that the House do resolve into the Committee of Supply to consider the Report — Agreed to.

(HOUSE IN COMMITTEE OF SUPPLY)

(Mr Speaker in the Chair)

A BILL FOR AN ACT TO AUTHORISE THE ISSUE FROM THE CONSOLIDATED REVENUE FUND OF THE FEDERATION THE TOTAL SUM OF ₦54,990,165,355,396 (FIFTY-FOUR TRILLION, NINE HUNDRED AND NINETY BILLION, ONE HUNDRED AND SIXTY-FIVE MILLION, THREE HUNDRED AND FIFTY-FIVE THOUSAND, THREE HUNDRED AND NINETY-SIX NAIRA) ONLY, OF WHICH ₦3,645,761,358,925 (THREE TRILLION, SIX HUNDRED AND FORTY-FIVE BILLION, SEVEN HUNDRED AND SIXTY-ONE MILLION, THREE HUNDRED AND FIFTY-EIGHT THOUSAND, NINE HUNDRED AND TWENTY-FIVE NAIRA) ONLY, IS FOR STATUTORY TRANSFERS, ₦14,317,142,689,548 (FOURTEEN TRILLION, THREE HUNDRED AND SEVENTEEN BILLION, ONE HUNDRED AND FORTY-TWO MILLION, SIX HUNDRED AND EIGHTY-NINE THOUSAND, FIVE HUNDRED AND FORTY-EIGHT NAIRA) ONLY IS FOR DEBT SERVICE, ₦13,588,009,682,673 (THIRTEEN TRILLION, FIVE HUNDRED AND EIGHTY-EIGHT BILLION, NINE MILLION, SIX HUNDRED AND EIGHTY-TWO THOUSAND, SIX HUNDRED AND SEVENTY-THREE NAIRA) ONLY, IS FOR RECURRENT (NON-DEBT) EXPENDITURE WHILE THE SUM OF ₦23,439,251,624,250 (TWENTY-THREE TRILLION, FOUR HUNDRED AND THIRTY-NINE BILLION, TWO HUNDRED AND FIFTY-ONE MILLION, SIX HUNDRED AND TWENTY-FOUR THOUSAND, TWO HUNDRED AND FIFTY NAIRA) ONLY, IS FOR CONTRIBUTION TO THE DEVELOPMENT FUND FOR CAPITAL EXPENDITURE FOR THE YEAR ENDING ON THE 31ST DAY OF DECEMBER, 2025

SCHEDULE

		2025 Appropriation (₦)
Head	Revenues:	
Part A	FGN Share of Gross Federation Revenues	39,568,548,715,815
Part B	Deductions	(6,900,185,037,487)
Part C	FGN Share of Net Federation Revenues	27,487,883,707,691
Part D	Independent Revenues	3,465,343,761,488

Part E	Other Dividends (Less NLNG Dividend Captured in Gross Federation Revenues)	734,934,080,860
Part F	Aid and Grants	761,905,057,500
Part G	Special Funds/Accounts-receipts	300,000,000,000
Part H	Government-owned Enterprises (Net of Operating Surplus)	2,970,272,747,017
Part I	Others	1,459,275,141,443
	Aggregate Revenues/Inflow	37,179,614,495,999

Question,

That the Aggregate Revenues/Inflow of Thirty-Seven Trillion, One Hundred Seventy-Nine Billion, Six Hundred Fourteen Million, Four Hundred Ninety-Five Thousand, Nine Hundred Ninety-Nine Naira (**₦37,179,614,495,999**) only for the purposes set out under Share of Federation Revenues do stand part of the Schedule to the 2025 Appropriation Bill, 2025 — *Agreed to.*

	Expenditures:	
Part J	Statutory Transfers	3,645,761,358,925
Part K	Debt Service/Sinking Fund	14,317,142,689,548
Part L	Recurrent (Non-Debt) Expenditure	13,588,009,682,673
Part M	Capital Expenditure	23,439,251,624,251
	Aggregate Expenditure	54,990,165,355,396
	Surplus/Deficit	(17,810,550,859,397)

Question,

That the Aggregate Expenditure of Fifty-Four Trillion, Nine Hundred Ninety Billion, One Hundred Sixty-Five Million, Three Hundred Fifty-Five Thousand, Three Hundred Ninety-Six Naira (**₦54,990,165,355,396**) only for the purposes set out under Expenditure do stand part of the Schedule to the 2025 Appropriation Bill, 2025 — *Agreed to.*

	Financing Items:	
Part N	Debt Financing	9,276,348,934,936
Part O	Asset Sales/Privaization	312,332,810,711
Part P	Multilateral/Bilateral Project-tied Loans	3,364,281,435,450
	Aggregate Financing Items	12,952,963,181,097

Question,

That the Aggregate Financing Items of Twelve Trillion, Nine Hundred Fifty-Two Billion, Nine Hundred Sixty-Three Million, One Hundred Eighty-One Thousand, Ninety-Seven Naira (**₦12,952,963,181,097**) only for the purposes set out under Financing Items do stand part of the Schedule to the 2025 Appropriation Bill, 2025 — *Agreed to.*

PART A — FGN SHARE OF GROSS FEDERATION REVENUES

Head	Share of Federation Revenues	
1	Federal Government Share of Main Pool	38,408,808,638,297
2	Federal Government Share of Vat Pool	1,125,240,077,518
3	Federal Government Share of EMTL	34,500,000,000
	Total — Share of Federation Revenues	39,568,548,715,815

Question,

That the Share of Federation Revenues of Thirty-Nine Trillion, Five Hundred Sixty-Eight Billion, Five Hundred Forty-Eight Million, Seven Hundred Fifteen Thousand, Eight Hundred Fifteen Naira (**₦39,568,548,715,815**) only for the purposes set out under Share of Federation Revenues do stand part of the Schedule to the 2025 Appropriation Bill, 2025 — *Agreed to.*

PART B — DEDUCTIONS

Head Deductions

4	Oil and Gas Deductions	3,959,821,225,197
5	Non-Oil Deduction — Cost of Collection	586,135,256,418
6	Transfer to FCT, Ecological, Stabilization and Natural Resources Funds	2,354,228,555,871
	Total — Deductions	6,900,185,037,487

Question,

That the Deductions of Six Trillion, Nine Hundred Billion, One Hundred and Eighty-Five Million, Thirty-Seven Thousand, Four Hundred and Eighty-Seven Naira (~~₦6,900,185,037,487~~) only for the purposes set out under Independent Revenues do stand part of the Schedule to the 2025 Appropriation Bill, 2025 — *Agreed to.*

PART C — FGN SHARE OF NET FEDERATION REVENUES

Head FGN Share of Net Federation Revenues

7	Federal Government Share of Main Pool	26,482,917,127,066
8	Federal Government Share of Vat Pool	972,927,580,625
9	Federal Government Share of EMTL	32,039,000,000
	Total — Share of Federation Revenues	27,487,883,707,691

Question,

That the FGN Share of Net Federation Revenues of Twenty-Seven Trillion, Four Hundred and Eighty-Seven Billion, Eight Hundred and Eighty-Three Million, Seven Hundred and Seven Thousand, Six Hundred and Ninety-One Naira (~~₦27,487,883,707,691~~) only for the purposes set out under Federation Revenues do stand part of the Schedule to the 2025 Appropriation Bill, 2025 — *Agreed to.*

PART D — INDEPENDENT REVENUES

Head Independent Revenues

10	Tax Revenues	845,977,000,000
11	Non-tax Revenues	90,000,000,000
12	Operating Surplus	2,529,366,761,488
	Total — Independent Revenues	3,465,343,761,488

Question,

That the Independent Revenue of Three Trillion, Four Hundred and Sixty-Five Billion, Three Hundred and Forty-Three Million, Seven Hundred and Sixty-One Thousand, Four Hundred and Eighty-Eight Naira (~~₦3,465,343,761,488~~) only for the purposes set out under Federation Revenues do stand part of the Schedule to the 2025 Appropriation Bill, 2025 — *Agreed to.*

PART E — OTHER DIVIDENDS

13	NLNG	727,412,321,700
14	Bank of Industry (BOI)	4,695,537,160
15	Development Bank of Nigeria	2,604,000,000
16	Bank of Agriculture	—
17	Galaxy Backbone	222,222,000
	Total — Dividends	734,934,080,860

Question,

That the Other Dividends of Seven Hundred and Thirty-Four Billion, Nine Hundred and Thirty-Four Million, Eighty Thousand, Eight Hundred and Sixty Naira (~~₦734,934,080,860~~) only for the purposes

set out under Transfers to CRF/CDF do stand part of the Schedule to the 2025 Appropriation Bill, 2025 — *Agreed to.*

PART F — AID AND GRANTS

Head Aid and Grants

18	Foreign Aid/Grant (In Cash)	761,905,057,500
	Total — Aid and Grants	761,905,057,500

Question,

That the Aid and Grants of Seven Hundred and Sixty-One Billion, Nine Hundred and Five Million, Fifty-Seven Thousand, Five Hundred Naira (**₦761,905,057,500**) only for the purposes set out under Government-Owned Enterprises do stand part of the Schedule to the 2025 Appropriation Bill, 2025 — *Agreed to.*

PART G — SPECIAL LEVIES/ACCOUNTS — TRANSFERS TO CRF/CDF

Head Special Levies/Accounts

19	Transfers to CRF/CDF	
20	Special Accounts	300,000,000,000
	Total — Special Levies/Accounts	300,000,000,000

Question,

That the Special Levies / Accounts of Three Hundred Billion Naira (**₦300,000,000,000**) only for the purposes set out under Part G - Others do stand part of the Schedule to the 2025 Appropriation Bill, 2025 — *Agreed to.*

PART H — GOVERNMENT-OWNED ENTERPRISES

21	Government-Owned Enterprises	4,169,565,246,556
22	Goes Operating Surplus (80% of which is Captured in Independent Revenue)	(1,199,292,499,539)
	Total — GOEs Revenue (Net of Operating Surplus)	2,970,272,747,017

Question,

That the GOEs Revenue (Net of Operating Surplus) of Two Trillion, Nine Hundred Seventy Billion, Two Hundred Seventy-Two Million, Seven Hundred Forty-Seven Thousand, Seventeen Naira (**₦2,970,272,747,017**) only for the purposes set out under Statutory Transfers do stand part of the Schedule to the 2025 Appropriation Bill, 2025 — *Agreed to.*

PART I — OTHERS

Head Others

23	Education Tax (TETFund)	990,000,000,000
25	Share of Oil Price Royalty	386,570,896,585
26	Recoveries, Assets and Fines	82,704,244,858
	Total — Others	1,459,275,141,443

Question,

That the Others of One Trillion, Four Hundred and Fifty-Nine Billion, Two Hundred and Seventy-Five Million, One Hundred and Forty-One Thousand, Four Hundred and Forty-Three Naira (**₦1,459,275,141,443**) only for the purposes set out under Statutory Transfers do stand part of the Schedule to the 2025 Appropriation Bill, 2025 — *Agreed to.*

PART J — STATUTORY TRANSFERS

Head Statutory Transfers

27	National Judicial Council	521,625,739,236
28	Niger - Delta Development Commission	626,533,344,370
29	South - East Development Commission	140,000,000,000
30	North - West Development Commission	145,606,921,550
31	South - West Development Commission	140,000,000,000
32	South - South Development Commission	140,000,000,000
33	North - Central Development Commission	140,000,000,000
34	Universal Basic Education Commission	496,842,245,271
35	National Assembly	344,852,880,669
36	Public Complaints Commission	14,460,000,000
37	Independent National Electoral Commission (INEC)	140,000,000,000
38	National Human Rights Commission	8,000,000,000
39	North East Development Commission	240,997,982,557
40	Basic Health Care Provision Fund	298,421,122,636
41	National Agency for Science and Engineering Infrastructure (NASENI)	248,421,122,636
	Total — Statutory Transfers	3,645,761,358,925

Question,

That the Statutory Transfer of Three Trillion, Six Hundred and Forty-Five Billion, Seven Hundred and Sixty-One Million, Three Hundred and Fifty-Eight Thousand, Nine Hundred and Twenty-Five Naira (**₦3,645,761,358,925**) only for the purposes set out under Statutory Transfers do stand part of the Schedule to the 2025 Appropriation Bill, 2025 — *Agreed to.*

PART K — DEBT SERVICE

Head Debt Service

42	Domestic Debts (Including Ways and Means)	7,191,195,083,863
43	Foreign Debts	6,748,648,787,680
	Sub-Total	13,939,843,871,543

Head Sinking Fund

44	Sinking Fund to Retire Maturing Promissory Notes	377,298,818,005
	Sub-Total	377,298,818,005

Total — Debt Service**14,317,142,689,548***Question,*

That the Total Debt Service of Fourteen Trillion, Three Hundred and Seventeen Billion, One Hundred and Forty-Two Million, Six Hundred and Eighty-Nine Thousand, Five Hundred and Forty-Eight Naira (**₦14,317,142,689,548**) only for the purposes set out under Part I - Debt Service do stand part of the Schedule to the 2025 Appropriation Bill, 2025 — *Agreed to.*

PART L — RECURRENT (NON-DEBT) EXPENDITURE

Head Ministry/Department/Agency**Executive:**

45	Presidency	111,093,548,826
46	Ministry of Defence	2,491,067,693,333
47	Ministry of Foreign Affairs	286,886,614,460
48	Federal Ministry of Information and National Orientation	75,883,652,432
49	Federal Ministry of Art, Culture and Creative Economy	31,354,457,523
50	Federal Ministry of Tourism	5,240,845,124
51	Ministry of Interior	658,585,959,160
52	Office of the Head of the Civil Service of the Federation	15,678,880,227

53	Office of the Auditor General for the Federation	10,556,143,809
54	Ministry of Police Affairs	1,224,847,747,148
55	Federal Ministry of Communications, Innovation and Digital Economy	33,484,103,306
56	Office of the National Security Adviser	335,974,644,915
57	Infrastructure Concession Regulatory Commission	2,120,011,230
58	Office of the Secretary to the Government of the Federation	139,775,826,624
59	Federal Ministry of Special Duties and Inter-Governmental Affairs	8,972,842,294
60	Federal Ministry of Livestock	1,800,000,000
61	Federal Ministry of Agriculture and Food Security	155,355,615,430
62	Federal Ministry of Finance	60,400,643,704
63	Federal Ministry of Budget and Economic Planning	20,437,820,195
64	Federal Ministry of Industry, Trade and Investment	30,932,421,041
65	Federal Ministry of Labour and Employment	31,205,381,314
66	Federal Ministry of Innovation, Science and Technology	84,106,080,411
67	Federal Ministry of Transportation	32,927,434,439
68	Federal Ministry of Marine and Blue Economy	2,577,230,624
69	Federal Ministry of Aviation and Aerospace	12,919,082,532
70	Federal Ministry of Power	10,484,461,171
71	Ministry of Petroleum Resources	46,401,930,415
72	Federal Ministry of Steel Development	15,703,440,943
73	Federal Ministry of Solid Minerals Development	6,729,321,614
74	Federal Ministry of Works	45,885,596,132
75	Federal Ministry of Housing and Urban Development	9,985,770,070
76	National Salaries, Incomes and Wages Commission	2,113,448,941
77	Fiscal Responsibility Commission	1,100,162,769
78	Federal Ministry of Water Resources and Sanitation	22,752,489,825
79	Federal Ministry of Justice	80,007,433,295
80	Independent Corrupt Practices and Related Offences Commission	18,433,826,610
82	Federal Ministry of Regional Development	4,839,308,212
83	Federal Ministry of Youth	442,270,719,591
84	National Sports Commission	15,254,391,889
85	Federal Ministry of Women Affairs	5,748,071,685
86	Federal Ministry of Education	1,159,488,586,561
87	Federal Ministry of Health and Social Welfare	957,498,152,236
88	Federal Ministry of Environment	46,285,717,866
89	National Population Commission	17,934,027,515
90	Ministry of Humanitarian Affairs and Poverty Alleviation	15,573,460,928
	Sub-Total: Executive	8,788,674,998,369
	Federal Executive Bodies:	
91	Code of Conduct Bureau	6,235,304,053
92	Code of Conduct Tribunal	1,755,132,339
93	Federal Character Commission	6,408,114,303
94	Federal Civil Service Commission	2,303,038,546
95	Police Service Commission	1,965,912,104
96	Revenue Mobilization, Allocation, and Fiscal Commission	4,665,432,837
	Sub-Total: Federal Executive Bodies	23,332,934,182
	Government Owned Enterprises — Recurrent	1,909,617,780,421
	TETFund (Recurrent)	49,500,000,000
97	Pension, Gratuities and Retirees Benefits	
98	Total Allocation:	1,444,017,441,338
99	Office of the Head of Civil Service (Civilian Pension)	46,614,759,908

100	Pensions	30,793,274,135
101	Pension Running Cost	615,865,483
102	Unfunded Liabilities	10,000,000,000
103	Pension Increment Arrears — 2024	5,205,620,291
	Military Pensions and Gratuities (DMP)	383,966,663,210
104	Pensions and Gratuities	228,456,002,727
105	Expected Retirees	66,854,132,300
106	Death Benefits	35,931,960,305
107	Administrative Charges	434,049,830
108	Pension Running Cost	596,500,031
109	Medical Retirees	870,874,885
110	Arrears of Gratuities (January 2019 - December 2021)	2,795,782,893
111	Arrears of Pensions (January 2019 - December 2021)	1,863,962,589
112	Arrears of Death Benefits (January 2019 - December 2021)	2,217,738,323
113	Verification Exercise	814,000,000
114	Security Debarment Allowance (Including Arrears for 2017, 2018 and 2019)	43,131,659,328
	NHIS — Military Retirees	3,571,846,330
115	NHIS — Military Retirees — Including Arrears	3,571,846,330
116	DIA Civilian Staff Pension and Gratuities	5,434,999,446
117	Pension	644,377,871
118	Gratuity	3,850,766,411
119	Administrative Charges (Including Verification)	609,514,428
120	Arrears of Pension (Minimum Wage and Consequential Adjustment)	330,340,735
	Department of State Security	24,840,738,683
121	Pensions (Including Arrears)	21,241,990,683
122	Pension Running Cost	413,660,000
123	Verification Exercise	211,520,000
124	Arrears of Pension (Minimum Wage Adjustment August - December 2024)	821,248,000
125	Minimum Wage Adjustments for 2025	2,152,320,000
	National Intelligence Agency	20,419,974,385
126	Pensions/Dependants Benefits	11,528,823,432
127	Pension Running Cost	1,000,000,000
128	Gratuity/long Service Severance Package	4,019,599,606
129	Arrears of Pension (Minimum Wage Adjustment)	2,027,300,000
130	Arrears of Gratuity (Minimum Wage Adjustment)	1,844,251,34
	Pension Transitional Arrangement Directorate	42,718,858,00
131	Defunct Privatized Agencies Pension	631,245,316
132	Pension Increment Arrears (January - December 2024)	20,785,481,210
133	Pension Running Cost	1,484,677,229
134	Unfunded Liabilities	19,817,454,246
	Police Pensions and Gratuities	10,455,196,504
135	Pensions	8,808,353,829
136	Pension Running Cost	176,167,077
137	Pension Increment Arrears — 2024	1,470,675,599
	Customs, Immigration and Prisons Pension Office	13,845,063,323
138	Pensions	9,514,588,615
139	Pension Running Cost	190,291,772
140	Pension for Retired CGS and DCGS	2,551,301,155
141	Pension Increment Arrears - 2024	1,588,881,781

	Universities Pension Including Arrears	10,313,472,286
142	Pensions	10,313,472,286
	Parastatals Pension and Railway Pensions	43,472,254,879
143	Pensions	43,472,254,879
	NELMCO	19,816,888,983
144	NELMCO Pensions/Arrears	19,816,888,983
145	Pension Running Cost	—
	National Pension Commission (PENCOM)	804,740,911,178
147	Payment into Redemption Fund	182,149,887,249
148	Pension Protection Fund	221,541,063,603
149	Increase in Pension (2007, 2010, 2019 and 2024)	387,542,484,901
150	Benefits of Retired Professors	13,507,475,424
	Other Pensions	13,805,814,220
151	Benefits of Retired Heads of Service and Permanent Secretaries	10,505,814,220
152	Severance Benefits to Retired Heads of Government Agencies and Parastatals	1,000,000,000
153	Entitlements of Former Presidents/Heads of States and Vice Presidents/Chief of General Staff	2,300,000,000
	Other Service - Wide Votes	1,372,866,528,363
154	Payment of Outstanding Death Benefit to Civil Servants	4,266,257,523
155	Payment of Outstanding Death Benefit to Police	3,500,000,000
156	Group Life Assurance for All MDAs Including DSS/Corpers plus Administration/Monitoring	17,313,619,734
157	Insurance of FGN Sensitive Assets	12,420,122,743
158	Payment for Promotion and Salary Arrears	150,000,000,000
160	Military Operations: Lafiya Dole and Other Operations of the Armed Forces	100,000,000,000
161	Settlement of MDAs Electricity Bills Debts	15,000,000,000
162	IPPIS Capturing/Monitoring	1,000,000,000
163	Margin for Increases in Costs and Recurrent Adjustment Costs	12,000,000,000
164	Presidential Amnesty Programme: Reintegration of Transformed Ex-militants	115,000,000,000
165	Service Wide Training of Budget/planning Officers on GIFMIS Budget Preparation System (BPS) as Well as Monitoring and Evaluation of all Projects Nationwide	2,000,000,000
166	National Social Investment Programme Agency — Recurrent	200,000,000,000
167	Contingency (Recurrent)	36,000,000,000
168	International Sporting Competitions	5,000,000,000
169	TSA Operations	2,000,000,000
170	Employee Compensation Act — Employees Compensation Fund	4,000,000,000
171	Contributions to International Organizations	41,290,858,950
172	GAVI/Immunization	188,472,771,130
173	Malaria Vaccination of Infants	41,024,707,626
175	Vaccines and Devices Tracking System	2,240,000,000
176	Police Operations Fund	70,080,374,415
177	Nigeria Security and Civil Defence Corps — Special Operations Fund	15,000,000,000
178	National Poverty Reduction with Growth Strategy (FGN Commitment, including NSIP Upscaling)	100,000,000,000
179	Provision for Corp Members NHIS	5,000,000,000
180	National Social Insurance Trust Fund	71,749,561,242

181	Presidential Policy and Coordination Office	2,730,255,000
182	National Home Grown School Feeding Programme (NHGSFP)	100,000,000,000
183	Presidential Revenue Monitoring and Reconciliation Committee (Recurrent)	5,778,000,000
184	Arrears of Earned Academic Allowance (EAA): FGN - ASUU Agreement	50,000,000,000
	Total CRF Charges:	2,816,883,969,701
	Total Recurrent (Non-Debt)	13,588,009,682,673

Question,

That the Total Recurrent (Non-Debt) of Thirteen Trillion, Five Hundred Eighty-Eight Billion, Nine Million, Six Hundred Eighty-Two Thousand, Six Hundred Seventy-Three Naira (**₦13,588,009,682,673**) only for the purposes set out under Part L - Total Recurrent (Non-Debt) do stand part of the Schedule to the 2025 Appropriation Bill, 2025 — *Agreed to.*

PART M — CAPITAL EXPENDITURE

*Ministry/Department/Agency***Executive:**

185	Presidency	142,785,422,787
186	Ministry of Defence	604,917,085,118
187	Ministry of Foreign Affairs	80,193,883,536
188	Federal Ministry of Information and National Orientation	32,389,068,242
189	Federal Ministry of Art, Culture and Creative Economy	40,330,440,183
190	Federal Ministry of Tourism	5,303,644,441
191	Ministry of Interior	49,528,753,342
192	Office of the Head of the Civil Service of the Federation	13,959,151,613
193	Office of the Auditor General for the Federation	5,507,126,689
194	Ministry of Police Affairs	87,019,440,957
195	Federal Ministry of Communications, Innovation and Digital Economy	29,503,549,548
196	Office of the National Security Adviser	354,863,641,934
197	Infrastructure Concession Regulatory Commission	1,069,144,132
198	Office of the Secretary to the Government of the Federation	153,912,045,743
199	Federal Ministry of Special Duties and Inter-Governmental Affairs	6,893,016,168
200	Federal Ministry of Livestock	10,200,000,000
201	Federal Ministry of Agriculture and Food Security	1,854,618,538,722
202	Federal Ministry of Finance	892,939,392,122
203	Federal Ministry of Budget and Economic Planning	38,664,686,737
204	Federal Ministry of Industry, Trade and Investment	79,141,713,683
205	Federal Ministry of Labour and Employment	213,988,499,181
206	Federal Ministry of Innovation, Science and Technology	1,064,169,859,526
207	Federal Ministry of Transportation	267,486,720,485
208	Federal Ministry of Marine and Blue Economy	35,752,659,705
209	Federal Ministry of Aviation and Aerospace	100,275,413,833
210	Federal Ministry of Power	578,590,154,592
211	Ministry of Petroleum Resources	17,185,350,265
212	Federal Ministry of Steel Development	9,784,341,005
213	Federal Ministry of Solid Minerals Development	210,329,223,764
214	Federal Ministry of Works	2,016,398,093,503
215	Federal Ministry of Housing and Urban Development	136,177,921,821
216	National Salaries, Incomes and Wages Commission	649,185,557
217	Fiscal Responsibility Commission	761,298,893
218	Federal Ministry of Water Resources and Sanitation	547,118,497,644
219	Federal Ministry of Justice	48,650,217,843

220	Independent Corrupt Practices and Related Offences Commission	7,434,965,954
221	Federal Capital Territory Administration	229,625,035,975
222	Federal Ministry of Regional Development	24,882,409,997
223	Federal Ministry of Youth	28,853,166,624
224	National Sports Commission	97,720,614,436
225	Federal Ministry of Women Affairs	54,605,869,710
226	Federal Ministry of Education	745,481,558,706
227	Federal Ministry of Health and Social Welfare	1,064,428,785,538
228	Federal Ministry of Environment	84,128,766,906
229	National Population Commission	18,277,594,693
230	Ministry of Humanitarian Affairs and Poverty Alleviation	288,147,553,780
	Sub-Total: Executive	12,374,643,505,633

Federal Executive Bodies:

231	Code of Conduct Bureau	13,248,852,437
232	Code of Conduct Tribunal	605,608,719
233	Federal Character Commission	584,345,869
234	Federal Civil Service Commission	727,920,314
235	Police Service Commission	591,879,863
236	Revenue Mobilization, Allocation, and Fiscal Commission	916,120,895
	Sub-Total: Federal Executive Bodies	16,674,728,097

237	Government-Owned Enterprises — Capital	820,908,398,828
238	TETFund Capital	374,500,000,000

Question,

That the TETFUND Capital (MDAs) of Three Hundred Seventy-Four Billion Five Hundred Million (~~₦~~**374,500,000,000**) only for the purposes set out under Part L - Total Recurrent (Non-Debt) do stand part of the Schedule to the 2025 Appropriation Bill, 2025 — *Agreed to.*

Multilateral/Bilateral Loan Funded Projects:

239	Federal Ministry of Communications, Innovation and Digital Economy	400,629,709,813
240	Federal Ministry of Agriculture and Food Security	208,466,044,928
241	Federal Ministry of Women Affairs	62,563,851,498
242	Federal Ministry of Education	193,097,731,320
243	Federal Ministry of Environment	34,390,859,443
244	Federal Capital Territory Administration	235,369,051,391
245	Federal Ministry of Finance	235,657,196,962
246	Federal Ministry of Budget and Economic Planning	3,248,524,982
247	Federal Ministry of Health and Social Welfare	56,488,947,601
248	Ministry of Humanitarian Affairs and Poverty Alleviation	6,047,723,425
249	Ministry of Interior	400,629,709,813
250	Federal Ministry of Power	1,306,707,427,948
251	Federal Ministry of Water Resources and Sanitation	68,743,201,123
252	Federal Ministry of Works	152,241,455,205
	Total: Multilateral/Bilateral Loan Funded Projects	3,364,281,435,450

Capital Supplementation:

253	FGN Special Intervention Programme: Social Housing (Family Homes Fund)	7,000,000,000
254	Nigeria Youth Investment Fund	25,000,000,000
255	Counterpart Funding for Donor Supported Programmes, Including Global Fund	7,416,508,000
256	Payment of Local Contractors' Debts/Other Liabilities	10,955,324,281

257	Galaxy Backbone	10,000,000,000
258	IPPIS Capital — Payroll	1,500,000,000
259	OSSAP - SDGs: SDG Projects 1	67,021,087,924
260	Recapitalization of Development Finance Institutions	10,000,000,000
261	Zonal Intervention Projects	100,000,000,000
262	Federal Government Staff Housing Loans Board	2,500,000,000
263	Subscription to Shares in International Organizations	15,000,000,000
264	National Development Plans (FMBEP)	1,500,000,000
265	Contingency (Capital)	200,000,000,000
266	Aid and Grants Funded Projects	721,905,057,500
267	Presidential Enabling Business Environment Council (PEBEC)	1,000,000,000
268	Refund of Borrowed Funds from the Education Tax Pool (TETFund)	12,899,000,000
269	Transfer to HYPPADEC	3,000,000,000
270	National Poverty Reduction with Growth Strategy (FGN Commitment, including NSIP Upscaling)	150,000,000,000
271	Recapitalization of Ministry of Finance Incorporated (MOFI)	20,000,000,000
272	FGN Share of Oil Price Royalty Transferred to NSIA	386,570,896,585
273	GIFMIS Capital	15,258,825,876
274	Presidential Policy and Coordination Office	1,000,000,000
275	Presidential Committee on Health Sector Reform	500,000,000
276	National Social Investment Programme Agency	2,000,000,000
277	Consumer Credit Fund	100,000,000,000
278	Infrastructure Project Preparation Fund (FMBEP)	21,000,000,000
279	Mortgage Development/Promotion Fund	65,000,000,000
280	Student Loan Scheme	50,000,000,000
281	Office of the Presidential Adviser on Energy	1,000,000,000
282	Clean Energy Transition Initiatives: Development of Local Infrastructure, Conversion to CNG, Electric Vehicles, etc.	80,000,000,000
283	Nigeria Intelligence Agency (NIA) Hospital	208,049,108,010
284	Federal Inland Revenue Service (FIRS) Building	50,000,000,000
285	Take off Grant for Oba Sikiru Kayode Adetona School of Governance Studies (OSKASGS) — NIPSS	887,748,066
286	Presidential Revenue Monitoring and Reconciliation Committee (Capital)	280,000,000
287	SDG Projects 2	60,000,000,000
288	NASS Service Wide Vote	170,000,000,000
289	Renewed Hope Medical Relieve for HIV/TB, Malaria, PVAC: 1.3 Million HIV Patients, 400 Thousand TB Patients and 2 Million Malaria Patients for Direct Purchase and Distribution of Trucks, Test Kits and Consumables as Well as Service Delivery	200,000,000,000
290	NHIA Catastrophic Health Insurance Fund	20,000,000,000
291	Solid Minerals Sector	800,000,000,000
292	Recapitalization of the Bank of Agriculture (BOA)	1,500,000,000,000
293	Recapitalization of the Bank of Industry (BOI)	500,000,000,000
294	Light Rail: Kano	150,000,000,000
295	Light Rail: Ogun	100,000,000,000
296	Light Rail: Kaduna	100,000,000,000
297	Light Rail: Lagos	50,000,000,000
298	Border Communities Infrastructure	50,000,000,000
299	Military Barracks Accommodation	150,000,000,000
300	Military Aviation	100,000,000,000
301	Revitalization of the University System under the Renewed Hope Agenda (FGN - ASUU Agreement)	150,000,000,000
302	Public Complaints Commission	40,000,000,000
	Total Capital Supplementation:	6,488,243,556,242

Total Capital Expenditure	23,439,251,624,251
Aggregate Expenditure	54,990,165,355,396

Main Question,

That the Aggregate Expenditure of Fifty-Four Trillion, Nine Hundred and Ninety Billion, One Hundred and Sixty-Five Million, Three Hundred and Fifty-Five Thousand, Three Hundred and Ninety-Six Naira (**₦54,990,165,355,396**) only under Part M - Capital Expenditure do stand part of 2025 Appropriation Bill, 2025 — *Agreed to.*

Clause 1: Issue and appropriation of ₦54,990,165,355,396 from the Consolidated Revenue Fund for 2025.

- (1) The Accountant-General of the Federation shall, when authorised to do so by Warrants signed by the Minister charged with responsibility for finance, pay out of the Consolidated Revenue Fund of the Federation during the year ending on the 31st day of December 2025, the sums specified by the warrants, not exceeding in the aggregate **₦54,990,165,355,396** (Fifty-Four Trillion, Nine Hundred and Ninety Billion, One Hundred and Sixty-Five Million, Three Hundred and Fifty-Five Thousand, Three Hundred and Ninety-Six Naira) only, for the year ending on the 31st day of December, 2025.

First Schedule.

- (2) The amount mentioned in subsection (1) of this section shall be appropriated to heads of expenditure as indicated in the Schedule to this Bill.
- (3) No part of the amount aforesaid shall be released from the Consolidated Revenue Fund of the Federation after the end of the year mentioned in subsection (1) of this section.

Committee Recommendation:

That the provisions in Clause 1 be retained (*Hon. Abubakar Kabir Abubakar — Bichi Federal Constituency*) — *Agreed to.*

Question that Clause 1 stands part of the Bill — Agreed to.

Clause 2: Release of funds from the Consolidated Revenue Fund.

All amounts appropriated under this Bill shall be released from the Consolidated Revenue Fund of the Federation only for the purpose specified in the Schedule to this Bill.

Committee Recommendation:

That the provision in Clause 1 be retained (*Hon. Abubakar Kabir Abubakar — Bichi Federal Constituency*) — *Agreed to.*

Question that Clause 2 stands part of the Bill — Agreed to.

Clause 3: Virement.

In the event that the implementation of any of the projects intended to be undertaken under this Bill cannot be completed without virement, such virement shall only be effected with the prior approval of the National Assembly.

Committee Recommendation:

That the provision in Clause 1 be retained (*Hon. Abubakar Kabir Abubakar — Bichi Federal Constituency*) — *Agreed to.*

Question that Clause 3 stands part of the Bill — Agreed to.

Clause 4: Corrigendum.

Any error in the schedule to this Bill that may hinder the implementation of projects and programs in Ministries, Departments and Agencies may be corrected through a corrigendum issued by the National Assembly: in any of the following circumstances:

- (a) if the total sum of the project or program is not affected;
- (b) where the projects or programs are domiciled in Ministries, Departments and Agencies that lack jurisdiction to execute such projects;
- (c) where the execution of projects or programs by Ministries, Departments and Agencies are overtaken by event; and
- (d) where projects are wrongly costed, sited or posted to Ministries, Departments or Agencies.

Committee Recommendation:

That the provisions in Clause 1 be retained (*Hon. Abubakar Kabir Abubakar — Bichi Federal Constituency*) — **Agreed to.**

Question that Clause 4 stands part of the Bill — Agreed to.

Clause 5: Excess Revenue.

- (1) The Accountant-General of the Federation shall immediately upon the coming into force of this Bill maintain a separate record for the documentation of Revenue accruing to the Consolidated Revenue Fund in excess of oil price benchmark adopted in this Budget.
- (2) Such revenues as specified in Sub-section (1) of this section refers to Revenues accruing from sales of government crude oil in excess of the approved benchmark price per barrel, the Petroleum Profit Tax and Royalty on Oil and Gas

Committee Recommendation:

That the provisions in Clause 5 be retained (*Hon. Abubakar Kabir Abubakar — Bichi Federal Constituency*) — **Agreed to.**

Question that Clause 5 stands part of the Bill — Agreed to.

Clause 6: Authorization.

- (1) No funds shall be paid out of the monies arising from the record specified in Section 5 (1) except by an Act/approval of the National Assembly.
- (2) The Accountant-General of the Federation shall forward to the National Assembly full details of funds released to the government Agencies immediately such funds are released.

Committee Recommendation:

That the provisions in Clause 1 be retained (*Hon. Abubakar Kabir Abubakar — Bichi Federal Constituency*) — **Agreed to.**

Question that Clause 6 stands part of the Bill — Agreed to.

Clause 7: Information on Funds Releases.

The Minister of Finance shall ensure that funds appropriated under this Act are released to the appropriate agencies and or organs of government as and when due, provided that no funds for any quarter of the fiscal year shall be deferred without prior waiver from the National Assembly.

Committee Recommendation:

That the provision in Clause 7 be retained (*Hon. Abubakar Kabir Abubakar — Bichi Federal Constituency*) — ***Agreed to.***

Question that Clause 7 stands part of the Bill — Agreed to.

Clause 8: "Due Process Certification."

The department of government charged with the responsibility of certifying that due processes have been complied with in the processing of implementation of projects shall ensure that all processes of approval are completed within the specified period as provided for in the Public Procurement Act.

Committee Recommendation:

That the provision in Clause 8 be retained (*Hon. Abubakar Kabir Abubakar — Bichi Federal Constituency*) — ***Agreed to.***

Question that Clause 8 stands part of the Bill — Agreed to.

Clause 9: "Information on internally generated revenue, domestic and foreign assistance."

All Accounting Officers of Ministries, Parastatals and Departments of Government who control heads of expenditures shall upon the coming into effect of this Bill furnish the National Assembly on quarterly basis with detailed information on —

- (a) the Internally Generated Revenue of the agency in any form; and
- (b) all foreign and domestic assistance received from any agency, person or organisation in any form.

Committee Recommendation:

That the provisions in Clause 9 be retained (*Hon. Abubakar Kabir Abubakar — Bichi Federal Constituency*) — ***Agreed to.***

Question that Clause 9 stands part of the Bill — Agreed to.

Clause 10: Power of Nigerian Embassies and Missions.

The Missions and Embassies shall constitute their Tender Board as in a Parastatal's Tenders Board (PTB) within the requisite threshold in compliance with the extant Executive Circular and the Provisions of the Public Procurement Act.

Committee Recommendation:

That the provision in Clause 10 be retained (*Hon. Abubakar Kabir Abubakar — Bichi Federal Constituency*) — ***Agreed to.***

Question that Clause 10 stands part of the Bill — Agreed to.

Clause 11: Detailed estimate.

The detailed estimates of expenditure are set out in the Second Schedule to this Bill.

Committee Recommendation:

That the provision in Clause 11 be retained (*Hon. Abubakar Kabir Abubakar — Bichi Federal*

Constituency) — Agreed to.

Question that Clause 11 stands part of the Bill — Agreed to.

Clause 12: "Expiry Constitution, 1999."

In line with the provisions of section 318 of the Constitution of the Federal Republic of Nigeria, this Bill expires after 12 months, starting from 1st day of January to 31st day of December, 2025 when assented to.

Committee Recommendation:

That the provision in Clause 12 be retained (*Hon. Abubakar Kabir Abubakar — Bichi Federal Constituency*) — ***Agreed to.***

Question that Clause 12 stands part of the Bill — Agreed to.

Clause 13: Short Title.

This Bill may be cited as the Appropriation Bill, 2025.

Committee Recommendation:

That the provision in Clause 13 be retained (*Hon. Abubakar Kabir Abubakar — Bichi Federal Constituency*) — ***Agreed to.***

Question that Clause 13 stands part of the Bill — Agreed to.

Explanatory Memorandum;

A Bill for an Act to Authorise the Issue from the Consolidated Revenue Fund of the Federation the total Sum of ₦54,990,165,355,396 (Fifty-Four Trillion, Nine Hundred and Ninety Billion, One Hundred and Sixty-Five Million, Three Hundred and Fifty-Five Thousand, Three Hundred and Ninety-Six Naira) only, of which ₦3,645,761,358,925 (Three Trillion, Six Hundred and Forty-Five Billion, Seven Hundred and Sixty-One Million, Three Hundred and Fifty-Eight Thousand, Nine Hundred and Twenty-Five Naira) only, is for Statutory Transfers, ₦14,317,142,689,548 (Fourteen Trillion, Three Hundred and Seventeen Billion, One Hundred and Forty-Two Million, Six Hundred and Eighty-Nine Thousand, Five Hundred and Forty-Eight Naira) only, is for Debt Service, ₦13,588,009,682,673 (Thirteen Trillion, Five Hundred and Eighty-Eight Billion, Nine Million, Six Hundred and Eighty-Two Thousand, Six Hundred and Seventy-Three Naira) only, is for Recurrent (Non-Debt) Expenditure while the sum of ₦23,439,251,624,250 (Twenty-Three Trillion, Four Hundred and Thirty-Nine Billion, Two Hundred and Fifty-One Million, Six Hundred and Twenty-Four Thousand, Two Hundred and Fifty Naira) only, is for contribution to the Development Fund for Capital Expenditure for the year ending on the 31st day of December, 2025 (*Hon. Abubakar Kabir Abubakar — Bichi Federal Constituency*) — ***Agreed to.***

Long Title:

A Bill for an Act to Authorise the Issue from the Consolidated Revenue Fund of the Federation the total Sum of ₦54,990,165,355,396 (Fifty-Four Trillion, Nine Hundred and Ninety Billion, One Hundred and Sixty-Five Million, Three Hundred and Fifty-Five Thousand, Three Hundred and Ninety-Six Naira) only, of which ₦3,645,761,358,925 (Three Trillion, Six Hundred and Forty-Five Billion, Seven Hundred and Sixty-One Million, Three Hundred and Fifty-Eight Thousand, Nine Hundred and Twenty-Five Naira) only, is for Statutory Transfers, ₦14,317,142,689,548 (Fourteen Trillion, Three Hundred and Seventeen Billion, One Hundred and Forty-Two Million, Six Hundred and Eighty-Nine Thousand, Five Hundred and Forty-Eight Naira) only, is for Debt Service, ₦13,588,009,682,673 (Thirteen Trillion, Five Hundred and Eighty-Eight Billion, Nine Million, Six Hundred and Eighty-Two Thousand, Six Hundred and Seventy-Three Naira) only, is for Recurrent (Non-Debt) Expenditure while the sum of ₦23,439,251,624,250 (Twenty-Three Trillion, Four Hundred and Thirty-Nine Billion, Two Hundred and Fifty-One Million, Six Hundred and Twenty-Four Thousand, Two Hundred and Fifty Naira) only, is for contribution to the Development Fund for Capital Expenditure for the year ending on the 31st day of December, 2025 (*Hon. Abubakar*

Kabir Abubakar — Bichi Federal Constituency) — Agreed to.

Chairman to report Bill.

(HOUSE IN PLENARY)

Mr Speaker in the Chair, reported that the House in Committee of Supply considered the Report of the Committee on Appropriations on a Bill for an Act to Authorise the Issue from the Consolidated Revenue Fund of the Federation the Total Sum of ₦54,990,165,355,396 (Fifty-four Trillion, Nine Hundred and Ninety Billion, One Hundred and Sixty-five Million, Three Hundred and Fifty-five Thousand, Three Hundred and Ninety-six Naira) only, of which ₦3,645,761,358,925 (Three Trillion, Six Hundred and Forty-five Billion, Seven Hundred and Sixty-one Million, Three Hundred and Fifty-eight Thousand, Nine Hundred and Twenty-five Naira) only, is for Statutory Transfers, ₦14,317,142,689,548 (Fourteen Trillion, Three Hundred and Seventeen Billion, One Hundred and Forty-two Million, Six Hundred and Eighty-nine Thousand, Five Hundred and Forty-eight Naira) only, is for Debt Service, ₦13,588,009,682,673 (Thirteen Trillion, Five Hundred and Eighty-eight Billion, Nine Million, Six Hundred and Eighty-two Thousand, Six Hundred and Seventy-three Naira) only, is for Recurrent (Non-debt) Expenditure while the Sum of ₦23,439,251,624,250 (Twenty-three Trillion, Four Hundred and Thirty-nine Billion, Two Hundred and Fifty-one Million, Six Hundred and Twenty-four Thousand, Two Hundred and Fifty Naira) only, is for Contribution to the Development Fund for Capital Expenditure for the Year Ending on the 31 December, 2025 and approved the Schedule, the Explanatory Memorandum and the Long Title of the Bill.

Question that the House do adopt the Report of the Committee of Supply — Agreed to.

20. **A Bill for an Act to Authorise the Issue from the Consolidated Revenue Fund of the Federation the Total Sum of ₦54,990,165,355,396 (Fifty-four Trillion, Nine Hundred and Ninety Billion, One Hundred and Sixty-five Million, Three Hundred and Fifty-five Thousand, Three Hundred and Ninety-six Naira) only, of which ₦3,645,761,358,925 (Three Trillion, Six Hundred and Forty-five Billion, Seven Hundred and Sixty-one Million, Three Hundred and Fifty-eight Thousand, Nine Hundred and Twenty-five Naira) only, is for Statutory Transfers, ₦14,317,142,689,548 (Fourteen Trillion, Three Hundred and Seventeen Billion, One Hundred and Forty-two Million, Six Hundred and Eighty-nine Thousand, Five Hundred and Forty-eight Naira) only, is for Debt Service, ₦13,588,009,682,673 (Thirteen Trillion, Five Hundred and Eighty-eight Billion, Nine Million, Six Hundred and Eighty-two Thousand, Six Hundred and Seventy-three Naira) only, is for Recurrent (Non-Debt) Expenditure while the Sum of ₦23,439,251,624,250 (Twenty-three Trillion, Four Hundred and Thirty-nine Billion, Two Hundred and Fifty-one Million, Six Hundred and Twenty-four Thousand, Two Hundred and Fifty Naira) only, is for Contribution to the Development Fund for Capital Expenditure for the Year Ending on the 31 December, 2025 (HB. 2021) — Third Reading**
- Motion made and Question proposed, “That a Bill for an Act to Authorise the Issue from the Consolidated Revenue Fund of the Federation the Total Sum of ₦54,990,165,355,396 (Fifty-four Trillion, Nine Hundred and Ninety Billion, One Hundred and Sixty-five Million, Three Hundred and Fifty-five Thousand, Three Hundred and Ninety-six Naira) only, of which ₦3,645,761,358,925 (Three Trillion, Six Hundred and Forty-five Billion, Seven Hundred and Sixty-one Million, Three Hundred and Fifty-eight Thousand, Nine Hundred and Twenty-five Naira) only, is for Statutory Transfers, ₦14,317,142,689,548 (Fourteen Trillion, Three Hundred and Seventeen Billion, One Hundred and Forty-two Million, Six Hundred and Eighty-nine Thousand, Five Hundred and Forty-eight Naira) only, is for Debt Service, ₦13,588,009,682,673 (Thirteen Trillion, Five Hundred and Eighty-eight Billion, Nine Million, Six Hundred and Eighty-two Thousand, Six Hundred and Seventy-three Naira) only, is for Recurrent (Non-Debt) Expenditure while the Sum of ₦23,439,251,624,250 (Twenty-three Trillion, Four Hundred and Thirty-nine Billion, Two Hundred and Fifty-one Million, Six Hundred and Twenty-four Thousand, Two Hundred and Fifty Naira) only, is for Contribution to the Development Fund for Capital Expenditure for the Year Ending on the 31 December, 2025 (HB. 2021) be now read the Third Time” (Hon. Abdullahi Ibrahim Ali — Deputy House Leader).*

Agreed to.

Bill read the Third Time and passed.

21. Adjournment of First Sitting

That the House do adjourn the First Sitting till 2.00 p.m. (Hon. Abdullahi Ibrahim Ali — Deputy House Leader).

The House adjourned accordingly at 1.40 p.m.

Abbas Tajudeen
Speaker