



# HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF NIGERIA

## ORDER PAPER

Tuesday 21 September 2021

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1. Prayers
  2. National Pledge
  3. Approval of the Votes and Proceedings
  4. Oaths
  5. Messages from the President of the Federal Republic of Nigeria (if any)
  6. Messages from the Senate of the Federal Republic of Nigeria (if any)
  7. Messages from Other Parliament(s) (if any)
  8. Other Announcements (if any)
  9. Petitions (if any)
  10. Matters of Urgent Public Importance
  11. Personal Explanation
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### PRESENTATION OF BILLS

1. National Agency for Food and Drug Administration and Control Act (Amendment) Bill, 2021 (HB. 1598) (*Hon. Francis Ejiroghene Waive*) – *First Reading*.
2. Federal Medical Centre, Abuja (Establishment) Bill, 2021 (HB. 1599) (*Hon. Francis Ejiroghene Waive*) – *First Reading*.
3. Federal Medical Centre, Okigwe (Establishment) Bill, 2021 (HB. 1603) (*Hon. Miriam Onuoha*) – *First Reading*.
4. Federal University of Health, Sciences and Technology, Enugu (Establishment) Bill, 2021 (HB. 1604) (*Hon. Okechukwu Toby*) – *First Reading*.

## PRESENTATION OF REPORTS

1. **Committee on Finance:**  
**Hon. James Abiodun Faleke:**  
“That the House do receive the Report of the Committee on Finance on the 2022–2024 Medium Term Expenditure Frame Work and Fiscal Strategy Paper (MTEF/FSP) (*Referred:8/7/2021*).
2. **Committee on Health Institutions:**  
**Hon. paschal Obi:**  
“That the House do receive the Report of the Committee on Health Institutions on a Bill for an Act to Provide the Legal Framework to Establish Federal Medical Centre, Fufu, Kwara State, to provide for the Manner of Running the Hospital, including Establishment Board of Management, Chief Medical Director and other Staff and to Provide for Discipline of Staff and for Related Matters (H.B. 530) (*Referred: 17/12/2020*).
3. **Committee on Public Petitions:**  
**Report on the Petition on behalf of Anselem Nwachukwu of Nigerian Police Force Number, 164574:**  
**Hon. Jerry Alagbaoso:**  
“That the House do receive the Report of the Committee on Public Petitions on the petition on behalf of Anselem Nwachukwu of Nigerian Police Force Number, 164574 against the Nigeria Police Force on the Unlawful Dismissal from the Service on (*Referred:5/12/2019*).
4. **Committee on Public Petitions:**  
**Report on the Petition by Onoriode Odjegba, Managing Director, Eurafri Energy Limited:**  
**Hon. Jerry Alagbaoso:**  
“That the House do receive the Report of the Committee on Public Petitions on the petition by Onoriode Odjegba, Managing Director, Eurafri Energy Limited against the Hon. Minister of State Petroleum and Director, Department of Petroleum Resources and Petral on Energy Limited on Dawis Island Marginal Field and the Revocation of their Field Licence on April 2020 for Failure to bring field into Production (*Referred:8/6/2021*).
5. **Committee on Public Petitions:**  
**Report on the Petition by Akindele Ebenezer Adebisi and 12 Others:**  
**Hon. Jerry Alagbaoso:**  
“That the House do receive the Report of the Committee on Public Petitions on the petition by Akindele Ebenezer Adebisi and 12 others against the Standard Insurance Plc for Re-Financial Impropriety by the Insurance Company (*Referred:13/2/2020*).
6. **Committee on Public Petitions:**  
**Report on the Petition by P.T.E Titus Onwumiri:**  
**Hon. Jerry Alagbaoso:**  
“That the House do receive the Report of the Committee on Public Petitions on the petition by P.T.E Titus Onwumiri against the Nigerian Army on the Non-payment of Salary since March 2001- to date and Unlawful Discharge from Service (*Referred:12/12/2019*).

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## ORDERS OF THE DAY

### BILLS

1. **Consolidation of Bills**
  - (a) A Bill for an Act to Alter the Constitution of the Federal Republic of Nigeria, 1999 and the Constitution of the Federal Republic of Nigeria (Third) (Alteration) Act, 2011 to Provide for Establishment of the Code of Conduct Tribunal as a Superior Court of Record to try Offences under the Code of Conduct and Tribunal; and for Related Matters (HB.961) (*Hon. Solomon Bob*); and

- (b) A Bill for an Act to Alter the Constitution of the Federal Republic of Nigeria, 1999 to Provide for Establishment of the Code of Conduct Tribunal as Part of the Judicature under the Constitution in order to Ensure its Independence; and for Related Matters (HB. 999) (*Hon. Olajide Olatunbosun*).
2. A Bill for an Act to Provide for Establishment of Chartered Institute of Directors of Nigeria; and for Related Matters (HB. 1571) (*Senate*) (*Leader*) - *Second Reading*.
3. A Bill for an Act to Establish Federal University of Agriculture and Technology, Aboh; and for Related Matters (HB.1590) (*Senate*) (*Leader*) – *Second Reading*.
4. A Bill for an Act to Provide for Establishment of National Agency for Albinism and Hypo Pigmentation (NAAH) and for Related Matters (HB. 670) (*Hon. Jude Ise-Idehen*) – *Second Reading*.
5. A Bill for an Act to Establish Federal University of Health Sciences, Ijebu Ode to make Comprehensive Provisions for its Due Administration; and for Related Matters (HB. 1459) (*Hon. Kolapo Korede Osunsanya*) – *Second Reading*.
6. A Bill for an Act to Amend the Pension Reform Act, 2014 to Provide for Exemption of the Nigeria Police Force from the Contributory Pension Scheme; and for Related Matters (HB. 1578) (*Hon. Francis Ejiroghene Waive*) – *Second Reading*.
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## MOTIONS

7. **Urgent Need for Provision of Food and Relief Materials to Victims of Insurgency in Isa/Sabon Birni Federal Constituency of Sokoto State:**  
**Hon. Mohammed Sa'idu Bargaja:**

**The House:**

*Notes* that the victims of banditry attacks in over (30) villages across Isa/Sabon Birni Federal Constituency of Sokoto State displaced to various locations within the neighbouring towns and states have started returning to their homes and villages given a fair improvement in security situation in the Area;

*Also notes* that at the moment as a result of improved security situation, inhabitants of Gazau, Tozai, Modachi, Tsullawa, Kalage, Lugu, Dan-zanke, Modachi, Bargaja, Satiru, and Shalla towns/villages in Isa Local Government as well as inhabitants of Gidan Buta, Kalage, Kyara, Garin Idi, Burkusuma, Tara, Ganji, Dakura, Rambadawa, Lajinge, and other Villages in Sabon-Birni Local Government, all in Isa/Sabon Birni Federal Constituency have returned;

*Concerned* that due to unavailability of food, shelter, farmland and business premises which were destroyed by insurgents, the returnees in Isa/Sabon Birni Federal Constituency are living in abject poverty and suffering untold hardship which could continue if urgent intervention is not provided by the appropriate authorities.

*Resolves to:*

- (i) Urge the Ministry of Humanitarian Affairs, Disaster Management and Social Development and the National Emergency Management Agency (NEMA) to provide food and other basic necessities to the people of Isa/Sabon Birni Federal Constituency who had returned to their homes after being displaced;
- (ii) also urge the National Commission for Refugees, Migrants and Internally Displaced Persons to provide necessary assistance to the victims;
- (iii) mandate the Committees Internally Displaced Persons and Refugees and Emergency and Disaster Preparedness to ensure compliance.

**8. Need to Relocate Yola Correctional Centre from Modibbo Adama Way, Yola South Local Government Area to Its Permanent Site in Yolde Pate, Yola South Local Government Area of Adamawa State:**

**Hon. Jafaru Suleiman Ribadu:**

**The House:**

*Notes* that the Nigerian Prison Service, Yola now known as the Correctional Centre was established in 1914 to rehabilitate inmates and facilitate their training for eventual reintegration into the society;

*Also notes* that the Correctional Centre has the capacity to accommodate 500 inmates but currently accommodates over 1,000 inmates representing an excess of over 200%, thus overstretching the facilities in the Centre thereby exposing inmates to infectious diseases especially under COVID-19 Pandemic;

*Informed* that a new Correctional Centre of 1,000 inmates capacity was built in Yolde Pate, Yola South Local Government Area, an area that is strategic and the Centre is equipped with standard and modern facilities and quarters for the personnel of the Centre;

*Aware* that the old Correctional Centre in Yola town creates a lot of inconveniences for residents and visitors due to frequent road block especially in times of rampage by inmates or anticipated attack by insurgents;

*Also aware* that the sewage system is directly connected to the Yola South Central Mosque, Yola South Local Government Headquarters and the Palace of His Royal Highness the Lamido of Adamawa which exposes the residents to health hazards especially in the event of epidemic outbreak given its proximity and drainage linkages;

*Regrets* that the convenience and peace of residents of Yola will continue to be disturbed as long as the Correctional Centre is not urgently relocated to its permanent site;

*Resolves to:*

- (i) Call on the Federal Government to relocate the Correctional Centre from its present location at Modibbo Adama Way, Yola town to its new site at Yolde Pate, Yola Town;
- (ii) urge the Controller- General of the Nigeria Correctional Service to stop the 9:00 pm closure of the main Yola town road due to the location of the Centre; and
- (iii) mandate the Committee on Reformatory Institutions to conduct verification visit to Yola Correctional Centre and report back within four (4) weeks for further legislative action.

**9. Need to Enforce Compulsory Teaching of Moral Lessons and Orientation Subjects/Courses in Nigeria's Educational Curricula:**

**Hon. Uju Kingsley Chima:**

**The House:**

*Notes* that good morals and proper orientation are indisputable basic components of child upbringing and training, thus a lack of it, especially in young people, would result in societal decay;

*Recalls* that Moral Instructions was a compulsory subject in Nigeria's School's curricula in the past;

*Worried* that due to the removal of Moral Instructions from the school system, the current generation of youths lack the benefits of such lessons, and may end up as nuisances in society;

*Cognizant* that with the increasing rate of violence and various forms of immorality in recent times, the need for reintroduction and enforcement of the teaching of Moral Lessons and Orientation Subjects/Courses in Primary, Secondary and Tertiary Institutions cannot be over emphasised;

*Also cognizant* that the reintroduction of moral lessons and proper orientation will keep rebuilding good morality in the younger generation and provide a proper orientation for future generations;

*Resolves to:*

- (i) Urge the Federal Ministries of Education and Youth and Sports Development and the National Orientation Agency and other relevant Ministries, Departments and Agencies to collaborate with a view to reintroducing Moral Instructions as a compulsory subject in the school curricula as well as develop effective orientation for the school system;
- (ii) mandate the Committees on Basic Education and Services, Tertiary Education and Services, and Youth Development to ensure compliance.

## **10. Urgent Need to Address the Falling Standard of Education in Nigeria:**

**Hon. Ganiyu Abiodun Johnson:**

**The House:**

*Notes* that quality education is a crucial tool for economic growth of any country, thus Goal 4 of the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) is focused on ensuring inclusive and equitable quality education and promoting life-long learning opportunities for all;

*Also notes* that Section 18 of the Constitution of the Federal Republic of Nigeria, 1999 (as amended) provides that the Government shall direct its policy towards ensuring that there are equal and adequate educational opportunities at all levels;

*Aware* that the Nigeria's education system within the last decade has been on a steady decline, ranging from influx of illegal institutions of learning as well as unqualified teachers in the system to poor funding, overcrowding and plethora of decaying infrastructure in schools across the Federation;

*Also aware* that according to the United Nations, Nigeria has one of the largest populations of out-of-school youth in the world, with more than ten million Nigerian children, 60 per cent of them girls, not in school and will therefore not have the skills they need to get jobs and build secured and stable future;

*Recalls* the United Nation Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organisation (UNESCO) Reports that for a nation to achieve the goal of providing quality education for all by 2030, the country would have to allocate at least 26 percent of its national budget to Education, however, Nigeria's budgetary allocation for Education in the last five years are 7.38% in 2017, 7.03% in 2018, 7.05% in 2019, 6.7% in 2020 and 5.6% in 2021, a far cry from the expected standards;

*Acknowledges* that Nigeria has achieved some progress in expanding access to school under the Millennium Development Goals (MDGs) and the domestic Universal Basic Education (UBE) Scheme, however, the expansion has not resulted in improved learning, as the flat learning curve in Nigeria is a proof that getting children to school does not automatically translate to adequate infrastructure, qualified teachers, conducive learning environment, frequent attendance, grade progression, effective classroom governance and more importantly, learning;

*Concerned* that the adverse effects of falling standard of Education to a nation is very grave, and the fall in educational standard in Nigeria implies a continued decline in its level of economic growth;

*Also concerned* that with the current population of about 200 million, 45 per cent of which are below 15 years, there is high demand for learning opportunities translating into increased enrolment which has created challenges in ensuring quality education since resources are spread more thinly;

*Worried* that the burden on education in Nigeria has become even more overwhelming, resulting in more than 100 pupils to one teacher as against the UNESCO benchmark of 35 pupils per teacher; culminating in students learning under trees for lack of classrooms and other harsh conditions;

*Cognizant* that if no urgent action is taken, the problem will gravely affect the young and future generations as well as stifle economic and social developmental prospects of the country;

*Resolves to:*

- (i) Urge the Federal Ministry of Budget and National Planning to give further considerations to Education in the subsequent budgetary allocations in other to attain the UNESCO projection by 2030;
- (ii) mandate the Committees on Tertiary Education and Services, Basic Education and Services, Youth Development and Appropriations to liaise with relevant stakeholders with the aim of providing lasting solutions to falling standard of education in Nigeria, and report back within four (4) weeks for further legislative action.

## CONSIDERATION OF REPORTS

### 11. Committee on Finance:

**Hon. James Abiodun Faleke:**

“That the House do consider the Report of the Committee on Finance on the 2022–2024 Medium Term Expenditure Frame Work and Fiscal Strategy Paper (MTEF/FSP) (*Laid:21/9/2021*)- *Committee on Supply*.

- (i) That the daily crude oil production of 1.88mbpd, 2.23mbpd, and 2.22mbpd for 2022, 2023 and 2024 respectively, be approved, in view of average 1.93mbpd over the past 3 years and the fact that a very conservative oil output benchmark has been adopted for the medium term in order to ensure greater budget realism;
- (ii) that the proposed Benchmark oil price of USD\$57per barrel for 2022 and USD\$55 for 2023 and 2024 be approved based on oil forecast by the World Bank and Consultation with the NNPC;
- (iii) that the Exchange Rate of N410.15/US\$ proposed by the Executive for the 2022-2024 be approved;
- (iv) that the projected GDP growth rate of 4.20% be approved;
- (v) that the projected Inflation rate of 13.00% be also approved;
- (vi) that the Fiscal deficit estimate of N5.62 trillion (including GOEs) also be sustained due to the Federal Government’s conservative approach to target setting and its determination to improve collection efficiency of major revenue generating agencies while it continues to enforce the implementation of the Performance Management Framework for GOEs by ensuring that they operate in more fiscally responsible manner whilst reviewing their operational efficiencies, and costs-to-income ratios, as declared;
- (vii) that the projected New Borrowings of N4.89 trillion (including Foreign and Domestic Borrowing) be approved, subject to the provision of details of the borrowing plan to the National Assembly;
- (viii) that the USD\$3.5 billion International Monetary Fund (IMF) loan at the rate of 0.01% to 0.02% be approved to shore up its internal borrowing and to reduce external borrowing because of the exchange rate risks;
- (ix) that the following sundry parameters in the 2022-2024 MTEF/FSP Document be also approved:
  - (a) Federal Government of Nigeria retained revenue of N8.36 trillion; total FGN proposed expenditure of N13.98 trillion;
  - (b) Fiscal deficit of N5.62 trillion (including GOEs);
  - (c) New Borrowings of N4.89 trillion (including Foreign and domestic Borrowing), subject that the provision of the details of the borrowing plan be brought for approval by the National Assembly;

- (d) Statutory transfers, totaling, N613.4 billion;
  - (e) Debt Service estimate of N3.12 trillion;
  - (f) Sinking Fund to the tune of N292 billion;
  - (g) Pension, Gratuities and Retirees Benefits of N567 billion; and
  - (h) Aggregate FGN Expenditure of N13.98 trillion; made up of Total Recurrent (Non-debt) of N6.21 trillion; Personnel Costs (Ministries Departments and Agencies) of N3.47 trillion; of Capital expenditure (exclusive of Transfers) N3.26 trillion; Special Intervention (Recurrent) amounting to N350 billion; and Special intervention (Capital) of N10billion;
- (x) that the Salaries and Wages Commission should review the salary structure of all the Ministries Departments and Agencies, in other to come up with a new salary structure for the MDAs that will reflect the true financial position of the Agencies;
- (xi) that there should be a continuous review of the Fiscal Responsibility Act to ensure that all revenues are remitted to the Consolidated Revenue Fund (CRF) as at when due, in order to curtail frivolous deductions and diversion of funds by the MDAs;
- (xii) that all laws relating to mining businesses should be reviewed as a matter of urgency to ensure upward review of rates applied to royalties, ground rent and licenses renewal of all mining companies operating in Nigeria to ensure transparency in the collection of revenue by the relevant agencies of the government and also look into the issues of illegal mining activities by recommending stringent sanctions in the proposed new laws;
- (xiii) that the Nigeria Custom Service should accelerate the process of installing scanners at all Ports across the country to curb the issue of under payment of custom duties on imported goods which has resulted in huge loss of revenue to the government and to further improve it activities at all borders across the country in order to curb the issues of smuggling across border areas;
- (xiv) the Committee recommends urgent implementation of the Petroleum Industry Act (PIA) recently assented to by the President in order to curtail the problems of smuggling and round – tripping of petroleum products imported into the country to save the under-recovery cost;
- (xv) that the proposed revenue budget of the Government Owned Enterprises (GOEs) should be reviewed upward to show the reflection of their capabilities to generate more revenue as a result of the findings of the Committee;
- (xvi) that the offices of the Accountant General (AGF), Auditor General of the Federation (AuGF) and Fiscal Responsibility Commission (FRC) be strengthen in the area of staffing and proper funding of its activities to ensure optimal performance of their duties in order to adequately monitor the remittances of all government revenues;
- (xvii) that the Act establishing some MDAs be reviewed and amended, as a matter of urgency, to evidence a more nationalistic interest, as the amendments will assist to generate more revenues to the coffers of the government;
- (xviii) that the Federal government budget be reviewed and be purged of some agencies that demonstrated capacity to stand on their own without any recourse to Federal Government of Nigeria Budget. For example; the National Agency for Food and Drug Administration and Control (NAFDAC) and the Nigerian College of Aviation Technology, Zaria (NCAT).
- 12.** A Bill for an Act to Provide for Establishment of a Specialized National Dermatology Hospital, Garkida Management Board for the Hospital, provide Dermatological Treatment, Research and Training; and for Related Matters (HB.1382) (*Senate*) (*Leader*) – *Committee of the Whole:13/7/2021.*
- 13.** A Bill for an Act to Provide a Framework to Establish Federal Medical Centre, Mubi; and for Related Matters (HB.1342) (*Senate*) (*Leader*) – *Committee of the Whole:14/7/2021.*

**14. Report of the Conference Committee on Federal University of Technology, Auchi, Edo State:  
Hon. Abubakar Hassan Fulata:**

“That the House do consider the Report of the Conference Committee on a Bill for an Act to Provide for Establishment of Federal University of Technology, Auchi, Edo State; and for Related Matters (HB. 527) and approve the recommendations therein” (*Laid:14 /7/21*).

## COMMITTEE MEETINGS

S/N	Committee(s)	Date	Time	Venue
1.	Rules and Business	Tuesday, 21 September 2021	3.00 p.m.	Committee Room 06 (White House) Assembly Complex
2.	Public Petitions ( <i>Investigative Hearing</i> )	Tuesday, 21 September 2021	3.00 p.m.	Committee Room 429 (New Building) Assembly Complex
3.	Aviation ( <i>Interactive Session with Hon. Minister and Heads Agencies of the Ministry</i> )	Tuesday, 21 September 2021	3.00 p.m.	Committee Room 201 (New Building) Assembly Complex