HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF NIGERIA
ORDER PAPER
Thursday, 23 July, 2020

1. Prayers
2. National Pledge
3. Approval of the Votes and Proceedings
4. Oaths
5. Messages from the President of the Federal Republic of Nigeria (if any)
6. Messages from the Senate of the Federal Republic of Nigeria (if any)
7. Messages from Other Parliament(s) (if any)
8. Other Announcements (if any)
9. Petitions (if any)
10. Matters of Urgent Public Importance
11. Personal Explanation

PRESENTATION OF BILLS

1. Banks and other Financial Institutions Act (Repeal and Enactment) Bill, 2020 (HB. 1031) (Senate) (House Leader) – First Reading.


15. Epidemiologist-General of the Federation of Nigeria (Est. etc.) Bill, 2020 (HB. 1035) (Hon. Ben Kalu) – First Reading.


18. Legal Aid Act (Amendment) Bill, 2020 (HB. 1038) (Hon. Ben Kalu) – First Reading.


**PRESENTATION OF REPORTS**

1. **Ad-hoc Committee on the increasing Incidents of Sim Swap Fraud:**  
   **Hon. Abubakar Hassan Fulata:**  
   “That the House do receive the Report of the Ad-hoc Committee on the increasing Incidents of Sim Swap Fraud” (HR75/07/2019) (Referred: 25/7/2019).

2. **Ad-hoc Committee on the Unspent Budget Funds:**  
   **Hon. Francis Charles Uduyok:**  
   “That the House do receive the Interim Report of the Ad-hoc Committee to investigate the amount of Unspent Ministries Department and Agencies (MDAs) Project Funds and Unspent Constituency projects funds not remitted in the last 10 years (HR. 256/12/2019) (Referred: 10/12/2019).

3. **Committees on Commerce, Industry and Information, National Orientation, Ethics and Values:**  
   **Hon. Femi Fakeye:**  

4. **Committee on Niger Delta Development:**  
   **Hon. Olubunmi Tunji–Ojo:**  
5. **Committee on Public Petitions:**

_**Report on the Petition by Dr. Napoleon Aisueni JP:**_

**Hon. Jerry Alagbaoso:**

“That the House do receive the report of the Committee on Public Petitions on the Petition by Dr. Napoleon Aisueni JP against the Federal Ministry of Agriculture and Rural Development, a Call to function as the Director/CEO of the Nigerian Institute for Oil Palm Research (NIFOR) Benin City, Edo State of Nigeria” *(Referred: 26/9/3019).*

6. **Committee on Public Petitions:**

_**Report on the Petition by Akinola James Oluwatoyin Akanbi:**_

**Hon. Jerry Alagbaoso:**

“That the House do receive the report of the Committee on Public Petitions on the Petition by Akinola James Oluwatoyin Akanbi Against Nigerian Immigration Service on Appeal to Investigate a Case Suspected to be Fraudulent act by the Nigeria Immigration Service and First Bank PLC, after his unlawful disengagement from Service by the Authority” *(Referred: 18/9/2019).*

7. **Ad-hoc Committee on the Need to Investigate the Arbitrary Breach of Presidential Directives on the Suspension of top Management and Executive Committee Members of Nigeria Social Insurance Trust Fund (NSITF):**

**Hon. Miriam Onuoha:**

“That the House do receive the Report of the Ad-hoc Committee on the Need to Investigate the Arbitrary Breach of Presidential Directives on the Suspension of Top Management and Executive Committee Members of Nigeria Social Insurance Trust Fund (NSITF) and Other Government Agencies by Ministers and approve the Recommendations therein” *(HR.12/07/2020) (Referred: 2/7/2020).*

8. **Committees on Police Affairs, Drugs and Narcotics, and Human Rights:**

**Hon. Bello Usman Kumo:**

“That the House do receive the Report of the Committees on Police Affairs, Drugs and Narcotics, and Human Rights on the Need to save the lives of People of Aba South Local Government Area from Killings, Further Ransacking, Restriction of Movement and Attacks by Joint Police Team from Ndiegoro and Cameroon Road Police Station *(HR. 133/10/2019) (Referred 10/10/2019).*

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**ORDER OF THE DAY**

**BILLS**

1. A Bill for an Act to Provide for Establishment of the Institute of Environmental Practitioners of Nigeria; and for Related Matters (HB. 353) – *Third Reading.*

2. A Bill for an Act to Establish the Abuja Geographic Information Systems Agency; and for related Matters (HB. 215) – *Third Reading.*

3. A Bill for an Act to Provide for Establishment of Federal University of Technology, Auchi, Edo State; and for Related Matters (HB. 527) – *Third Reading.*

4. A Bill for an Act to Repeal the Banks and Other Financial Institutions Act, 2004 and Enact the Banks and Other Financial Institutions Act, 2020; and for Related Matters (HB.1031) *(Senate)* (House Leader) – *Second Reading.*

5. A Bill for an Act to Establish the National Agency for the Control of Cancer; and for Related Matters (HB. 699) *(Hon. Kolawole Lawal)* – *Second Reading.*

6. A Bill for an Act to Establish Federal Medical Centre, Ogoja; and for Related Matters (HB.276) *(Hon. Jarigbe Agon Jarigbe)* – *Second Reading.*


10. A Bill for an Act to Provide for Establishment of Federal College of Fisheries, Ibi, Taraba State; and for Related Matters (HB. 782) (Hon. Shiddi Usman Danjuma) – Second Reading.

11. A Bill for an Act to Establish the National Agency for Food Technology Development Agency; and for Related Matters (HB. 712) (Hon. Chinedu Nweke Ogah) – Second Reading.

12. A Bill for an Act to Establish the National Metallurgical Training Institute, Sagamu, Ogun State to Provide Training, Information, Supervision, Guidance and Advice to Students, Researchers and Personnel in Iron and Steel, and Oil and Gas Industries for National development; and for Related Matters (HB. 528) (Hon. Adewunmi Oriyomi Onanuga) – Second Reading.


14. A Bill for an Act to Amend the Compulsory Treatment and Care for Victims of Gunshots Act to Expand and bring the Long Title in Conformity with the actual Intendment of the Bill, Provide Stiff Punitive Measure to checkmate violations; and for Related Matters (HB.728) (Hon. Tasir Olawale Raji) – Second Reading.


16. A Bill for an Act to Establish Federal University of Agriculture, Oba – Ofemili, Anambra State; and for Related Matters (HB. 812) (Hon. Chinedu Sam Onwuaso) – Second Reading.


18. A Bill for an Act to Provide the Legal Framework to Establish Federal Medical Centre, Fufu, Kwara State, to provide for the manner of Running the Hospital, including Establishment Board of Management, chief Medical Director and Other Staff and to Provide for Discipline of Staff; and for Related Matters HB. 530) (Hon. Abdulganiyu Cook Olododo) – Second Reading.

19. A Bill for an Act to Provide for the Legal Framework to Establish the Federal Medical Centre Igboora; and for Related Matters (HB. 347) (Hon. Muriaina S. Ajibola) – Second Reading.

20. A Bill for an Act to Alter Section 308 of the Constitution of the Federal Republic of Nigeria, 1999 (as amended) to Restrict Legal Proceedings against the Chief Justice of Nigeria and Justices of the
Supreme Court of Nigeria, the Chief Judge of the Federal High Court and the Chief Justices of the State High Courts and the Federal Capital Territory; and for Related Matters (HB. 767) (Hon. Igariwey Iduma Enwo) – Second Reading.


MOTIONS

22. Reconsideration of Outstanding Bills from the Preceding Assembly: Hon. Abubakar Hassan Fulata:

The House:

(i) Federal Medical Centre, Lokoja (Establishment) Bill, 2018 (HB. 268);
(ii) Federal Medical Centre, Makurdi (Establishment) Bill, 2018 (HB.269);
(iii) Federal Medical Centre, Nguru (Establishment) Bill, 2018 (HB. 270);
(iv) Federal Medical Centre, Owerri (Establishment) Bill, 2018 (HB. 271);
(v) Federal Medical Centre, Owo (Establishment) Bill, 2018 (HB. 272);
(vi) Federal Medical Centre, Umuahia (Establishment) Bill, 2018 (HB. 273);
(vii) Federal Medical Centre, Yenagoa (Establishment) Bill, 2018 (HB. 274);
(viii) Federal Medical Centre, Abakaliki, (Establishment) Bill, 2019 (HB. 275);
(ix) Nigerian Council for Social Work (Establishment) Bill, 2020 (HB. 655);
(x) National Water Resources Bill, 2020 (HB. 921); and
(xi) National Institute of Credit Administration (Establishment) Bill, 2020 (HB. 1018).

Notes that pursuant to Order Twelve (12), Rule 18 of the Standing Orders of the House of Representatives, legislative businesses of the House by a Committee of the House which remain undetermined at the end of the Assembly shall be resumed and proceeded with in the next Assembly in the same manner as if the tenure of the Assembly had not come to an end, if the House resolves in the affirmative that such Bills, upon being re-gazetted, be reconsidered in the Committee of the Whole without being commenced de-novo;

Also notes that the aforementioned Bills were passed by the preceding Assembly and forwarded to the Senate for concurrence for which no concurrence was made and/or forwarded to the President for assent but for which assent or withholding thereof was not communicated before the end of the tenure of the last Assembly;

Aware that the Bills were re-gazetted as HBs. 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 655, 275 and 921 respectively and read the first time;

Resolves to:

Commit the Bills to the Committee of the Whole for consideration.

23. Extension of Time for the Ad-hoc Committee on Unspent Funds pursuant to Order Seventeen, Rule 3(g) of the Standing Orders of the House of Representatives: Hon. Abubakar Hassan Fulata:

The House:

Notes that on 10 December 2019 a Motion on the Need to Refund Unspent Budget Funds was debated, resolved and constituted an Ad-hoc Committee to investigate the amount of unspent Constituency Projects Funds not remitted in the last 10 years, identify the defaulting agencies and report back within eight (8) weeks;
Also aware of the importance attached to the purported allegation levelled on the house by the president of over one trillion Naira spent in the last 10 years on constituency projects;

Cognizance of the provisions of Order Seventeen, Rule 3 (g) of the Standing Orders of the House of Representatives and the time limit for the Ad-hoc Committee to dispense its work within 8 weeks;

Concerned that due to the suspension of legislative activities and inability of identified agencies of government to make submissions to the Committee as a result of the dreaded Corona Virus (COVID-19) Pandemic and total lockdown across the country as most MDA's were located outside Abuja;

Also notes that the Committee has submitted an Interim Report to the House;

Desireous of the need to extend the time to enable the Committee to conclude its assignment;

Resolves to:

Extend the time limit of the Committee by six weeks to enable it conclude the assignment and report back for further legislative action.

24. Urgent Need to Stop Incessant Armed Attacks in Southern Kaduna Communities and Local Government Areas of Kaduna State.
Hon. Gideon Gwani

The House:

Notes that several communities across Southern Kaduna have come under severe attacks by armed militia which has left behind very serious humanitarian crisis of over thousands of Internally Displaced Persons;

Also notes that in the last couple of months, most communities in Southern Kaduna Local Government Areas cannot go to farm as the invaders have taken over most of the villages and communities;

Concerned that the attacks have continued despite a 24 hours curfew imposed in most of the Local Government Areas of southern Kaduna for several weeks now;

Also concerned by the unfortunate armed attacks on Kukum Daji Communities in Kaura Local Government Area of Kaduna State on the night of Sunday 19 July, 2020;

Alarmed that no fewer than 19 persons were killed in the attack by gunmen who were heavily armed with sophisticated weapons;

Disturbed that the yet to be identified gunmen had launched the attack on the village around 10:30 pm on Sunday night;

Also disturbed that over 30 other persons, who escaped by the whiskers, sustained various degrees of injuries;

Worried that the attackers who were heavily armed with rifles and other dangerous weapons, descended on the villagers and killed them in cold blood after attending a wedding party in one of the houses in the community;

Also worried that about 32 other people who sustained various degrees of injury were rushed to the hospitals, but unfortunately, two of them died in the hospital;

Further worried that some of the villagers are still missing as villagers are in fear to search deep into the bush for their loved ones as security agents have not been deployed to the community;
Cognizance of the combined effect of Section 4 (1) and (2) (a), (b) and (c) of the Constitution of the Federal Republic of Nigeria 1999 (as amended) which guarantees that: (i) The Federal Republic of Nigeria shall be a State based on the principles of democracy and social justice. (ii) It is hereby, accordingly, declared that: (a) sovereignty belongs to the people of Nigeria from whom government through the Constitution derives all its powers and authority; (b) the security and welfare of the people shall be the primary purpose of government; and (c) the participation by the people in their government shall be ensured in accordance with the provisions of the Constitution.

Resolves to:

(i) Call on the Inspector-General of Police (IGP) to urgently intervene and direct adequate deployment of Security personnel in the affected communities for the protection of lives and property; Fish out the perpetrators and their sponsors and bring them to justice;

(ii) urge the Federal Ministry of Humanitarian Affairs, Disaster Management and Social Development to intervene and provide social and material support to the victims of the attack and displaced villagers in the Communities; and return IDPs to their ancestral lands and resettle them;

(iii) also urge the National Emergency Management Agency (NEMA) to provide relief materials to the affected communities;

(iv) mandate the Committees on Police Affairs, Disaster Management and preparedness to ensure compliance.

25. Urgent Need to Reconstruct the 32 Years Old Collapsed Elebele Bridge and Overhaul of Basic Infrastructure in Bayelsa State:

Hon. Obua Azibapu Fred
Hon. Frederick Yietiemone Agbedi
Hon. Preye Influence Oseke
Hon. Steve Azaiki
Hon. Israel Sunny Goli

The House:

Notes that Elebele bridge in Ogbia Local Government Area of Bayelsa State is a transit bridge that connects Nembe, Brass and Ogbia Local Government Areas linking Yenagoa, the state Capital;

Informed that few months ago, a trailer loaded with building materials worth millions of Naira on transit caused the final collapse of the 32 years old Elebele–Ogbia bridge while driving on the narrow bridge. This bridge collapsed due to age, usage, severe erosion and environmental degradation;

Also notes that Elebele is a transit community and as a result, the collapse of the bridge has brought untold hardship to the people of Elebele and adjoining communities and commuters who ply the road;

Aware that as a result of the incident, the economic and socio-cultural activities of 13 surrounding communities have been badly affected thereby disconnecting various communities from Yenagoa, the state capital, leaving victims financially handicapped, emotionally and psychologically distressed thus rendering commuters immobile and totally disconnected from the State Capital;

Concerned that there is need for the Federal Government to urgently intervene in the light of the recent development by constructing a modern bridge and expanding the road network in order to ameliorate the sufferings of surrounding communities, particularly as heavy rains are adding to the hardship experienced by the people;
Desirous of the need to take urgent steps to intervene and reconstruct the collapsed bridge 'with provision of other basic infrastructure for the people;
Resolves to:

(i) Urge the Niger-Delta Development Commission to urgently intervene and ensure emergency construction of modern concrete bridge as replacement for the collapsed bridge;

(ii) mandate the Committees on Niger Delta Development Commission (NDDC) to ensure compliance.

26. Devastating Effects of Deforestation and the Need for Extensive Tree Planting in Nigeria: Hon. Kolawole Lawal:

The House:

*Notes* that trees improve air quality by filtering harmful dust, odours and pollutants such as ozone, carbon monoxide, and sulphur dioxide from the air we breathe;

*Also notes* that not only can trees benefit the economy by reducing heating and cooling cost, trees can also reduce our dependence on oil and natural gas;

*Aware* that according to the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO), the requirements of sustainable forest management include extent of forest resources, biological diversity, forest health and vitality, productive functions of forest resources, protective functions of forest resources, socio-economic functions and a legal, policy and institutional framework;

*Also aware* that forests have been associated with helping to reduce flooding as many flooding disasters have been partly blamed on the effects of deforestation;

*Further aware* that Nigeria is member nation of the Coalition for Rainforest Nations (CFRN) which seeks to, among other things, manage tropical rainforests in a way which supports climate stability, conserves biodiversity, and helps development and poverty alleviation efforts;

*Concerned* that due the high demand for timber, which is used for the production of furniture, paper and in the construction industry, there has been an increase in illegal logging, which has resulted in deforestation in Nigeria;

*Also concerned* that Nigeria has been rated by the FAO as the country with the highest rate of deforestation in the world;

*Further concerned* that many aspects of the FAO requirements are currently not being met in Nigeria and will continue to have detrimental effects, if not quickly addressed;

*Cognizant* that Tree-planting is one of the options adopted by many nations towards curbing the serious and irreversible changes of climate change;

*Also cognizant* that trees help absorb greenhouse gasses and carbon emissions that are caused by human civilization;

*Worried* that a lot of damage has been done to Nigeria's land through the processes of deforestation, notably contributing to desertification and Increased temperatures across the country;

*Also worried* that there is hardly any implementation of forest management policies, and very few attempts have been made to lower the deforestation rates and to stop illegal logging, hence Nigerians are hardly aware of how to prevent deforestation;

*Further worried* that deforestation has led to soil degradation across the country, resulting in poor crop yield and economic loss to the nation as a whole;

Resolves to:

(i) Urge the Federal Ministry of Environment to implement and enforce policies that discourage deforestation;
(ii) also urge the Federal Ministry of Environment to embark on sensitization campaigns to create awareness across the country on the need to imbibe the culture of tree planting in their environment in order to mitigate the negative consequences of climate change caused by indiscriminate deforestation;

(iii) call on the Federal Government to liaise with institutions, communities and other relevant stakeholders with a view to offering capacity building opportunities, productive partnerships and sustainable schemes that can create more economic activities to sustain hard working rural dwellers and discourage them from indiscriminate cutting of trees;

(iv) mandate the Committee on Environment to ensure compliance.

27. Urgent Need for the Reform of the National Orientation Agency (NOA):
Hon. Shina Peller:

The House:

Notes that National Orientation Agency was established in 1993 and by virtue of its enabling Act, the Agency is established to re-orientate Nigerians and encourage them to take part actively and freely in discussions and decisions affecting their collective’s welfare;

Also notes that the functions of the National Orientation Agency as stipulated in sections 3 of the Act which includes to enlighten the general public on Federal Government Policies and Programmes; mobilize favourable opinion of Federal Government Policies and Programmes; collect and collate feedback to the Public on Federal Government programmes and Policies; energize the conscience of all categories of Nigerians on their rights, privileges, responsibilities and obligations as citizens of the Federal Republic of Nigeria; re-orientate Nigerians on their general attitude to waste and affluent lifestyles; propagate on the need to eschew all vices in public life, such as corruption, dishonesty, ethnic, parochial and religious bigotry;

Aware that Section 4 of the Enabling Act also stipulates the novel objectives of 'the Agency. Based on the NOA Enabling instrument, the Agency is a social re-engineering organization with omnibus mandate and its core functions include re-orientate and attitudinal transformation, public enlightenment and mass mobilization etc.

Also aware that since 1999, Nigeria has been bedevilled with several problems, ranging from communal clashes, religious and ethnic bigotry, religious and ethnic killings, terrorism, religious extremism, large scale corruption and very recently become victims of xenophobic attacks in South Africa. All these vices have affected Nigeria image outside the country, which to a large extent has led to ill-treatment of Nigerians abroad. That even the recent reprisal domestic attacks following the xenophobic Attacks in South Africa would have been avoided if the National Orientation Agency was properly positioned to orientate Nigerians properly;

Further aware that more than ever before the unity of the Federal Republic of Nigeria needs be strengthened and all efforts by the Federal Government to tackle these problems must be effectively disseminated to the people at the grassroots. Hence the need for more efficient performance of the National Orientation Agency;

Worried that the National Orientation Agency has failed to rise up to its Responsibility of disseminating information and re-orienting Nigerians during this COVID – 19 Pandemic;

Cognizant that by virtue of the enabling instruments of the Agency, it is Required to have presence at the Federal, State and Local Government levels in order for optimal performance and this has a lot of financial implications;

Again aware that the Strategic Plan for the National Orientation Agency 2017-2021 reveals that the Statutory Allocations to the Agency in the past years is inadequate for optimal performance of the Agency's mandate as it is presently bedeviled with poor statutory allocation, poorly motivated staff, inadequate vehicles and other public enlightenment equipment, hence the need to increase the
budgetary allocation of the Agency in the 2021 Appropriation Budget Estimates in order for the Agency to achieve its

(a) Value Orientation

(b) Public Education and Mass Mobilization Programmes

(c) Political and Civic Education Programmes.

Resolves to:

(i) Urge the National Orientation Agency to wake up to its legal Responsibilities and be more efficient in Value reorientation and Public Education of Nigerians and further synergize with the Federal Government on combating social vices such as Terrorism, Xenophobic Attacks, Anti-Corruption War etc.;

(ii) call on the Director of the National Orientation Agency to appear before the Committee on Information and National Orientation and table its activities, strengths and weaknesses within the next two weeks;

(iii) mandate the Committees on Information, National Orientation, Ethics and Values to ensure increase in the Budgetary Allocation of the National Orientation Agency in the 2021 Appropriation Budget Estimate for optimal performance.


The House:

Notes that Coronavirus otherwise known as COVID–19 is an infectious disease of which no vaccine has been found yet;

Also notes that the deadly disease attacks human respiratory system which has resulted in death of over 303,586 people and over 4,540,244 confirm cases worldwide;

Further notes that the Coronavirus was first announced in February 2020 in Nigeria and since then has increased to over 5,162 confirmed cases and over 167 deaths;

Aware that due to China’s mishandling of the COVID–19 Pandemic, over 1000 Multinational Companies and businesses are relocating from China;

Also aware that America, Japan and other European countries of the World are pulling out their Businesses and Multinational Companies from China as a result of China’s mishandling of the COVID–19 Pandemic;

Further aware that the over 300 Billion Dollars businesses whose home country are directing to pull away from China can create millions of jobs in Nigeria and boost the growth of the Nigeria economy;

Opines that the Federal Government should approach and create a conducive Business Hub for such countries that are pulling out their Businesses and Multinational Companies from China to relocate to Nigeria;

Recalls that News Media all over the world have reported that India, Vietnam and Indonesia are already positioning themselves and wooing multinational companies from America, Japan and European Companies who are in China with serious incentives to their countries as such Nigeria needs to urgently take steps to woe these companies to Nigeria with better incentives.
Resolves to:

(i) Call on the Federal Government to create a soft landing business hub for countries with businesses and multinational companies and approaching them to relocate to Nigeria which will boost the economy;

(ii) urged the Federal Government to set up a Committee comprising of Manufacturer Association of Nigeria, Nigeria Chambers of Commerce and Industry and Nigeria Investments Promotion Council to interface with various Federal Government Agencies with the purpose of bringing such businesses and multinational companies that are relocating from China to Nigeria;

(iii) mandate the Committees on Commerce and Industry to liaise with relevant authorities to ensure implementation and report back to the House for further legislative action.

29. Need for the National Agency for Food and Drugs Administration and Control (NAFDAC) to Regulate the Handling and Processing of Raw and Semi-Processed Food Items for Human Consumption to ensure Public Safety in Nigeria:

Hon. Olufemi Fakeye:

The House:

Notes with concern, the age old cultural practice in Nigeria of liberally spreading fresh or semi-processed food items to dry on every hard, flat and open surface by the road side or any other unsanitary location;

Also notes that this practice, hitherto taken as the norm, is ubiquitous in the rural areas of Nigeria, from which communities the bulk of our basic food items, such as derivatives of cassava, yams, wheat are sourced and distributed for human consumption;

Worried that some of the sources of such food items are typically unprotected from domesticated animals on free range, as well as other wild animals such as rodents, rats, birds, lizards, houseflies etc. The consumption of the finished food items thus poses a lot of health hazard to the end-user, as the animals become natural vectors, eating ad-libitum from the food items so spread out in the open and, in the process, pass urine and excreta on such intermediate food items;

Also worried that the World Health Organization (WHO) in a 2017 report, "Global Vector Control Response (GVCR) 2017-2030" has established that an estimated 700,000 deaths occur annually as a direct result of consumption by human beings of food items contaminated through the activities of vector animals;

Disturbed that some other unhealthy practices affect some raw produce items, notably in the poultry industry where poultry eggs are offered for sale to the end-user without going through the necessary precautionary treatment of washing and grading, thereby forcing the consumer to have to buy unsanitary eggs with local materials attached to them;

Further disturbed that the casualty rate from Lassa fever in Nigeria was estimated to be between 10,000 to 50,000 in 2012 and probably would be higher currently, as Lassa fever is still currently ravaging our country;

 Aware that the National Agency for Food and Drugs Administration and Control Act, Cap N1, section 5(m) mandates NAFDAC to advise the Federal, State and Local Governments, the private sector and other interested bodies regarding the quality, safety and regulatory provisions on food, drugs, etc.

Resolves to:

(i) Urge NAFDAC to create a Directorate for monitoring the quality of raw and intermediate food items with a view to embarking on a vigorous, nation-wide; public health awareness and enlightenment campaign aimed at sanitising the food value chain right from the farm level, to
the consumers. This enlightenment campaign, to be conducted in all the major languages (in each geo-political zone) and in Pidgin English, must graphically illustrate and highlight the connection between food contamination and the incidence of many dreadful epidemics, including Lassa fever, bubonic plague and other life-threatening diseases;

(a) issue technical guidelines to regulate the pre-marketing handling of raw and semi-processed food items intended for human consumption by establishing some irreducible minimum sanitary standards for the handling of intermediate or raw food items;

(b) issue guidelines to the effect that poultry eggs intended for sale to the public must be washed, sorted and graded into the industry-standard categories of pullet, small, medium, large or jumbo grades and priced accordingly;

(c) liaise and forge a working relationship with the relevant Public Health departments at the Federal, State and Local Government levels throughout the Federation for the enforcement of whatever regulations are established by the Agency;

(d) issue guidelines aimed at issuing appropriate sanctions to defaulting farms and merchants or sellers of non-compliant poultry eggs;

(ii) mandate the Committee on Health Care Services to liaise with the management of NAFDAC with a view to reporting compliance within 6 months of the adoption of the resolutions in this Motion.

30. Need to Investigate the Gruesome Murder of a Popular Trado-Medical Practitioner Alhaji Fatai Yusuf A.K.A Oko. Oloyun:

Hon. S. Ajibola Muraina
Hon. Adeyemi Akeem Adeniyi
Hon. Shina Abiola A. Peller
Hon. Olatubosun Olajide
Hon. Stanley Olajide
Hon. Akinola Adekunle Alabi
Hon. Tolupe Tiwalola Akande

The House:

Notes the gruesome murder of a popular Trado-Medical Practitioner Alhaji Fatai Yusuf (Oko Oloyun) on Thursday 23 January 2020 while travelling on the Abeokuta- Igbo-Ora Iseyin Roads, Oyo State;

Also notes that the late Fatai Yusuf was allegedly killed by hoodlums around 4:30 pm in company of his two police escorts who were completely overwhelmed;

Worried that the deceased was killed between two police checkpoints on the Eruwa-Igbora road noted for occasional record of cases of kidnapping and robbery, but had rarely recorded cases of hired assassination, making one to have the impression that the attack was a well thought out plan;

Also worried that preliminary investigation by the police show that Alhaji Fatai Yusuf was assassinated hours after some of his workers set fire to some financial book-keeping records due to an alleged book-keeping fraud he detected in his Lagos office;

Recalls an incident last year of the dastardly attacks carried on Eruwa, Lanlate Igangan, Tapa and Ayete. Igbo-ora and Idere in Ibarapa Central Local Government Areas of Oyo by armed bandits and criminal elements, notorious for kidnapping, rape and extortion of large sums of money from the victims;

Concerned that the level of insecurity in the area is blamed on the inability of security operative to secure the area, thus making the spate of insecurity in the area worsen by the day;
Cognizant that the constitutional duty of government as contained in section 14 (b) of the 1999 Constitution of the Federal Republic of Nigeria (As Amended) that “the security and welfare of the people shall be the primary purpose of government” should be taken more serious as people in the area are calling on the government to create Community Police that can assist the regular Police in the protection of lives and property; they also affirmed their confidence in vigilante groups in the community as part of measures to tackle banditry, kidnapping, insurgency and other violent crimes in the society;

Resolves to:

(i) observe a minute of silence in honour of the deceased;

(ii) urge the Inspector General of Police (IGP) to direct a thorough investigation into the gruesome murder and to review the security architecture of Ibarapa Area (Ibarapa Central Local Government, Ibarapa North Local Government and Ibarapa East Local Government Areas of Oyo State;

(iii) also urge the Federal Roads Maintenance Agency (FERMA) to carry out some rehabilitation work on the Abeokuta-Igbora-Iseyin-Sokoto road;

(iv) set-up an Ad-hoc Committee to visit and commiserate with the immediate family of the deceased and the people and Government of Oyo State over the death of their illustrious son, whose death would not only hurt his family but also a huge blow to many people benefiting from him.

31. **Urgent Need to Reconstruct/Rehabilitate the 25 Kilometer Stretch Gumel-Maigatari Niger Republic Boarder Road, Jigawa State:**

*Hon. Nazifi Sani:*

**The House:**

*Notes* that Gumel–Maigatari road is a Federal Road which serves the Gumel–Maigatari communities in Jigawa States and impacts on the citizens economically, linking Nigeria and Republic of Niger;

*Also notes* that there is a major international market called the Maigatari market where traders from across the country especially the South East and South West of the country as well as Niger Republic buy agricultural commodities and livestock in large quantity;

*Worried* that the road is now in a very terrible condition and has become a death trap to both motorist and travellers;

*Concerned* that the Road leading to the Maigatari Market serves the whole country because of its strategic location, is at the verge of total collapse due to disrepair;

**Resolves to:**

(i) Urge Federal Ministry of works to commence immediate reconstruction/rehabilitation of the Gumel–Maigatari Niger Republic Road;

(ii) mandate the Committees on Works and FERMA to ensure strict compliance and expeditious action.

32. **Need to Construct the Federal College of Education (Technical) Umunze Road:**

*Hon. Okwudili Christopher Ezenwankwo:*

**The House:**

*Notes* that there are two major roads (from Nkwor Market Permanent Site Umunze, and Immaculate Heart Hospital Junction Umunze) leading to the Federal College of Education (Technical) Umunze, in Orumba North and South Federal 4, Constituency of Anambra State;
Also notes that the two major roads are not more than 2 Kilometres each and are in deplorable conditions and adversely affecting the movement of staff, students and visitors to the college;

Again notes that standard (asphalts) road construction has never been carried out on the two major roads since the establishment of the Federal College of Education (Technical) Umunze;

Aware that during every raining season even the pedestrians find it difficult to pass through the two identified roads due to an accumulation of heavy mud and water logging on the roads;

Also aware that time without number heavy mud has trapped vehicles on the roads making it impossible for other road users to gain access to the college;

Alarmed that different stages of gully erosion are developing on the roads, threatening to divide the roads at various locations;

Concerned that if urgent asphalts road construction is not carried out on the roads, the college would be totally cut off from the staff, students and visitors;

Resolves to:

(i) Urge the Federal Government to prioritize carrying out standard road construction on the two roads leading to the Federal College of Education (Technical) Umunze in Orumba South of Anambra State;

(ii) mandate the Committee on Appropriation to make provision for inclusion of construction of the two roads leading to the Federal College of Education (Technical) Umunze in Orumba South of Anambra State in the 2021 Budget;

(iii) also mandate the Committee on Works to ensure implementation.

33. Need to Investigate the Purported Concessioning of Airports in Nigeria:
Hon. Ademorin Kuye:

The House:

Aware that the Ministry of Aviation commenced the concession process of 4 International Airport terminals in Lagos, Abuja, Port Harcourt and Kano;

Also aware that the PPP arrangement has gotten the nod of Infrastructure Concession Regulatory Commission (ICRC) that reviewed the Outline Business Cases (OBCs) and certified its substantially satisfactory that the requirements of the ICRC (establishment etc) Act 2005 and National Policy Private Partnership (N4P) have been met despite outcries from some quarters;

Informed that the coalition of aviation workers under the aegis of the National Union of Air Transport Employees (NUATE), Air Transport Services Senior Staff Association of Nigeria (ATSSSAN) and Association of Nigerian Aviation professionals (ANAP) have faulted the process highlighting that the Project Delivery Team have been sidestepped and the Minister of Aviation is acting unilaterally determining programs, stages and steps of this concessioning process all by himself;

Cognizant that the Project Delivery Team consisting five Federal Ministries including aviation and finance, and other agencies like Federal Airport Authority of Nigerian FAAN, ICRC and representatives of the Unions in the aviation sector, have also faulted the emergence of Consultants and the payment of N1.7b as consultancy fees, dismissing and disowning reports attributed to the team upon which the ICRC might have erroneously based the issuance of the Certificate of Compliance after reviewing the OBCs;

Worried that the hijack of the process and the unilateral consideration, award and payment of consultants by the Minister of Aviation have already been labelled as deceitful and is facing stiff resistance as the shenanigans continue;
Also worried that the concessioning that is supposed to maximize the utility of these airports and generate income for the country has turned to another conduit to award bogus consultation contracts to cronies and positioned to fail ab initio;

Resolves to:

(i) Mandate the Committee on Aviation to investigate the concessioning process and selection, award and of N1.7b of two consultants;

(ii) also mandate Committee on aviation to probe the Outline Business Cases (OBCs) review process by the Infrastructure Concession Regulatory Commission for its appropriateness and overall interest of the country.

34. Need to Address the Menace of Incessant Motor Accidents and the Unnecessary Gridlock on Lagos-Ibadan Expressway:
Hon. Jimoh Abdulraheem Olajide:

The House:

Notes that the Lagos-Ibadan Expressway is about 128-kilometre-long expressway, connecting Ibadan, the capital of Oyo State and Lagos State, the commercial nerve centre of Nigeria. It is also the major route to the Northern, Southern and Eastern parts of Nigeria;

Further notes that the rate at which accident is occurring on the Lagos-Ibadan Expressway in recent times is not only alarming, but also calling for serious and urgent actions;

Aware that apart from being the oldest inter-state route (commissioned in August 1978), it is not an over statement to say that Lagos-Ibadan expressway is also the busiest road in the country because it handles more than 250,000 Passenger Car Unit (PCUs) daily and constitutes one of the largest road networks in Africa;

Worried that on Sunday 21 June, 2020, there was a multiple fire explosion along Lagos-Ibadan Expressway as a result of the collision of three fuel tankers at Kara bridge on the Expressway and the situation unavoidably made the motorists and passengers to be stranded for hours;

Also worried that another fatal accident that claimed the lives of two persons and left eleven others with serious injuries which involved four vehicles occurred on Lagos - Ibadan Expressway specifically at Isara Bridge axis of the road on Monday 22nd of June, 2020 which the Guardian one of the news media outfits in Nigeria that reported the incident via its online news platform;

Disturbed that the same Lagos- Ibadan Expressway recently recorded another fatal accident which happened on Friday morning, 17 July, 2020 involving two fuel tankers which automatically slowed down vehicular movement and, of course, caused serious gridlock along the Expressway;

Cognizant of the fact that in June 2020, the outbound lane of the Kara Bridge was closed to traffic in order to enable the Federal Ministry of Works and Housing to carry out an integrity test on the bridge after another accident involving some trucks was recorded;

Concerned that due to its dilapidated position, the reconstruction of the Lagos-Ibadan expressway was flagged off in July 2013 by Goodluck Jonathan, the immediate past President of Nigeria, to help reduce the travel time of hundreds of thousands of commuters and international air passengers;

Also concerned that most of the people that are familiar with the daily stress experienced on the expressway must have hoped for a quick relief when President Muhammadu Buhari awarded a new contract for the construction of the road to Julius Berger Plc and RCC in 2016 with a time frame of three years (2019) initially given for completion of the road;

Also aware that as at January, 2020, Mr. Funsho Adebiyi, a Director of Highways (South-West), Federal Ministry of Works and Housing said that almost 20 kilometres have been completed out of about 43 on section one which spans from Ojota in Lagos state to the Sagamu Interchange in Ogun State, representing 42 per cent completion. While 45 kilometres have been completed out of 84
kilometres on the section two of the project which spans from Sagamu Interchange to Ojo in Ibadan, Oyo state's capital, representing 45 per cent completion. In addition, according to the information recently released by the Federal Ministry of Works and Housing, the date for the completion of the project has been shifted to 2021;

Convinced that a prompt legislative action on this menace will go a long way towards finding a lasting solution to the rate at which accidents are being frequently recorded on the Lagos-Ibadan expressway;

Resolves to:

(i) Mandate the Committees on Works, Land Transport, National Emergency Management Agency (NEMA), Federal Roads Safety Corps (FRSC) to organize a joint stakeholders meeting on this menace to highlight the causes of the frequent accidents on Lagos-Ibadan expressway and the unnecessary gridlock on the road with a view to find lasting solutions to it;

(ii) urge the House Committee on Works, Land Transport and the Federal Roads Safety Corps (FRSC) to summon the Minister of Works and the Corps Marshal of the FRSC to discuss on the current efforts they are making to address the issue of frequent accidents and the unnecessary gridlock on the Lagos-Ibadan expressway.

35. Urgent Need to Direct the Nigeria Electricity Management Services Agency (NEMSA) To Review Its Ban On Direct Electricity Supply from 33kv Feeders Which Is Currently Posing as Impediment to Government's Quest of Energizing Most Parts of the Country: Hon. Uzoma Nkem-Abonta:

The House:

Aware that in achieving the vision of providing electricity to most parts of the country, government has continuously pursued policies that would propel the enabling environment including the enactment of the Electric Power Sector Reform Act, 2005 to spearhead such policy making decisions;

Notes that on the 25 July, 2019, the Nigeria Electricity Management Services Agency announced a ban on direct connection of electricity to 33kilovolts in the distribution network, thereby insisting on connection to only 11 Kilovolts feeder;

Concerned that ironically, the non-provision of 11 Kilovolts feeders to most parts of the country contradicts any good intent of the ban and makes it insensitive and rather regressive to government's efforts to energize most parts of the country;

Also concerned that the ban has currently caused NAEMS to cut off several private housing estates around Abuja and other Nigerian communities from electricity supply for no fault of theirs, since the responsibility of providing 11 kilovolts lies with designated government and private sector institutions; it has also encouraged the use of quacks to illegally reconnect some affected communities, thus, undermining any form of good intent;

Also aware Section 6, paragraph (a)–(x) of the NEMSA Act, 2015 restricts the Agency to amongst other responsibilities enforce all statutory technical electrical standards and regulations as published by Nigeria Electricity Regulatory Commission and other relevant statutory bodies;

Curious that before now, the Nigeria Electricity Regulatory Commission had issued a directive in this regard, which allowed consumers to connect on 33Kilovolts feeder where there are no 11 kilovolts feeder and connect only on 11 KV feeder where both 33KV and 11 KV feeders exist;

Worried that rather than enforce NERC’s earlier directive, NEMSA's ban does not only contradict this directive, but also constitutes a major impediment to government's power sector reform strategy and desire to improve electricity supply to major parts of the country;
Desirous of restoring electricity supply to parts of the country where this ban has affected and enhancing adequate enabling environment for energizing the country;

Resolves to:

(i) Mandate the Committees on Power and Legislative Compliance to cause a roundtable interaction with NEMSA and NERC, including affected Consumers towards reviewing the ban to enable the best platform that would allow consumers connect on 33Kilovolts feeder where there are no 11 kilovolts feeder and connect only on 11 KV feeder where both 33KV and 11 KV feeders exist and report back in 3 weeks;
also mandate the Committee on Power to urge the Ministry of Power including Transmission and Distribution Companies to enforce the responsibility of providing adequate alternative feeder lines for connection by electricity consumers.

36. Need to Complete the Abandoned Federal Low-Cost Housing Estate at Eziama, Isiala Mbano Local Government Area of Imo State and Rehabilitate the existing Infrastructure at Federal Low-cost Housing Estate Ubaha, Okigwe Local Government Area and Umuelemai, Isiala Mbano local Government Area, Imo State:
Hon. Miriam O. Onuoha:

The House:

Notes that according to the Nigeria Bureau of Statistics Nigeria has a Housing deficit of about 17 million houses as at August 2012 and requires 700,000 houses annually to offset the deficit compared to less than 100,000 being constructed;

Also notes that public housing in Nigeria has been criticized for failing to generate tangible and sustainable housing production, distribution and acquisition mechanisms to meet increasing housing demand, particularly by low-income earners;

Recalls that through the National Development plan, a National Housing Program was launched to deliver housing units across the country, Federal Housing Estate, Eziama and Umuelemai Isiala Mbano Local Government Area and Federal Low-cost Housing Estate Ubaha, Okigwe Local Government Area inclusive, While those of Okigwe Local Government Area and Umuelemai, Isiala Mbano Local Government Area were completed and occupied till date, the Eziama Isiala Mbano Housing Estate has been abandoned with over 1000 housing units;

Worried that if urgent attention is not taken and the Housing Estate completed, the property and land may be taken over completely by unpatriotic citizens and intention of Government not realized;

Concerned that the abandoned Housing Estate has become a hideout for criminals and hoodlums, this has in turn increased the high rate of crime in the area, hence the urgent need for completion of the Housing Estate, and rehabilitation of the dilapidated ones in Ubaha, Okigwe Local Government Area;

Resolves to:

(i) Urge the Federal Ministry of Works, and Housing to complete the abandoned Housing Estate in Eziama, Isiala Mbano Local Government Area;

(ii) again urge the Federal Ministry of Works to rehabilitate the dilapidated access roads at the Federal Low-cost Housing Estate in Ubaha, Okigwe Local Government Area and Umuelemai, Isiala Mbano Local Government Area;

(iii) mandate the Committee on Housing to appropriate funds for the completion of the Housing Estate and Rehabilitation of dilapidated access roads in the 2021 Appropriation;

(iv) mandate the Committee on Legislative Compliance to ensure implementation.

37. Need to Commence Activities at the Federal Polytechnic Adikpo in the 2021 Academic Year:
Hon. Tyough Robert Aondona:

The House:

Notes that the Bill for the Establishment of the Federal Polytechnic Adikpo was passed by the 8th Assembly;
Also notes that the justification and very need for the institution as the only Federal Tertiary Institution in the Benue East Senatorial Zone (Zone A) will be filled by its take off;

Aware that on passage of the bill, the community of Mbahav made available One Hundred and Ninety-Five Hectares (195H) of land for the Polytechnic Permanent Site;

Further notes that in preparation for the take-off of the Polytechnic, three (3) technical workshops and a Skill Acquisition Centre have been built and partly equipped at the permanent site of the Polytechnic;

Also aware that a gate house is also completed and construction of the perimeter fence is also ready at the permanent site of the Polytechnic;

Resolves to:

(i) Urge the Ministry of Education to make budgetary provisions, for the commencement of academic activities at the Federal Polytechnic Adikpo in the 2021 academic year;

(ii) mandate the Committee on Tertiary Education to monitor and ensure compliance and report back within two (2) months for further Legislative action.

38. Need to Curtail the Rampant Armed Herdsmen Attacks in Zango Kataf LGA of Kaduna State: Hon. Amos Gwamna Magaji:

The House:

Observes the rising state of armed militia attacks on communities within Zango Kataf and Jaba Local Government Councils of Kaduna State, which has led to loss of lives, properties and vast farmlands;

Notes that the recent attacks of six communities in Zango Kataf LGA took place on July 10 2020 with armed militias shooting sporadically and burning houses which led to the death of about thirty people, displacement of over 3,000 people, destruction of farmlands and burning of over 20 houses;

Worried that the recent attack happened barely one month after the Kaduna State Government imposed a 24-hour curfew on communities within Zango Kataf LGA following crisis that erupted between 10 and 11 June 2020, which led to the loss of many lives 'including men, women, youths and infants, as well as rustling of cattles, destruction of farmlands and loss of private buildings and business locations by indigene and residents of these communities;

Disturbed that in the past one year, the people of Kurmin Masara, Majuji, Magamiya, Ungwa Gaiya, Gan Gora and other communities within Zagon Kataf LGA have consistently being serial-victims of armed militia attacks that has led to wanton destruction of buildings, properties, farmlands and loss of lives;

Alarmed that the constant invasion of these communities by armed militias who maim, brutalize and kill people with recklessness and ferocious dimensions has turned the indigenes, residents and victims into destitute in their own ancestral homes;

Worried that the rapidity of these armed militia attacks may paralyse commerce and trade in these communities and across the state because people from these agrarian communities which produce majority of products consumed by people in the North West and parts of North Central Zone, can no longer go to their farmlands for fear of being attacked;
Resolves to:

(i) Urge the Nigerian Police and other security agencies to improve their intelligence network and beef up security with a view to curbing the menacing activities of armed militias in these communities;

(ii) Urge the Federal Ministry of Humanitarian Affairs, Disaster Management and Social Development as well as National Emergency Management Agency to provide necessary relief materials to victims of these ceaseless armed militia attacks.

39. Need to Address the Increasing Rate of Medical Brain Drain in Nigeria:
Hon. Ganiyu Abiodun Johnson:

The House:

Notes that Nigeria has one of the leading stocks of human resources for health in Africa but has failed to meet the health attention of its over 200 million people as a result of brain drain;

Also notes that the Nigeria Medical Association (NMA) in 2016 gave the statistics of about Five Thousand (5,000) medical workers leaving the country annually to developed countries making Nigeria the highest source of foreign born medical practitioners abroad;

Aware from studies that Nigeria has over Ninety Thousand (90,000) qualified Medical Doctors practicing abroad and in fact an average of fifty (50) doctors who had their primary Medical Education in Nigeria are said to be registering for practice every week in the United Kingdom UK, United States of America US, CANADA and the Oil rich countries learnt that Saudi Arabia Health Ministry usually visit Nigeria every year to conduct screening for intending Medical Practitioner both in Abuja and Lagos to take them to their country for employment and also numerous of Nigerian doctors are struggling for visa at British Embassy to travel to their country after they have even passed their compulsory Professional Linguistic Assessment Board (PLAB) exams at the British council;

Observes that some factors responsible for this development in Nigeria are inadequate infrastructure, poor human resources planning and management practices and structures, unsatisfactory working conditions characterized by heavy workloads and other factors such as lack of professional autonomy, poor supervision and support, long working hours, unsafe workplaces, inadequate career structures, poor working conditions and poor compensation packages are the factors contributing to the emigration from the country by surgeons, physicians, nurses and other medical professionals;

Worried that this exodus of medical practitioners in Nigeria has in particular contributed to acute shortages of specialized and experienced health professionals in the country and if this is not curbed, it will be tough for Nigeria to tackle poverty because health is actually the wealth;

Resolves to:

(i) Urge the Nigeria Ministry of Labour, Employment and Productivity to review the salary, allowance and welfare of Nigerian medical practitioners;

(ii) call on the Ministry of Labour, Employment and Productivity to consider expanding the total size of the medical practitioner in the country to create employment for the unemployed ones and develop a functional strategy that will attract diaspora Medical personnel to work at our various teaching hospitals;

(iii) mandate the Committee on Labour, Employment and Productivity to ensure the welfare and employment of the Nigerian medical practitioners;
(iv) also mandate the Committee on Healthcare Services to call other relevant stakeholders for an interactive session in order to proffer a lasting solution to the above subject matter.

40. Need to investigate the Refusal of Access Bank Plc and Other Banks to Call back their Fourty-Five Percent Staff Recently Laid-Off despite the Directive from the Central Bank of Nigeria (CBN):
Hon. Chinedu N. Ogah:

The House:

Notes that pursuant to the provisions of Section 14(2) (b) of the Constitution of the Federal Republic of Nigeria, 1999 (As Amended) the duty of government includes the security of lives and welfare of the people of Nigeria;

Further notes that as part of this duty, the federal government is to control the economy in such a manner as to ensure the wellbeing and happiness of every citizen as enshrined in Section 16(1) (b) of the Constitution of the Federal Republic of Nigeria, 1999 (As Amended);

Aware that as a result of the merger of Access Bank Plc with the now defunct Diamond Bank Plc, it inherited the assets and liabilities of Diamond Bank Plc and thereby had a total of 31,987 employees, higher than the pre-merger number of 15,316;

Further aware that as a result of the inherited liabilities, Access Bank Plc recently dismissed seventy-five percent of its staff population and reduced the salary of the remaining twenty-five percent by forty percent;

Cognizant that the action of Access Bank Plc will have a negative impact on the society in terms of increase in crimes, lack of employment, depression and probable loss of lives;

Informed that the Central Bank of Nigeria in its response and in the exercise of its powers as enshrined in Section 61(1) (a) of the Banks and Other Financial Institutions Act, directed Access Bank Plc to recall the laid-off staff and provided assistance to Access Bank Plc, to cushion the effect of the new liabilities it inherited from the merger;

Resolves to:

Mandate the Committee on Banking and Currency to investigate why Access Bank Plc and other Banks have not recalled the laid off staff after the CBN have given directives and assistance to the banks to do so and report back within 2 weeks for further legislative action.

CONSIDERATION OF REPORTS

41. A Bill for an Act to Provide for Establishment of Modibbo Adama University, Yola; and for Related Matters (HB. 647) (Senate) (House Leader) (Committee of the Whole: 20/2/2020).

43. A Bill for an Act to Establish Federal College of Education Birniwa, Jigawa State to Provide Full–
Time Courses Teaching Instruction and Training in Technology, Applied Science, Arts, Social
Sciences, Humanities and Management; and for Related Matters (HB. 383) (Hon. Abubakar Hassan
Fulata) (Committee of the Whole: 2/7/2020).

44. A Bill for an Act to Provide for the Establishment of the Federal College of Agriculture,
Kirikasamma, Jigawa State, to Provide Full–Time Courses, Teaching Instructions and Training in
Agriculture and carry out its Due Administration and Management; and for Related Matters (HB. 382) (Hon. Abubakar Hassan Fulata) (Committee of the Whole: 2/7/2020).

45. A Bill for an Act to Establish a Regulatory Framework for the Water Resources Sector in Nigeria,
provide for the Equitable and Sustainable Development, Management, use and Conservation of
Nigeria’s surface Water and groundwater Resources; and for Related Matters (HB. 921) (Hon. Sada
Soli Jiba) (Committee of the Whole: 22/7/2020).

46. A Bill for an Act to Repeal the Adeyemi College of Education, Paragraph (I) of the First Schedule to
the Adeyemi Federal University of Education, Ondo for the Promotion and Development of Teacher
Education in Nigeria; and for Related Matters (HB. 426) (Hon. Makinde Abiola) (Committee of the
Whole: 21/11/2019).

47. A Bill for an Act to Establish the Federal University of Agriculture, Jalingo; and for Related Matters
(HB. 750) (Hon. Abubakar Hassan Fulata) (Committee of the Whole: 10/3/2020).

48. A Bill for an Act to Establish the Nigerian Peace Corps to Develop, Empower and Provide Gainful
Employment for The Youth, Facilitate Peace, Volunteerism, Community Services, Neighborhood
Watch, Nation-Building; and for Related Matters. (HB. 17) (Committee of the Whole: 24/7/2019).

49. Committees on Finance, Customs and Excise and, Public Petitions:
Hon. James Abiodun Faleke:
“That the House do consider the Report of the Committees on Finance, Customs and Excise and,
Public Petitions on the Curious Proposes Concession Arrangement between Consortium Bionica
Technologies West Africa Limited (Sponsor) Bergmnds Security Consultant and Supplies Limited
(co. Sponsors), African Finance Corporation(Lead Financier) and Huawei (Lead Technical Service
Provider) and the Nigeria Customs Services and Infrastructure Concession Regulatory Commission
(ICRC) , for the Customs Modernization Project and approve the recommendations therein” (Laid
21/7/2020)

(i) That as much as MESSRS. ADANI MEGA SYSTEMS LTD/Webb Fountain and the
Consortium under this project were geared towards achieving the same project goals/results
MESSRS. ADANI MEGA SYSTEMS LTD/WEBB FOUNTAIN be allowed to continue
with the project so as to avoid unimaginable possible revenue 10 s to the Country;

(ii) that the Project should be build, operate, and transfer and not build operate and own; and

(iii) that the National Assembly should ensure compliance with the above recommendations.

50. Ad-hoc Committee on the Need to Investigate the Arbitrary Breach of Presidential Directives
on the Suspension of Top Management and Executive Committee Members of Nigeria Social
Insurance Trust Fund (NSITF):
Hon. Miriam Onuoha:
“that the House do consider the Report of the Ad-hoc Committee on the Need to Investigate the
Arbitrary Breach of Presidential Directives on the Suspension of Top Management and Executive
Committee Members of Nigeria Social Insurance Trust Fund (NSITF) and Other Government Agencies by Ministers and approve the Recommendations therein” (HR.12/07/2020) (Laid: 22/7/2020).

(i) Declare that the procedure leading to the Suspension of the under listed Officials of Nigeria Social Insurance Trust Fund (NSITF) and the Bureau for Public Procurement (BPP) are in breach of the Nigeria Social Insurance Trust Fund Act, and the Circular (Ref No: SGF/OP/LS.3/T/163) titled Approved Disciplinary Procedure Against Chief Executive Officers of Federal Government Parastatals, Agency and Departments;

(a) Barr. Adebayo Somefun NSITF - Managing Director (Chief Executive)
(b) Chief Mrs Kemi Nelson NSITF - Executive Director (Operations)
(c) Alhaji Tijani Suleiman Darazo NSITF - Executive Director (Admin)
(d) Mr. Jasper Azuatalam NSITF - Executive Director
(e) Mr. Olumide Olusegun Bashorun NSITF - General Manager (Admin)
(f) Mr. Lawan Tahir NSITF - General Manager (Finance)
(g) Mr. Chris Esedebe NSITF - General Manager (Claims)
(h) Mr. Oludotun Adegbite NSITF - Deputy General Manager (Investment)
(i) Mr. Emmanuel Sike Enyinnaya NSITF - Deputy General Manager (Finance)
(j) Ms. Dorothy Tukura NSITF - Deputy General Manager (Training)
(k) Mrs. Olutoyan Arokoyo NSITF - Deputy General Manager (Legal)
(l) Mrs. Victoria Anyatuga NSITF - Asst. General Manager (Audits)
(m) Engr. Abdul Rasheed Lawai (BPP) - Deputy Director (Procurement)

(n) urge the Mr. President through the office of Secretary to the Federal Government to reinstate these Officials and ensure that due process is observed in line with the provisions of the Nigeria Social Insurance Trust Fund Act, and the Circular (Ref No: SGF/OP/LS.3/T/163) titled Approved Disciplinary Procedure Against Chief Executive Officers of Federal Government Parastatals, Agency and Departments;

(o) also urge the Honourable Minister of Power to review disciplinary action against the Chief Executives of the Nigeria Bulk Electricity Trading (NBET) and the Transmission Company of Nigeria (TCN).

51. Committee on Niger Delta Development:
Hon. Olubunmi Tunji–Ojo:
“that the House do consider the Report of the Committee on Niger Delta Development on the Need to Investigate the Alleged Financial Malfeasance and Other Activities in the Niger Delta Development Commission (NDDC) and Approve the recommendations therein (Laid: 23/7/2020).

(i) that these gross violations should be reported to the Anti-Graft agencies for further investigation, prosecution and recovery;

(ii) Niger Delta Development Commission (NDDC) Management is requested to seek a refund of N19.7million from Olumuyiwa Bashiru & Co and report back to the House with a proof of compliance latest 45 days from the adoption of this recommendation;

(iii) that the Project Monitoring Department should carry out an appraisal of the extent of work done so far by Clear Point Communications Limited and quantify same in monetary value against the scale of fees in the media industry and pro-rate the payment while the remainder should be refunded;

(iv) refer to Anti-Graft Agencies to investigate the contract payments in order to ascertain the level of infractions and prosecute violators accordingly;
(v) that the total sum made to the Acting Managing Director, the Executive Directors and other Directors of NDDC to attend overseas graduation be refunded and failure to do so immediately the anti-graft agencies should commence investigation, prosecution and recovery;

(vi) that a scrutiny of the medical treatment bills/insurance payments made by the commission to ascertain their appropriateness especially given that the commission has health insurance and referral partnerships and it is still making payments for staff medical treatments. These cases should be referred to the anti-graft agency for diligent investigation, prosecution and possible recovery;

(vii) that the court proceedings and the court judgement be made available to the House within 14 days and failure to do so, he should be reported to the anti-graft agencies for further investigation and possible recovery;

(viii) that the advice of the Commission's in-house estate values should be adhered to in line with the provisions of the NDDC corporate policy and sections 16(1)(b), and 57(4) of the Public Procurement Act, 2007. Any amount standing in excess of 10.5 billion naira should be refunded and the anti-graft agency should immediately investigate the procurement processes for possible prosecution;

(ix) refer to the Anti-Graft Agencies to investigate the violations of the extant laws, sanction and prosecute culpable officials;

(x) that the NDDC and contractors did not provide proof of contract performance and contract documents; we therefore recommend that the contract and payment made to AHR Global Standard Services be thoroughly investigated by the anti-graft agencies to ascertain value for money and performance as they did not comply with the covid-19 emergency procurement guidelines of the BPP;

(xi) given that the NDDC did not provide all the requested contractual documents, it is difficult to determine contract performance and value for money. We therefore recommend that these contracts:

(a) Coordinate Global Services - N551.08million;
(b) PSI International Co Ltd - N427.8million;
(c) Delta Pride & Gold Energy - N155.5million;

(xii) that the matter be referred to the Anti-Graft Agencies to investigate the violations of the extant laws, sanction and prosecute culpable officials and contractors;

(xiii) that these infractions/donations which are outside the mandate and above the approval threshold of NDDC be thoroughly investigated by the Anti-Graft Agencies to ascertain if the states actually received the stated funds (see detail on page 65), and the police the COVID-19 Kits. Also, the management of NDDC should be sanctioned for violating the constitution and other extant laws;

(xiv) that the NDDC should rationalize the cleaning service companies to not more than 12 (1 per state and 3 for the head office) and a conscious reduction in the total amount spent for cleaning services to reflect the financial mood of the country that call for prudence at all levels. Compliance should be communicated within 60 days from the adoption of this recommendation;
(xv) that the Anti-Graft Agencies should investigate the circumstances leading to the refund of N320 million for the reconstruction of the hospital and apply relevant sanctions for culpability in the violation of any extant laws;

(xvi) that based on Sections 12(1) and 12(1)(a) of the NDDC Act 2000 Dr. Cairo Godson Ojuogboh is unqualified and unfit to occupy the Office of Executive Director, Projects of the NDDC and should be discharged forthwith from that position; and

(xvii) recall of all affected employees.

### COMMITTEE MEETINGS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>S/N</th>
<th>Committee</th>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Time</th>
<th>Venue</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Rules and Business</td>
<td>Thursday, 23 July, 2020</td>
<td>3.00 p.m.</td>
<td>Committee Room 06 (White House) Assembly Complex</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Population</td>
<td>Thursday, 23 July, 2020</td>
<td>3.00 p.m.</td>
<td>Committee Room 468 (New Building) Assembly Complex</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td>Urban Development and regional Planning</td>
<td>Thursday, 23 July, 2020</td>
<td>3.00 p.m.</td>
<td>Committee Room 456 (New Building) Assembly Complex</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.</td>
<td>Public Petitions</td>
<td>Thursday, 23 July, 2020</td>
<td>3.00 p.m.</td>
<td>Committee Room 429 (New Building) Assembly Complex</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>