FOURTH REPUBLIC 9TH NATIONAL ASSEMBLY (2019–2023) THIRD SESSION No. 102



HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF NIGERIA ORDER PAPER

Thursday 27 January 2022

- 1. Prayers
- 2. National Pledge
- 3. Approval of the Votes and Proceedings
- 4. Oaths
- 5. Messages from the President of the Federal Republic of Nigeria (if any)
- 6. Messages by the Senate of the Federal Republic of Nigeria (if any)
- 7. Messages from Other Parliament(s) (if any)
- 8. Other Announcements (if any)
- 9. Petitions (if any)
- 10. Matters of Urgent Public Importance
- 11. Personal Explanation

PRESENTATION OF BILLS

- 1. Constitution of the Federal Republic of Nigeria, 1999 (Alteration) Bill, 2022 (HB. 1821) (Hon. Adewunmi Oriyomi Onanuga) First Reading.
- 2. National Council on Special Education Needs (Establishment) Bill, 2022(HB. 1822) (Hon. Ahmed Munir) First Reading.
- **3.** National Health Fund Bill, 2022(HB. 1823) (Hon. Usman Danjuma Shiddi) First Reading.

ORDERS OF THE DAY

BILLS

- **1.** A Bill for an Act to Establish Federal Medical Centre, Rigasa, Kaduna State; and for Related Matters (HB. 1726) (*Senate*) *Second Reading*.
- 2. A Bill for an Act to Establish Federal College of Agriculture, Tureta, Sokoto State to Provide Full –Time Courses leading to the Award of Diploma, Higher National Diploma in Agriculture and Allied Fields and be responsible for the Due Administration of the College; and for Related Matters (HB. 1723) (Hon. Balarabe Shehu Kakale) Second Reading.

- 3. A Bill for an Act to Establish Federal University of Medical and Health Science, Ondo, Ondo State for Training and Research in the field of Medical and Health Sciences in Nigeria; and for Related Matters (HB. 1770) (Hon. Abiola Peter Makinde) Second Reading.
- **4.** A Bill for an Act to Provide for Establishment of Federal Medical Centre, Koko, Delta State; and for Related Matters (HB. 1122) (*Hon. Thomas Ereyitomi*) *Second Reading*.
- 5. A Bill for an Act to Establish Federal University of Agriculture, Oregbeni, Ikpoba-Okha, Edo State to make Comprehensive Provisions for Its Due Management; and for Related Matters (HB. 1698) (*Hon. Jude Ise-Idehen*) *Second Reading*.
- A Bill for an Act to Establish Federal College of Land Resources Technology, Rabah, Sokoto State to Provide Full–Time Courses, Teaching, Instruction and Training in Environmental Sciences, Agricultural Technology, Natural Sciences, Agronomy and Extension; and for Related Matters (HB.427) (Hon. Ibrahim Almustapha Aliyu) Second Reading.

MOTIONS

7. Need to Ascertain the Actual Daily Consumption of Premium Motor Spirit (PMS) in Nigeria. Hon. Abubakar Hassan Fulata: The House:

Notes the concerns of Nigerians over the re-occurring incidence of fuel scarcity;

Concerned about the huge sums of money being paid as subsidies and the controversies it has been generating;

Worried that it may not be possible to ascertain the actual sums of subsidy required and being paid without accurate data of the daily consumption of Premium Motor Spirit in Nigeria;

Acknowledges that when such data is generated, it will enhance effective planning, supply and distribution of the said product to Nigerians;

Resolves to:

Set up an *Ad-hoc* Committee to investigate the actual daily consumption of premium motor spirit in Nigeria and report back within eight (8) weeks for further legislative action.

8. Need to Ascertain the Actual Cost of Rehabilitation of Nigerian Refineries. Hon. Abubakar Hassan Fulata: The House:

Notes the non-functionality and deplorable state of the nation's Refineries;

Also notes that several billions of dollars of taxpayer's money have been expended into the Turn Around Maintenance and Rehabilitation of the nation's Refineries without any productive outcome;

Observes that past government efforts have been sabotaged by variation costs from partners or lack of proper project costing and analysis;

Cognizant of the government's intention to commence another phase of rehabilitation of the refineries and if proper steps are not taken, the country may be plunged into repeating past mistakes;

Resolves to:

Set up an *Ad-hoc* Committee to ascertain the actual cost of rehabilitating the Nigerian Refineries and report back within six (6) weeks for further legislative action.

9. Need to Address Devastating Gully Erosion at the University of Benin and the Surrounding Communities:

Hon. Dennis Idahosa:

The House:

Notes that over the years, gully erosion has been causing severe damages to the Infrastructure and Ecological environment at the University of Benin and its adjoining Communities;

Also notes that the erosion has cut off the University from its host Communities, making life unbearable for staff and students, including Iquo-Hana, Iguo-Efosa, Utah, and other adjoining Communities;

Aware that alternative routes to the University and surrounding communities have also been cut off, thus preventing students living outside the school campus from having access to the University;

Recalls that contract for the erosion control was awarded by the Niger Delta Development Commission (NDDC) in 2012, but the project is yet to be completed;

Worried that the situation has crippled economic activities of residents of the affected communities and their means of livelihood, thereby causing untold hardships while some staff and students have been rendered homeless;

Concerned that the erosion had halted the ongoing construction of Ekosodin road which links the area to the New Lagos-Benin Expressway;

Cognizant that if urgent action is not taken to address the problem, the University and the surrounding communities might be cut off completely from other parts of Edo State;

Resolves to:

- (i) Urge the Federal Ministry of Works and Housing and the Federal Roads Maintenance Agency (FERMA) to commence remedial work in the affected Communities to restore access to the University of Benin and other parts of Edo State;
- (ii) also urge the Ecological Fund Office and the Nigeria Erosion and Watershed Management Project (NEWMAP) to urgently collaborate to seek a permanent solution to the erosion menace facing the University of Benin and surrounding Communities by funding and constructing alternative routes to the university;
- (iii) mandate the Committee on Niger Delta Development Commission (NDDC) to investigate the noncompletion of the contract awarded by the NDDC in 2012 to tackle the gully erosion;
- (iv) also mandate the Committees on Works, FERMA, Ecological Fund, NDDC and Legislative Compliance to ensure implementation.

10. Urgent Need to Complete Calabar/Ikoneto Road: Hon. Eta Mbora:

The House:

Notes that a good road network is vital to the development of every community as it facilitates movement of goods and services within States in Nigeria;

Also notes that the contract for the construction of Calabar-Ikoneto road section (i) Ikoneto (channel 0+000) Adiabo bridge (channel 22+700) was awarded to Transporters and Utilities Construction Company Limited

(TUCC) with contract number 3517 A, but was later terminated at a percentage completion of 30% on 3 January 2002 due to poor performance by the contractor;

Also notes that the length of the Calabar-Creek Town, Ikoneto road section (i) and (ii) is about 33.8 km, while the section (ii) which is the Adiabo bridge (over Calabar river) channel 22+700 to Tinapa junction in Calabar is about (6.10km) which had been completed and in partial use from Ikoneto to Adiabo bridge which is about (27+7km) long traversing through the swamps of Calabar river flood plains and terminating at the west bank of the river is left unattended to because of the termination of the contract in 2002;

Aware that the completion of the road would boost tourism by providing easy access to the old home of tourist attraction and the church of the famous Scottish Missionary Mary Slessor with an alternative route to Akwa Ibom State from Calabar through section (v) of the proposed East-West road (Oron to Calabar);

Worried that section (i) of the road which had been completed from the bridge at Adiabo town over Calabar river is currently depreciating and of little or no economic value to the people and government cannot reap full economic benefits of the huge investments already invested as the road is neither linked to Calabar the state capital nor linked to Oron in Akwa Ibom State;

Resolves to:

- (i) Urge the Federal Ministry of Works and Housing to review the termination of the contract and reaward such contract to a reputable firm for completion;
- (ii) mandate the Committees on Works and Legislative Compliance to liaise with the Federal Ministry of Works to ensure adequate budgetary provision for completion of the road in the 2023 budget estimates.

11. Need to Establish a Divisional Police Station in Akunnu Akoko in Akoko North-East Local Government Area of Ondo State: Hon. OlubunmiTunji-Ojo:

The House:

Notes that there is only one police Divisional Station in Akoko North-East under which Akunnu Akoko is located;

Also notes that the distance from Oke Igbede in Ikare where the Divisional Police station is located to Akunnu is very far, making proper coordination of policing in the area ineffective;

Concerned that Akunnu is bedevilled with incidences of kidnapping and other criminal activities associated with border communities;

Worried that the community has resorted to self-help by encouraging the youths to go after the kidnappers in the forests with bare hands due to inadequate security personnel in the area;

Cognizant that the neighbouring local Government, Akoko North West has three Divisional Police Stations whereas Akoko North East in which Akunnu is located has only one Divisional Police Station located at Igbede in Ikare Akoko;

Resolves to:

- (i) Urge the Federal Ministry of Police Affairs and the Nigeria Police Force to establish a divisional police station in Akunnu Akoko in Akoko North East/West Federal Constituency of Ondo State;
- (ii) mandate the Committee on Police Affairs to ensure compliance.

12. Need to Expand Major Airport Across the Country to Accommodate the Upsurge of Passengers and Avert Delays:

Hon. Dozie Ferdinand Nwankwo:

The House:

Notes that recently, most Nigerian airports have become congested due to several factors which include more persons choosing air travel, flight delays by airline operators, inadequate and malfunctioning x-ray machines, multiple checks for security and COVID–19 protocol, inadequate check-in counters, waiting for halls, boarding gates, as well as parking/manoeuvring constraints;

Also notes that the recent rehabilitation in some airports did not provide the desired expansion, hence the urgent for expansion of the major airports which handle voluminous travellers;

Concerned that with the congestion, the airports have become uncomfortable as the halls are overstretched with passengers waiting for clearing of their luggage or waiting to board their flights and may attempt, out of frustration, to breach security procedures, thus putting others at risk, especially considering that such congestions are at variance with the provisions of NCDC in averting the spread of COVID–19;

Also concerned that the congestions have resulted in the loss of man-hours by passengers and their relatives who are at the airports either to receive or see off their relatives.

Worried that the situation adversely affects the aviation industry as people can no longer effectively execute their travel plans due to the delays that arise from the congestion at the airports;

Cognizant that airports ought to be modernized and managed like business enterprises with development of infrastructure to cater for population and traffic growth;

Resolves to:

- (i) Urge the Ministry of Aviation to quickly consider expansion of major airports across the country to accommodate the upsurge in the population of air travellers;
- (ii) also urge the Federal Ministry of Aviation, the Federal Airports Authority of Nigeria (FAAN), and the Nigeria Airspace Management Agency (NAMA) to address all issues causing unnecessary delays and inconveniences at the major airports and ensure hitch-free flight operations across the country;
- (iii) mandate the Committee on Aviation to ensure compliance.

13. Need to Curb the Incessant Killings, Kidnappings, Burning of Properties in Billiri Local Government of Gombe State:

Hon. Victor Mela:

The House:

Notes that the recent illegal acts of herdsmen/bandits have ravaged numerous communities across the country ranging from killings, kidnappings, rape, burning of agricultural products which have resulted in the deaths of residents and loss of unquantifiable properties;

Also notes the ongoing systematic, carefully planned and executed annihilation of peace-loving people in Eleven villages of Kalmai, Baganje, Tanglang, Tal, and Todi Districts of Billiri Local Government Area of Gombe State by the bandits, an outlawed group;

Aware that the initial attack on those settlements was reported on December 6, 2021, and subsequent attacks were recorded on 12, 17, 27 and 29 December 2021 and January 20, 2022, respectively resulting in the death of 15 people, 20 people injured, 3 people kidnapped and properties worth millions of naira destroyed by fire thus rendering elderly, women, and children homeless;

Commend the Governor of Gombe State, His Excellency Alhaji Mohammadu Inuwa Yahaya for the prompt intervention when the communities were attacked by bandits;

Worried about the leaked intelligence report dated 17 December 2021 addressed to the Gombe State Commandant of the Nigerian Security and Civil Defence Corps (NSCDC), which had warned on the impending attacks on Billiri Local Government and unfortunately two weeks after the leaked intelligence report, innocent people of Billiri were attracted by bandits;

Cognizant of roles as representatives of the people to rise to the occasion and condemn the acts of dehumanizing treatment meted on innocent citizens;

Also worried that since the heinous criminal act, no culprit has been arrested nor the sponsors of the bandits traced, creating a hopeless situation for the people of Billiri/Balanga Federal constituency;

Also cognizant of the need to ensure all resolutions passed on insecurity are fully and speedily implemented; Resolves to:

- (i) Observes a minute silence for the departed souls;
- (ii) Urge the National Emergency Management Agency (N EMA) and the North East Development Commission (NEDC) to, as a matter of utmost urgency, provide relief materials to the affected communities to ameliorate their sufferings;
- (iii) also urge the Inspector General of Police to swiftly look into the possibility of establishing a Divisional Police Station in Tal District;
- (iv) mandate the Committee on Interior to investigate the authenticity of the leaked intelligence report and the steps taken by the Gombe State NSCDC Command;
- (v) also mandate the Committees on Internally Displaced Persons and Refugees, Emergency and Disaster Preparedness, North East Development Commission and Police Affairs to ensure compliance.

14. Call on the Central Bank of Nigeria to Suspend the Implementation of the new Guidelines on the Introduction of E-Evaluator, E-Invoicing for Imports and Exports Businesses in Nigeria: Hon. Leke Abejide:

The House:

Notes that on 21, January 2022, the Central Bank of Nigeria issued a circular on guidelines on imports and exports businesses in Nigeria, with reference number TED/FEM/FPC/PUB/01/001 to take effect from1, February 2022, 10 days after the issuance of the guidelines;

Also notes that sudden monetary/fiscal circular hurriedly or half-hazard implemented often leads to policy summersault hence major Policy change such as this a grace period of 90 days is usually expected for transactions to run its full course to avoid distortion in the economy and also to avoid price distortions of trade;

Worried that the Central Bank of Nigeria (CBN) has gradually deviated from its primary function of monetary policy measures and bankers to government and concentrating more on fiscal policy measure which is the function of the Federal Ministry of Finance;

Concerned if the guidelines are not given adequate time to sensitize and acquaint the major ports of entry in the country for stakeholders and the general public to study the policy it will distort prices of goods and services and create logjams for imports and exports, delay transactions and consequently cause ports congestion;

Recalls in 2020 the immediate implementation of FORM NXP as a mandatory statutory document required to be completed by all exporters for shipment of goods outside the country resulted in crisis as most exporters contracts were cancelled by their foreign buyers' due to network issues and configuration of its portal which takes more than two to three weeks to resolve thus leading to massive financial loss by exporters;

Worried that importers and exporters in the manufacturing, mining and trading sectors would be affected because as the exceptions indicate that all exporters and importers with a cumulative invoicing value equal to or above \$500,000 or its equivalent in foreign currency would be affected which is practically impossible to have anyone below this value cumulatively;

Disturbed that some issues in the guidelines are contradictory for instance, guidelines (c) and (d) contradict each other, while guideline (c) states that no importer/exporter may effect payment to the credit of any foreign supplier unless the electronic invoice has been authenticated by Authorised Dealer's Banks presented together with the relevant documents for payment, but guideline (d) states that the content of the electronic invoice authenticated by Authorised Dealer Banks is only advisory for the Nigeria Customs Service (NCS);

Resolves to:

- (i) Urge the Central Bank of Nigeria to suspends the policy with immediate effect to enable adequate sensitization on the workability of the policy in all major Ports of entry including Sea Ports, Airports, and Border Stations;
- (ii) invite the Governor of Central Bank of Nigeria (CBN) to brief the Committee on Customs and Excise with the assurances that the target revenue of N3.1 Trillion given to the Nigeria Customs Service by the Federal Government of Nigeria (which the NCS announced to the media that they are targeting N4.2 Trillion) will not be distorted by this sudden policy implementation;
- (iii) also urge the Central Bank of Nigeria to give 90 days' timeline for subsequent new Fiscal/Monetary policy implementation to allow for adjustment in order to stabilize the economy.

15. Need for Federal Government's Intervention in the Crisis between Ichen and Chamb-Dakka in Kurmi Local Government Area of Taraba State: Hon. David Abel Fuoh:

The House:

Notes that according to reports, eight people were allegedly killed and properties worth millions of Naira destroyed with over three thousand people displaced in Bisaula and Gwanda communities following the communal clash between Ichen and Chamb-Dakka people of Kurmi Local Government Area of Taraba State;

Also notes that the crisis started in December 2021 when the Ndaka people attempted to install another village head in Bisaula and were resisted by the Ichen people who claimed to be the original inhabitants of the area;

Aware that the state government, in collaboration with the stakeholders of the affected communities took some steps to restore peace in the area but despite the efforts, there is still tension in the affected communities;

Concerned that the communal clashes have resulted in the displacement of millions of the people who are currently taking refuge in Baissa, Didan, Sabon Gida Tukura, as they lack adequate resources to cater for the refugees from neighbouring states as well as those from Cameroun;

Also concerned that Taraba State is overwhelmingly overstretched as it is currently camping over 250,000 Internally Displaced victims of attacks and killings by armed bandits and militants from the neighbouring states;

Worried that if the Federal Government fails to intervene, the crisis in Kurmi Local Government Area may escalate despite efforts of the State Government;

Also worried that despite the hardship experienced by the displaced people camped at Bisaula in Kurmi Local Government Area of Taraba State, humanitarian and security agencies have not done enough to ameliorate their plight;

Resolves to:

(i) Call on the Federal Government to put an effective mechanism in place towards preventing the reoccurrence of the communal clash between the two ethnic groups.

- (ii) urge the Federal Ministry of Humanitarian Affairs, Disaster Management and Social Development and the National Emergency Management Agency (NEMA) as well as other humanitarian agencies to establish more refugee camps in Kurmi Local Government Area of Taraba State;
- (iii) also urge the Federal Ministry of Humanitarian Affairs Disaster Management and Social Development, as well as National Emergency Management Agency (NEMA) and other humanitarian agencies to deploy relief materials to the displaced persons and victims of the communal crisis;
- (iv) mandate the Committee on Emergency and Disaster Preparedness to ensure compliance.

COMMITTEE MEETINGS				
S/N	Committee(s)	Date	Time	Venue
1.	Rules and Business	Thursday, 27 January 2022	3.00 p.m.	Committee Room 06 (White House) Assembly Complex
2.	Public Petitions (Investigative Hearing)	Thursday, 27 January 2022	3.00 p.m.	Committee Room 429 (New Building) Assembly Complex
3.	Special Ad-hoc Committee on the Review of the 1999 Constitution	Thursday, 27 January 2022	3.00 p.m.	Committee Room 028 (New Building) Assembly Complex
4.	Foreign Affairs	Thursday, 27 January 2022	3.00 p.m.	Committee Room 201 (New Building) Assembly Complex
5.	Ad-hoc Committee on NNPC Assets and Liabilities (Median Meeting)	Thursday, 27 January 2022	3.00 p.m.	Committee Room 244 (New Building) Assembly Complex