



HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF NIGERIA ORDER PAPER

Wednesday 27 November, 2019

1. Prayers
 2. National Pledge
 3. Approval of the Votes and Proceedings
 4. Oaths
 5. Message from the President of the Federal Republic of Nigeria (*if any*)
 6. Message from the Senate of the Federal Republic of Nigeria (*if any*)
 7. Messages from Other Parliament(s) (*if any*)
 8. Other Announcements (*if any*)
 9. Petitions (*if any*)
 10. Matter(s) of Urgent Public Importance
 11. Personal Explanation
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PRESENTATION OF BILLS

1. Legislative Houses (Powers and Privileges) Act (Amendment) Bill, 2019 (HB.510) (*Hon. Femi Gbajabiamila*) – *First Reading*.
2. Constitution of the Federal Republic of Nigeria, 1999 (Alteration) Bill, 2019 (HB.511) (*Hon. Femi Gbajabiamila*) – *First Reading*.
3. Federal University of Technology, Ipokia (Establishment) Bill, 2019 (HB.512) (*Hon. Kolawole Lawal*) – *First Reading*.
4. Display and Use of National Flag and Coat of Arms Act (Amendment) Bill, 2019 (HB.513) (*Hon. Olusegun Odebunmi*) – *First Reading*.

5. National Film and Video Censorship, Classification and Exhibition Regulatory Commission Bill, 2019 (HB.514) (*Hon. Olusegun Odebunmi*) – *First Reading*.
6. Dietitians Council of Nigeria (Establishment) Bill, 2019 (HB.515) (*Hon. Olusegun Odebunmi*) – *First Reading*.
7. Cassava and Sorghum Flour (Mandatory Inclusion in Flour Production) Bill, 2019 (HB.516) (*Hon. Olusegun Odebunmi*) – *First Reading*.
8. Nigerian Television Authority Act (Amendment) Bill, 2019 (HB.517) (*Hon. Olusegun Odebunmi*) – *First Reading*.
9. Advertising Practitioners (Registration, Licensing, etc.) Act (Repeal and Enactment) Bill, 2019 (HB.518) (*Hon. Adeyemi Akeem Adeniyi*) – *First Reading*.
10. Compulsory, Free Universal Basic Education (Establishment) Act (Amendment) Bill, 2019 (HB.519) (*Hon. Victor Mela*) – *First Reading*.
11. Federal College of Agriculture Warji, Bauchi (Establishment) Bill, 2019 (HB.520) (*Hon. Abdullahi Sa'ad Abdulkadir*) – *First Reading*.
12. Nigerian National Merit Awards Act (Amendment) Bill, 2019 (HB.521) (*Hon. Uchechuku G. Nnam-Obi*) – *First Reading*.
13. National Examinations Council (NECO) Act (Amendment) Bill, 2019 (HB.522) (*Hon. Uchechuku G. Nnam-Obi*) – *First Reading*.
14. Joint Admissions and Matriculation Board Act (Amendment) Bill, 2019 (HB.523) (*Hon. Uchechuku G. Nnam-Obi*) – *First Reading*.
15. National Business and Technical Education Board Act (Amendment) Bill, 2019 (HB.524) (*Hon. Uchechuku G. Nnam-Obi*) – *First Reading*.
16. External Trade Letters of Credit (Control) Act (Repeal) Bill, 2019 (HB.525) (*Hon. Uchechuku G. Nnam-Obi*) – *First Reading*.
17. Education (National Minimum Standards and Establishment of Institutions) Act (Amendment) Bill, 2019 (HB.526) (*Hon. Uchechuku G. Nnam-Obi*) – *First Reading*.
18. Federal University of Technology, Auchi Bill, 2019 (HB.527) (*Hon. Johnson E. Oghuma*) – *First Reading*.
19. National Metallurgical Training Institute, Sagamu, Ogun State (Establishment) Bill, 2019 (HB.528) (*Hon. Adewunmi O. Onanuga*) – *First Reading*.
20. Federal Medical Centre, Ilorin (Establishment) Bill, 2019 (HB.529) (*Hon. Olododo S. C. Abdulganiyu*) – *First Reading*.
21. Federal Medical Centre, Fufu (Establishment) Bill, 2019 (HB.530) (*Hon. Olododo S. C. Abdulganiyu*) – *First Reading*.
22. Maritime Development Bank of Nigeria (Establishment) Bill, 2019 (HB.531) (*Hon. Mansur Manu Soro*) – *First Reading*.
23. Federal College of Education (Technical) Ikirun, Osun State (Establishment) Bill, 2019 (HB.532) (*Hon. Rasheed Afolabi Olalekan*) – *First Reading*.

24. Federal College of Agriculture, Kuta (Establishment) Bill, 2019 (HB.533) (*Hon. Amobi Yinusa Akintola*) – *First Reading*.
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ORDERS OF THE DAY

BILLS

1. **Consolidation of Bills:**
- (a) A Bill for an Act to Amend the Pension Reform Act, 2014; and for Related Matters (HB.208) (*Hon. Aishatu Jibril Dukku*);
 - (b) A Bill for an Act to Amend the Pension Reform Act, 2014; and for Related Matters (HB.386) (*Hon Ademorin Kuye*); and
 - (c) A Bill for an Act to Amend the Pension Reform Act, 2014; and for Related Matters (HB. 392) (*Hon. Johnson Oghuma*)
2. A Bill for an Act to Provide that 40% of Nigeria’s Annual Budget should be earmarked for Capital Projects in the next ten (10) Years; and for Related Matters (HB. 4) (*Hon. Femi Gbajabamila*) - *Second Reading*.
3. A Bill for an Act to Establish Federal Capital Territory Education Resources Centre charged with Responsibility to, among other things, Plan and Implement Curriculum measures and evaluate Students and other Applicants for placement into Schools under the Administration of the Federal Capital Territory; and for Related Matters (HB. 21) (*Hon. Benjamin Okezie Kalu*) - *Second Reading*.
4. A Bill for an Act to Establish the National Institute for Electoral Studies to serve as a High-Level Intellectual Centre for Academic and Professional Research, Training on Election Management, Electoral Standards and Electoral Studies, to facilitate effective Democratic Governance in Nigeria; and for Related Matters (HB. 251) (*Hon. Onofiok Luke*) - *Second Reading*.
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MOTIONS

5. **Reconsideration of Outstanding Bills from the Preceding Assembly:**
Hon. Abubabakar Hassan Fulata:

- (a) *Franchise Bill, 2019 (HB.138)*;
- (b) *Chartered Institute of Risk Management of Nigeria Bill, 2019 (HB.139)*;
- (c) *Federal Polytechnic, Abiriba (Establishment) Bill, 2019 (HB. 313)*; and
- (d) *Nigeria Maritime Administration and Safety Agency Act (Amendment) Bill, 2019 (HB. 477)*,

The House:

Notes that pursuant to Order Twelve (12), Rule 16 of the Standing Orders of the House of Representatives, Bills passed by the preceding Assembly and forwarded to the Senate for concurrence for which no concurrence was made or negatived or passed by the Senate and forwarded to the House for which no concurrence was made or negatived or which were passed by the National Assembly and forwarded to the President for assent but for which assent or withholding thereof was not communicated before the end of the tenure of the Assembly, the House may resolve that such Bills, upon being re-gazetted or clean copies circulated, be re-considered in the Committee of the Whole without being commenced de-novo;

Also notes that the aforementioned Bills were passed by the preceding Assembly and forwarded to the President for assent but for which assent or withholding thereof was not communicated before the end of the tenure of the last Assembly;

Aware that the Bills were re-gazetted as HBs.138, 139, 313 and 477 and read the first time respectively;

Resolves to:

Commit the Bill to the Committee of the Whole for consideration.

6. Provision of Basic Infrastructure in Kubwa, Abuja to ease the problem of Overpopulation in the Area:

Hon. Micah Yohanna Jiba.

The House:

Notes that over the years, the Federal Capital Territory has undergone tremendous growth and development resulting in massive influx of people into the city;

Also notes that the Master Plan of the Federal Capital Territory, Kubwa is one of the five major sub-districts designed to cater for between 150,000 to 250,000 people, and organised around local businesses and employment that is to be autonomous, yet accessible to other parts of the city;

Further notes that Kubwa is the fastest growing satellite towns in Abuja as there is a concentration of a large number of the Federal Government workforce and businessmen residing in the axis;

Aware that due to the increasing migration of people to the district, Kubwa currently has a population of over 700,000 people as against the maximum number of 250,000 the area was originally intended to accommodate;

Also aware that the large volume of human migration to Kubwa has been accompanied with its attendant environmental and socio-economic challenges of varying degrees;

Concerned that there are currently acute housing shortages and a rapid growth of satellite towns that clearly lack basic amenities and social infrastructure, which is at complete variance from the core values set out in the Abuja Master Plan;

Also concerned that Kubwa has become overpopulated and the situation is having direct consequences on the environment and further demand on land resources, power, housing and social facilities among others;

Further concerned that the overpopulation has contributed to a disruption in the balance which had existed hitherto, thus resulting in environmental degradation, and solid waste accumulation, which has dire consequences on the health and safety of the residents;

Worried that the amenities put in place in the district, such as hospitals, roads, electricity, water, etc. are no longer adequate to accommodate the current population in the area;

Cognizant of the need for expansion and creation of more settlements so ease the pressure on amenities in the district;

Resolves to:

- (i) Urge the Federal Government to review the masterplan of Kubwa District to cater for the current and future changes in the area, establish more settlements as well as establish more

healthcare facilities, schools and other basic amenities to cater for the growing number of residents around the area;

- (ii) mandate the Committees on FCT Area Councils and Ancillary Matters and, Urban Development to ensure compliance.

**7. Extension of Agricultural Support Service to Mallam Madori/Kaugama Federal Constituency of Jigawa State:
Hon. Abubakar Makki Yalleman.**

The House:

Notes that the Federal Ministry of Agriculture and Rural Development is saddled with the responsibility of growing Nigeria's agricultural sector, and integrating rural development for the transformation of the economy and accelerating food production;

Also notes that the Ministry equally has the mandate to promote agricultural businesses, encourage rural development, support private sector institutions and stakeholders to assure food security, provide raw materials for agro-based industries, diversify employment opportunities and agricultural products along commodity value chains and generate foreign exchange for the nation;

Concerned that Mallam Madori/Kaugama Federal Constituency as a purely agriculture based enclave has consistently been denied the benefits of supply of agricultural materials like improved quality seedlings, fertilizer, pesticides, periodic and consistent education and enlightenment;

Worried that the planting season is underway and so many constituencies have benefited immensely and severally from the Ministry except Mallam Madori/Kaugama Federal Constituency, as evidence in this year's flag off of the commencement of distribution of high yielding cotton seeds and other farm inputs like fertilizer and pesticides to over 100,000 cotton farmers in Katsina State which was reported on the Ministry's website on May 6, 2019;

Resolves to:

- (i) Urge the Federal Ministry of Agriculture and Rural Development to provide periodic training programs and also supply materials that can meet the agricultural needs of farmers in Mallam Madori/Kaugama Federal Constituency, Jigawa State;
- (ii) mandate the Committee on Agricultural Production and Services to ensure implementation.

**8. Need to Address lack of Social Amenities in Obigwe Community, Rivers State:
Hon. Uchechuku G. Nnam-Obi.**

The House:

Informed that Obigwe Community is the ancestral home of Ogbaland and the headquarters of Ward 7 Igburu Clan comprising of over twelve (12) Communities in Ogba/Egbema/Ndoni Local Government Area of Rivers State and it is a hub of political activities demonstrating the community's relevance in cultural, economic, ancestral and political lives of the people and the State at large;

Also informed of the lack of social amenities in Obigwe community and the only federal road leading to the town hall, community playground and the health centre are in a deplorable state, robbing the community of its pride of place while exposing commuters to robbery, kidnappings and other criminal activities;

Notes that since October 2015, Obigwe Community has not had power supply, leaving the people in complete darkness, a situation that has further depleted economic activities in the Community and its environs, as a result the health centre has become a shadow of itself as patients are referred to hospitals in far places and many have lost their lives on the way to access health care having regard to the deplorable state of the road in the area;

Concerned that the deplorable state of the road in Obigwe town and the continued lack of electricity will completely destroy economic life and cause the community to lose her historic relevance in Ogbaland if nothing is done to ameliorate the situation;

Also concerned that the residents of the community suffer from water borne diseases due to lack of clean water as the people are forced to fetch drinking water from swamps and other unhealthy sources;

Resolves to:

- (i) Urge the Niger Delta Development Commission (NDDC) to urgently construct the federal road in Obigwe Community to restore economic, cultural and political activities in the community;
- (ii) also urge the NDDC to provide water boreholes and two (2) 500KVA transformers to Obigwe Community to restore electricity in the area and improve the quality of life of the people;
- (iii) mandate the Committee on NDDC to ensure implementation.

**9. Need to carry out a Comprehensive Audit of Water Infrastructure Across the Country:
Hon. Awaji-Inombek D. Abiante.**

The House:

Recalls that a survey conducted by the Nigeria Bureau of Statistics and the United Nations International Children's Emergency Fund (UNICEF) Revealed that millions of households in Nigeria do not have access to clean water;

Further recalls that the World Bank's statistics revealed that about fifty-one percent (51%) of Nigerians reside in the rural areas, an area that is more challenged in terms of clean and portable water availability;

Aware that poor access to improved water remain a major contributing factor to high morbidity and mortality rates in Nigeria, especially from waterborne diseases of cholera, dysentery, diarrhea etc.;

Also aware that water supply in Nigeria is shared between the three-tiers of government (Federal, State and Local);

Disturbed that despite the huge amount being budgeted annually for the provision/supply of clean water to Nigerians by the three-tiers of government, majority of Nigerians, either living in urban or rural areas still have no access to clean water sources;

Observes that poor coordination of water infrastructure/intervention by the three-tiers of government constitute a major challenge towards adequate provision of clean water to Nigerians;

Also observes that duplication of efforts by various government agencies to provide clean and portable water in our communities have not yielded any positive result, rather it shows enormous waste and abandonment;

Believes that if there is a comprehensive audit of water infrastructure in the Country and better coordination by all the relevant agencies of government, a complementary effort rather than duplication can be used to ensure adequate supply of clean, safe and portable water in our communities;

Resolves to:

- (i) urge the Federal Ministry of Water Resources to liaise with relevant agencies in the States and Local Governments across the Country to carry out a comprehensive audit of all water infrastructures across the Country;
- (ii) also urge the Federal Ministry of Water Resources, its States and Local Government counterparts to use the outcome of the auditing to draw a roadmap which will include complementary efforts of relevant agencies to achieve adequate supply of clean, safe and portable water to Nigerians;
- (iii) mandate the Committee on Water Resources to ensure compliance.

**10. Need to Investigate the Reforms Proposed in the National Broadcasting Code by the Federal Government of Nigeria:
Hon. Solomon T. Bob.**

The House:

Recalls that following the directive of President Muhammadu Buhari, the Minister of Information instituted an inquiry into the conduct of broadcasting stations in Nigeria whereupon a five-member committee was inaugurated on 10 April, 2019;

Notes that the terms of reference of the Committee included finding out the extent to which the National Broadcasting Commission (NBC) was able to effectively carry out its regulatory role before and during the 2019 general elections and recommending measures that would strengthen the NBC's regulatory role and make it more effective;

Aware that one of the recommendations of the Committee to the Federal Government was a review of the National Broadcasting Code and extant broadcasting laws to reflect some amendments including:

Upward review of fines from N500,000.00 to N5,000,000.00 for breaches relating to hate speeches, inciting comments and in decency;

Upgrade of breach of political comments relating to hate speeches and divisive comments to Class "A" offence in the Broadcasting Code;

Suspension of License for willful repeat of infractions on three occasions after levying a fine;

Further aware that the President has approved the recommendations of the Committee which the Minister is planning to implement by setting up an Implementation Committee on 9th October, 2019;

Worried that the full implementation of the recommendations of the Committee on NBC reforms is capable of eroding the fundamental right of Nigerians to freedom of expression guaranteed under section 39 of the 1999 Constitution (as amended) which provides that "every person shall be entitled

to freedom of expression including freedom to hold opinions and to receive and import ideas and information without interference";

Convinced that there is need for the House to investigate the Committee's recommendations to ensure that repressive laws are not incorporated into our laws to muzzle the broadcast media;

Resolves to:

Mandate the Committees on Information, Orientation, Ethics and Values, and Justice to investigate the reforms being proposed for the NBC by the Federal Government and report back to the House within four (4) weeks for further legislative action.

11. Rechanneling the Export Expansion Grant (EEG) into the Development of Agro-Processing Industry:

Hon. Adegbe Oluwatimehin:

The House:

Notes that in a bid to promote non- oil exports and diversify the Nigerian economy, the Federal Government, in 1999, introduced the Export Expansion Grant (EEG) Scheme which was aimed at providing incentives in cash or otherwise to exporters;

Also notes that the Scheme was suspended in 2013 due to abuses by some exporters who were beneficiaries of the Scheme, but it was re- introduced in 2016;

Aware that the sums of ₦16 billion; ₦13,279,975, 000 and ₦3,034,000,000 provided in 2017, 2018 and 2019, respectively in the Federal Government budgets were not enough to cater for the ever-increasing bills of the exporters, hence the introduction of the Promissory Note Regime;

Concerned that despite the huge cash incentives being dolled out to exporters, about 270 of them are indebted to the Federal Government to the tune of about N195 billion for the period when the Scheme was put on hold, however, the exporters have succeeded in extracting Promissory Notes indebtedness from the Federal Government;

Cognizant that if the huge sum of ₦195 billion is shared to the 36 States of the Federation and the Federal Capital Territory, each of them will collect an average sum of ₦6 billion, which is enough to establish at least a minimum of two Agro- Processing Factories per state in order to process the agricultural produce in which the State has comparative advantage, with the multiplier effects of providing employment opportunities for the teeming unemployed population;

Worried that despite the huge resources being expended on the Scheme, little or nothing has been achieved in terms of export earnings and diversification and the Scheme appears to have done more damage by killing the scanty local agro- processing factories which hitherto, found it difficult to survive as they were being starved of local raw materials;

Also worried that the Scheme does not encourage the processing of raw cocoa and other agricultural produce to exportable finished products;

Appreciates that growth and economic development will be achieved if such funds are channeled into establishing and funding local agro- allied processing factories in the 36 States of the Federation and the Federal Capital Territory through a tripartite Private Public Partnership (PPP) arrangements which will make State Governments parties to the said arrangements.

Resolves to:

Mandate the Committees on Commerce and Industry to investigate the operations and performance of the Export Expansion Grant (EEG) Scheme in order to determine its successes or otherwise and make recommendations that will lead to the rechanneling of the huge fund into Agro- Processing Industry, and report back within three (3) weeks for further legislative action.

12. Need to Investigate the Collapse of the Delta Steel Company (DSC):

Hon. Ben Rollands Igbakpa

The House:

Notes that Delta Steel Company PLC Oviwian-Aladja, Udu local government area of Delta State was built on 172 hectares of land at the cost of \$1.89 billion and was established to be the flagship of the steel industry in West Africa and the Nigerian dream to industrialization with capacity to provide jobs for thousands of Nigerians;

Aware that at the peak of its glory, Delta Steel complex was a beehive of activities by men and machines, labouring day and night at various units where blazing fire and thick smoke escaped non-stop into the huge sky of Ovwian -Aladja towns in the course of producing over 200,000 metric tonnes of liquid steel, and supplying materials for inland rolling mills at Osogbo, Jos, Katsina including Ajaokuta Steel Industry;

Disturbed that nearly four decades after its commissioning decline set in and the steel giant started in 1982 to totter due to bad government decisions and dishonest corporate governance perpetrated by corrupt civil servants, politicians and Indian businessmen, all at the expense of Nigerian taxpayers and the host communities and by 1997, all the mills had lain comatose despite decades of funding by the Federal Government as a one-million tonne capacity steel plant billed to produce 950,000 metric tonnes of billets and 320,000 metric tonnes of rolled products could hardly produce a single billet and the foundry unit, which earlier produced spare parts for Peugeot Automobile of Nigeria in Kaduna, had long been closed down;

Informed that the story is different for other countries that embarked on a similar industrial journey with Nigeria that have achieved their full capacity after few years of operations such as Argentina that hit and surpassed installed capacity after seven years, Venezuela after 11 years, Egypt after six years, Iran after 10 years, Saudi Arabia after 3 years, India after seven years, while South Africa hit above 50 percent after 4 years and has now become the highest steel producer in Africa;

Recalls the controversial sale of DSC in 2004 when BUA International Limited, Dangote Industries Limited, Niger- Benue Transport Company Limited, Osaka Steel Limited and Premium Steel and Mines Limited bided for the company but the firm that was later granted approval to purchase the company did not participate in the bidding process;

Also recalls that the Senate recommended the rescission of the sale of Delta Steel Company and that individuals involved in the corrupt practices surrounding the sale of public enterprises including Delta Steel Company should further be investigated by Economic and Financial Crime Commission (EFCC);

Conscious of the fact that though EFCC, in 2011, arrested four senior officials of Global Infrastructure Nigeria Limited in connection with the allegation of sharp practices, till date, no one has been prosecuted, in fact, a human right group later wrote to President Muhammadu Buhari to revisit and refer the allegations of corruption and abuse of process in the privatisation of public enterprises in Nigeria between 1999 and 2011 to anti-graft agencies for further investigation;

Also conscious that the sale/purchase agreement of Delta Steel Company stipulated that Global Infrastructure would hold 80 percent of the company's shares, while 10 percent was allocated each to the DSC staff and the host communities, but the Bureau of Public Enterprises (BPE) violated this rule by stalling the transaction that could have allowed Udu communities take possession of their minority shares for two years;

Also informed that in the beginning, Global Steel Holdings Limited promised to invest \$450 million to double the production capacity at Delta Steel Company to 2.4 million tonnes per annum (mtpa) in a couple of years, however that pledge remained unfulfilled till its ownership of the company was revoked in 2008, meanwhile the company used DSC assets as collateral to acquire loans of more than N31 billion from Nigerian banks that were never repaid;

Concerned that despite the promise by Premium Steel to revive the DSC in a short time, operations at the plant are yet to begin two years after the purchase of the steel company leaving the whole complex deserted, except for gun-toting security men who guard the premises;

Cognizant that the host communities are worried that the Premium Steel and Mines Limited may use the schools, which the communities have nurtured and preserved for years, as collateral for loans that may not be repaid, and thereby exposing the schools to a similar crisis that have crippled the steel plant for more decades, so given that the schools were not included in the assets sold to the GSHL/GINL in the first place, therefore (AMCON) the Asset Management Company of Nigeria should not have handed them over to the new buyer;

Resolves to:

Mandate the Committees on Steel and Works to conduct investigation into the sale and the subsequent failure of Premium Steel and Mines Limited to put the Steel Company into operations and make recommendations on measures to ensure its resuscitation within the shortest possible time, and report back in four (4) weeks for further legislative action.

CONSIDERATION OF REPORTS

13. A Bill for an Act to Repeal the Health Records Officers (Registration etc.) Act, Cap. H2, Laws of the Federation of Nigeria, 2004 and Enact the Health Information Practitioners Council of Nigeria Bill for Effective and efficient Health information Management, to Regulate the Training, Practice and Management of Health Information System in Nigeria; and for Related Matters (HB. 179) (*Hon. Muhammad Umar Jega and Hon. Gideon Gwani*) - (*Committee of the Whole: 5/11/2019*).
14. A Bill for an Act to Establish Federal College of Education (Special) Birnin Kudu, Jigawa State to Provide Full-Time Courses, Teaching, Instruction and Training in Technology, Applied Science, Art, Social Sciences, Humanities and Management; and for Related Matters (HB. 169) (*Hon. Magaji Da,u Aliyu*) (*Committee of the Whole: 9/10/2019*).
15. A Bill for an Act to Establish the Vigilante Group of Nigeria (VGN) charged with Responsibilities to, among others, Provide Community Policing, Maintenance of Law and Order and Community Service for Nigerians; and for Related Matters (HB.437) (*Hon. Abbas Tajudeen*) (*Committee of the Whole: 21/11/2019*).

COMMITTEE MEETINGS

<i>S/N</i>	<i>Committee</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Time</i>	<i>Venue</i>
1.	Rules and Business	Wednesday, 27 November, 2019	3.00 p.m.	Committee Room 06 (White House) Assembly Complex
2.	Public Petitions (<i>Investigative Hearing</i>)	Wednesday, 27 November, 2019	3.00 p.m.	Committee Room 429 (New Building) Assembly Complex
3.	HIV/AIDS, Tuberculosis and Malarial Control	Wednesday, 27 November, 2019	3.00 p.m.	Committee Room 348 (New Building) Assembly Complex
4.	Aids, Loans and Debts Management	Wednesday, 27 November, 2019	3.00 p.m.	Committee Room 460 (New Building) Assembly Complex
5.	Ecological Fund (<i>with Common Wealth Human Ecology Council</i>)	Wednesday, 27 November, 2019	3.00 p.m.	Committee Room 144 (New Building) Assembly Complex