

# FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF NIGERIA VOTES AND PROCEEDINGS

Wednesday, 6th June, 2018

1. The Senate met at 11:08 a.m. The Senate President read Prayers.

#### 2. Votes and Proceedings:

The Senate examined the Votes and Proceedings of Tuesday, 5th June, 2018.

Question was put and the Votes and Proceedings were approved.

#### 3. Message from Mr. President:

The Senate President announced that he had received a letter from Mr. President, Commander-in-Chief of the Armed Forces of the Federation which he read as follows:

Transmission of Bill:



### **PRESIDENT,**FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF NIGERIA

4th June, 2018

Distinguished Senator Abubakar Bukola Saraki President of the Senate, Senate Chambers, National Assembly Complex, Three Arms Zone, Abuja.

Dear Distinguished Senate President,

## TRANSMISSION OF THE DEEP OFFSHORE AND INLAND BASIN PRODUCTION SHARING CONTRACTS (AMENDMENT) BILL, 2018

I forward herewith a draft of the Deep Offshore and Inland Basin Production Sharing Contracts (Amendment) Bill, 2018, for the kind consideration and passage by the Semute of the Federal Republic of Nigeria.

While hoping that the Bill will receive the usual expeditious consideration and passage by the Distinguished Senate, please accept, Mr. Senate President, the assurances of my highest regards.

#### Yours Sincerely, (Signed) Muhammadu Buhari

#### 4. Announcement:

Acknowledgment:

The Senate President acknowledged the presence of the following who were at the gallery to observe Senate Proceedings:

- (i) Acting Serjeant-At-Arms, Major Asigri Chaka (Rtd.) from the Parliament of Ghana;
- (ii) Members of Students Union Government, Auchi Polytechnic, Auchi, Edo State;
- (iii) Staff and Students of Kingdom Heritage Model School, Durumi, Abuja;
- (iv) Staff and Students of Bethel Academy, Masaka, Nasarawa State; and
- (v) Staff and Students of De Angels Academy, Masaka, Nasarawa State.

#### 5. Petitions:

(i) Rising on Rule 41, Senator Chukwuka G. Utazi (Enugu North) drew the attention of the Senate to a petition from his constituent, Mr. Ndu A. Nnanna, against the National Population Commission (NPC), over his marginalisation. He urged the Senate to look into the matter.

Petition laid and accordingly referred to the Committee on Ethics, Privileges and Public Petitions [Rule 41(3)] to report within two (2) weeks.

(ii) Rising on Rule 41, Senator Albert B. Akpan (Akwa Ibom North-East) drew the attention of the Senate to a petition from Jumbo Udom Chambers on behalf of Ituk Mbang Village, against the Moni Pulo Petroleum Development Limited, over willful damage of their buildings. He urged the Senate to look into the matter.

Petition laid and accordingly referred to the Committee on Ethics, Privileges and Public Petitions [Rule 41(3)] to report within two (2) weeks.

(iii) Rising on Rule 41, Senator Jeremiah T. Useni (*Plateau South*) drew the attention of the Senate to a petition from Oreson Law Chambers on behalf of People of Alesa Clan, against the Nigerian National Petroleum Corporation (NNPC), over compulsory acquisition of their land. He urged the Senate to look into the matter.

Petition laid and accordingly referred to the Committee on Ethics, Privileges and Public Petitions [Rule 41(3)] to report within two (2) weeks.

#### 6. Matter of Urgent Public Importance:

Rising on Rules 42 and 52, Senator Barnabas A. I. Gemade (*Benue North-East*) drew the attention of the Senate on the killings of seven (7) people and destruction of properties at Kwande Local Government Area of Benue State on Monday, 4<sup>th</sup> June, 2018. He sought and obtained the leave of the Senate to present the matter forthwith:

#### The Senate:

concerned over deplorable security situation in Zamfara, Taraba, Kaduna and Nasarawa States;

aware that on Monday, 4th June, 2018 seven (7) people were killed and properties destroyed at Kwande Local Government Area of Benue State:

worried that Benue State is under siege of herdsmen, armed bandits and cattle rustlers who are faceless while the Security Agencies are helpless:

observed that the national security meeting held at the Presidential Villa ended by advocating for the abolition of Anti-grazing laws in Benue and Taraba States; and

believes that the Constitution of the Federal Republic of Nigeria empowers the State Government on Land Use Act management.

#### Accordingly resolves to:

- (i) observe a minute silence in honour of the deceased; and
- (ii) urge the Minister of Defence to withdraw his statement on the abolition of the Anti-grazing laws in Benue and Taraba States as the laws were properly enacted in accordance with the power of the State Houses of Assembly.

#### Debate:

#### Proposed Resolution (i):

Question: That the Senate do observe a minute silence in honour of the deceased — Agreed to.

#### Proposed Resolution (ii):

Question: That the Senate do urge the Minister of Defence to withdraw his statement on the abolition of the Anti-grazing laws in Benue and Taraba States as the laws were properly enacted in accordance with the power of the State Houses of Assembly — Agreed to.

#### Resolved:

That the Senate do:

- (i) observe a minute silence in honour of the deceased; and
- (ii) urge the Minister of Defence to withdraw his statement on the abolition of the Anti-grazing laws in Benue and Taraba States as the laws were properly enacted in accordance with the power of the State Houses of Assembly (S/Res/270/03/18).

One minute silence accordingly observed in honour of the deceased.

#### 7. Matter of Urgent Public Importance:

Rising on Rules 42 and 52, Senator Shehu Sani (*Kaduna Central*) drew the attention of the Senate on the Amnesty International Report containing inhuman and degrading treatment of women and children in the North-East theatre of war. He sought and obtained the leave of the Senate to present the matter forthwith:

#### The Senate:

concerned over the Amnesty International Report containing inhuman and degrading treatment of women and children in the North-East Theatre of War;

worried the capacity of the report is capable of denting Nigeria's image at the International Community of Nations, due to human rights abuses by the Security Agencies fighting Boko Haram insurgency;

appreciates the contribution of the Armed Forces of Nigeria, Police, Directorate of State Security (DSS), and other Security Agencies to eliminate Boko Haram elements:

observes that caution should be exercise against the North-East indegenes in order not to violate their human rights; and

requests that Amnesty International distribute copies of the report to Senators for their perusal.

#### Report Laid.

#### Accordingly resolves to:

constitute an Ad hoc Committee to investigate the matter and report to the Senate.

#### Debate:

#### Proposed Resolution:

Question: That the Senate do constitute an Ad hoc Committee to investigate the matter and report to the Senate — Agreed to.

#### Resolved:

That the Senate do constitute an Ad hoc Committee to investigate the matter and report to the Senate (S/Res/271/03/18).

#### Ad hoc Committee:

The Senate President named the following Senators as Members of Ad hoc Committee on the Investigation of Amnesty International Report on alleged human rights abuse in the North-East:

(i)	Senator David Umaru		Chairman
(ii)	Senator Babajide C. Omoworare	_	Member
(iii)	Senator Abubakar Kyari		Member
(iv)	Senator Jeremiah T. Useni	_	Member
(v)	Senator Binta Garba Masi	-	Member
(vi)	Senator Stella A. Oduah	· <u>—</u>	Member
(vii)	Senator Ben Murray-Bruce		Member

#### 8. Committee on Special Duties:

Report on the National Commission for Refugees, Migrants and Internally Displaced Persons Bill, 2018 (SB. 335):

Motion made: That the Senate do receive the Report of the Committee on Special Duties on the National Commission for Refugees, Migrants and Internally Displaced Persons Bill, 2018 (Senator Abdul-Aziz M. Nyako — Adamawa Central).

Question put and agreed to.

Report Laid.

#### 9. Executive Communication:

#### Confirmation of Nomination:

Motion made: That the Senate do consider the Request of Mr. President, Commander-in-Chief of the Armed Forces of the Federation, for the confirmation of the nomination of Hon Justice Adamu Abdu-Kafarati as the Chief Judge of the Federal High Court (Senate Leader).

Question put and agreed to.

Request accordingly referred to the Committee on Judiciary, Human Rights and Legal Matters to report to the Senate soonest.

#### 10. Committee on Independent National Electoral Commission (INEC):

Report on the Screening of Nominees for Confirmation as Resident Electoral Commissioners: Motion made: That the Senate do receive and consider the Report of the Committee on Independent National Electoral Commission (INEC) on the screening of the following nominees for confirmation as National and Resident Electoral Commissioners:

S/N (i)	Nominees Elder Monday Udo Tom	States Akwa-Ibom	Remarks (New appointment)
(ii)	Attahiru Garba Madami	Niger	(Replacement)
(iii)	Barr. Festus Okoye	South-East Geo Political Zone	(New Appointment)
(iv)	Ahmad Bello Mahmud	Zamfara (Senator Suleiman	(New appointment)  M. Nazif —Bauchi North).

Question put and agreed to.

Report Laid and presented.

Motion made: That the Senate do resolve into the Committee of the Whole to consider the Report of the Committee on Independent National Electoral Commission (INEC) on the screening of nominees for confirmation as National and Resident Electoral Commissioners (Senate Leader).

Question put and agreed to.

## (SENATE IN THE COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE) (Screening of Nominees)

#### Nominees screened:

<i>(i)</i>	Elder Monday Udo Tom (Akwa-Ibom)(New appointment)	_	Agreed to.
(ii)	Attahiru Garba Madami (Niger)(Replacement)		Agreed to.
(iii)	Barr. Festus Okoye (South-East Geo Political Zone)(New Appointment)	<del></del> .	Agreed to.
(iv)	Ahmad Bello Mahmud (Zamfara)(New appointment)	_	Agreed to.

Chairman to report progress.

#### (SENATE IN PLENARY)

The Senate President reported that the Senate in the Committee of the Whole considered the Report of the Committee on Independent National Electoral Commission (INEC) on the screening of nominees for appointment as National and Resident Electoral Commissioners and approved the nominations.

Question: That the Senate do approve the Report of the Committee of the Whole — Resolved in the Affirmative.

#### **Confirmation of Nominees:**

#### Question:

"Will the Senate confirm the nomination of Elder Monday Udo Tom (Akwa-Ibom)(New appointment) for appointment as Resident Electoral Commissioner of the Independent National Electoral Commission (INEC)?" — Resolved in the Affirmative.

Nomination of Elder Monday Udo Tom (Akwa-Ibom) (New appointment) for appointment as Resident Electoral Commissioner of the Independent National Electoral Commission (INEC) accordingly confirmed.

#### Question:

"Will the Senate confirm the nomination of Attahiru Garba Madami (*Niger*)(*Replacement*) for appointment as Resident Electoral Commissioner of the Independent National Electoral Commission (INEC)?" — Resolved in the Affirmative.

Nomination of Attahiru Garba Madami (Niger) (Replacement) for appointment as Resident Electoral Commissioner of the Independent National Electoral Commission (INEC) accordingly confirmed.

#### Ouestion:

"Will the Senate confirm the nomination of Barr. Festus Okoye (South-East Geo Political Zone) (New Appointment) for appointment as National Electoral Commissioner of the Independent National Electoral Commission (INEC)?" — Resolved in the Affirmative.

Nomination of Barr. Festus Okoye (South-East Geo Political Zone) (New Appointment) for appointment as National Electoral Commissioner of the Independent National Electoral Commission (INEC) accordingly confirmed.

#### Question:

"Will the Senate confirm the nomination of Ahmad Bello Mahmud (*Zamfara*)(*New appointment*) for appointment as Resident Electoral Commissioner of the Independent National Electoral Commission (INEC)?" — *Resolved in the Affirmative*.

Nomination of Ahmad Bello Mahmud (Zamfara) (New appointment) for appointment as Resident Electoral Commissioner of the Independent National Electoral Commission (INEC) accordingly confirmed.

#### 11. Conference Committee:

Report on the National Transport Commission (Establishment, etc.) Bill, 2018 (SB. 242): Motion made: That the Senate do receive and consider the Conference Committee Report on National Transport Commission (Establishment, etc.) Bill, 2018 (Senator Bareehu O. Ashafa — Lagos East).

Question put and agreed to.

Report Laid and presented.

# A BILL FOR AN ACT TO PROVIDE FOR THE ESTABLISHMENT OF THE NATIONAL TRANSPORT COMMISSION AS AN INDEPENDENT MULTI-MODAL REGULATOR FOR THE REGULATED TRANSPORT INDUSTRY SECTORS AND FOR OTHER MATTERS RELATED THERETO, 2018

CLAUSE	SENATE VERSION	HOUSE VERSION	CONFERENCE COMMITTEE
			RECOMMENDATIONS
	A BILL FOR AN ACT TO PROVIDE FOR THE ESTABLISHMENT OF THE NATIONAL TRANSPORT COMMISSION AS AN INDEPENDENT MULTI-MODAL REGULATOR FOR THE REGULATED TRANSPORT INDUSTRY SECTORS AND FOR OTHER MATTERS RELATED THERETO, 2018  Commencement	A BILL FOR AN ACT TO PROVIDE FOR THE ESTABLISHMENT OF THE NATIONAL TRANSPORT COMMISSION AS AN INDEPENDENT MULTI-MODAL TRANSPORT SECTOR REGULATOR FOR THE REGULATED TRANSPORT INDUSTRY AND FOR OTHER MATTERS CONNECTED THEREWITH, 2017 (HB. 51)  Commencement	Senate Version Adopted
		ENACTED by the National Assembly of the Federal Republic of Nigeria	House Version Adopted
	PART I - PURPOSE, APPLICATION AND SCOPE OF THE BILL	PART I — PURPOSE, APPLICATION AND SCOPE OF THE BILL	
1.	Purpose of the Bill.	Purpose of the Bill.	
	1. The purpose of this Bill is to:	1. (1) The purpose of this Bill is to:	
·	(a) establish the National Transport Commission as an effective, impartial and independent regulatory authority in the transport sector and to set out the objectives, functions and powers of the Commission;	(a) establish the National Transport Commission as an independent multi-modal transport sector economic, safety and standards regulator (in this Bill hereinafter referred to as the "Commission") for the regulated transport industry, to promote the implementation of	Senate Version Adopted
		the national transport policy, set out the objectives, functions and powers of the Commission and for matters connected therewith;	
		(b) provide for an economic, safety and standards regulatory framework for the provision of transport	

(b) promote the	implementation	of	the	national
transport policy;				

(c) provide an economic regulatory framework and safety oversight regime for the regulated transport sector;

- (d) provide mechanism for monitoring compliance of government agencies and transport operators in the regulated transport sector with relevant legislation and advice Government on matters relating to economic and safety regulation of regulated transport sector;
- (e) provide for the efficient regulation of the regulated transport sector by a multi-modal economic regulator;
- (f) Protect the rights and interests of service operators and users within Nigeria; and
- (g)Create an enabling environment for private sector participation in the provision of services in the transport sector; and
- (h) ensure consumer protection and quality of service in the provision of any transport service in the regulated transport sector.

related services in the regulated transport industry;

- (c) provide mechanism for monitoring compliance of government agencies and transport services providers and users in the regulated transport industry with relevant legislation and advice Government on matters relating to economic, safety and standards regulation of the regulated transport industry;
- (d) provide for an efficient regulation of the regulated transport industry by a multi-modal transport sector economic, safety and standards regulator;
- (e) ensure consumer protection and quality service in the provision of any transport services in the regulated transport industry in Nigeria; and
- (f) create an enabling environment for private sector participation in the provision of services in the regulated transport industry.

(2) The purpose of this Bill shall be achieved through

		<u> </u>	
		(a) the transmutation of Nigerian Shippers' Council into a National Transport Commission as set out in under section 1 (1) and the Third Schedule to this Bill; and	
		(b) the transfer of the Staff, employees, ownership of land, Assets, Properties, Rights, Debts, Liabilities, Obligations, Functions and Powers currently vested in the Nigerian Shippers' Council to the National Transport Commission as set out in the Third Schedule to this Bill.	·
2.	Application and Scope.	Application and Scope.	
	2. This Bill shall apply to:  (a) the provision or use of any federal regulated transport services or facilities in a regulated transport sector in Nigeria; and	(a) This Bill shall apply to the provision or use of transport and related services in marine, land, rail, road transport and any other mode of transportation of passengers and goods in the regulated transport industry in Nigeria.	Senate Version Adopted
	(b) any private or public sector operator or service provider using federal regulated public infrastructure to provide transport services or facilities in a regulated transport sector in Nigeria.	(b) Any private service provider or government agency using public or other infrastructure to provide transport services mentioned in Paragraph (a) above.	
<i>3</i> .	Power to declare a Regulated Transport Sector.		
	3. (1) The President may by Order or Regulation on the advice of the Commission declare a sector to be a regulated transport industry after having regard to:		Senate Version Adopted
	(a) the existence of a significant and non-transitory		

	market power;		
	(b) the non-existence of economic and or safety regulation specific to that sector;		
	(c) the existence of significant failures in the management and operations of a transport sector as a result of lack of regulation in that sector; and		
	(d) other relevant considerations.		
	(2) The Order or Regulation which shall be published in the Federal Government Gazette may declare -		
	(a) which sector is to be deemed a regulated transport sector; and (b) the extent or the scope of such regulation		
	(3) A transport sector shall become regulated under this Bill only as prescribed under this Bill or under such Order or Regulation made pursuant to		•
	the provisions of this Bill.  PART II - ESTABLISHMENT OF THE NATIONAL  TRANSPORT COMMISSION	PART II — ESTABLISHMENT OF THE NATIONAL TRANSPORT COMMISSION	
4.	Establishment of the National Transport Commission.	Establishment of the National Transport Commission.	enter (min grant o seminal 1991 let 1998 m) in de publicamentes de lange (constant y 1996 m). A constant
	4. (1) There is established an independent multi- modal transport sector economic regulator to be known as the National Transport Commission (in this Bill referred to as "the Commission").	3. (1) There is hereby established an independent multi-modal transport sector economic, safety and standards regulator for the regulated transport industry in Nigeria to be known as the National Transport Commission (in this Bill referred to as "the Commission"), to promote the implementation of the	Senate Version Adopted

		national transport policy, set out the objectives, functions and powers of the Commission and for matters connected therewith.	
	(2) The Commission shall be a body corporate with	(2) The Commission shall be a body corporate with	
	perpetual succession and a common seal, capable	perpetual succession and a common seal, capable of	
	of suing and being sued in its corporate name, and	suing and being sued in its corporate name, and shall	
	shall have the power to do all and any of the	have the power to do all and any of the following:	
	following:	the power to do an and any of the following.	
		(a) enter into contracts and incur obligations;	
	(a) enter into contracts and incur obligations;	( , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
		(b) acquire, hold, mortgage, purchase, sell, lease and	
	(b) acquire, hold, mortgage, purchase, sell, lease	deal howsoever with property, whether movable or	
	and deal howsoever with property, whether	immovable, real or personal for the purpose of this	
	movable or immovable, real or personal for the	Bill;	
	purpose of this Bill;	The state of the s	
	(c) do all acts and things which a body corporate	(c) do and suffer all acts and things which a body	
	may by law do and which are necessary or	corporate may by law do and suffer and which are	
•	convenient for the purposes of this Bill; and	necessary or convenient for the purposes of this Bill;	
,		and	
	(d) exercise all of the powers given to it under this	/d) eversice all of the payment divers to it and a utilize Bill	
	Bill and do all acts and things which are necessary	(d) exercise all of the powers given to it under this Bill,	
	or convenient for carrying out its functions and	do and suffer all acts and things which are necessary or convenient for carrying out its functions and duties	
	duties under this Bill.	under this Bill.	
		ander this bill.	
	(3) The common seal of the Commission shall be	(3) The Common Seal of the Commission shall be kept	
	kept in such custody as the Commission directs and	in the custody of the Commission's Secretary or Legal	House Version Adopted
	shall not be used except as authorised by the	Adviser as the case may be.	manae aciainii Wanhifid
	Commission.		

5	(4) The Commission shall determine its management and operational structure and may create directorates, departments, and units, however called, as it deems necessary for the discharge of its functions and duties under this Bill.  Functions and Powers of the Commission	(4) The Commission shall be structured as may from time to time be deemed appropriate for the effective discharge of its functions and operations.  Functions and Powers of the Commission	
<b>.</b>	5. (1) The Commission shall have and exercise the		
	following functions and powers:  (a) All such functions and powers as may be conferred on it by this Bill, sector legislation or any other legislation;	4. (1) The functions and powers of the Commission shall be as conferred by this Bill, relevant sector legislations and their subsidiary legislations.	Senate Version Adopted
	(b) create an economic regulatory framework and safety oversight regime for the provision of transport services and facilities;	T	
The state of the s	(c) ensure the implementation of Government's economic and safety regulatory policies on transport and execute all such other functions and responsibilities as are given to the Commission under this Bill or any relevant transport sector legislation;		
	(d) enforce and supervise economic regulatory and safety oversight provisions of all relevant legislations on a regulated transport sector;		
	(e) protect the interest of users of transport services by ensuring that prices are fair and reasonable while having regard to the level of competition in, and efficiency of, the regulated transport sector;		

- (f) facilitate effective competition and promote and protect a transparent and competitive market; free of unfair business conduct as well as ensure that the misuse of monopoly, or dominant position or non-transitory market power is prevented;
- (g) ensure the prevention or regulation of negative activities including price or rate fixing and discrimination, predatory pricing, conspiratorial pricing amongst some competitors or against others or against service users, as well as hoarding and other restrictive or exclusive contracts which have or may have a negative effect within the regulated transport sector;
- (h) examine and resolve complaints, objections and disputes referred to it on any regulatory matter as between Government agencies in a regulated transport sector and concessionaires, operators, users, shippers and consumers or any other person involved in a regulated transport sector, using such dispute-resolution methods as the Commission may determine from time to time including mediation and arbitration;
- (i) ensure that regulatory decision making has regard to the relevant health, safety, environmental and social legislation and best practices applicable to a regulated transport industry;
- (j) approve, review and fix terms, conditions and

maximum fees for the grant of licenses and permits for the provision of transport services and make regulations for the grant of licenses;

- (k) ensure that users have equitable access to transport facilities, services, channels and routes while having regard to the level of competition and efficiency within a regulated transport industry:
- (I) monitor the performance of the regulated sectors and to effect the review and setting of tariffs in cases of abuse of monopoly power or dominant position and anti-competitive behavior by public and private transport operators and service providers and operators;
- (m) set guidelines, general policies and monitor compliance on tariffs, rates, charges or other fees charged by public and private transport operators and service providers
- (n) monitor the relationship between public transport service operators and their affiliates and the relationship between concessionaires and their affiliates to ensure that no party derives unfair advantages over other transport service operators;
- (o) enforce and monitor performance standards and indices relating to the quality of transport services and facilities provided to users, and consumers in Nigeria having regard to best international performance indicators;
- (p) perform a supervisory safety role in respect of

safety regulation by government agencies and the private sector service provider in the regulated transport sector to ensure compliance with established standards and quality service delivery in accordance with the powers and duties conferred on the Commission by this Bill and sector legislations;

- (q) advice Government on matters relating to economic and safety regulation of regulated transport sector;
- (r) make such regulations as may be necessary under this Bill to give full force and effect to the provisions of this Bill; and
- (s) execute all such other functions and responsibilities as are given to the Commission under this Bill and sector legislations.
- (2) Subject to the provisions of this Bill, the Commission has the power to do all things necessary for the performance of its functions and to enable it to achieve its objectives under this Bill and any sector legislation.
- (2) The Commission shall —
- (a) issue, renew and cancel licences and permits;
- (b) approve and fix maximum fees for grant and renewal of licences and permits for the provision of transport services;
- (c) ensure that users have equitable access to transport facilities, services, channels and routes while having regard to the level of competition in, and efficiency of, the regulated transport industry;
- (d) monitor the performance of the regulated sectors in relation to -

- (i) the setting and review of tariffs in cases of abuse of monopoly power or dominant position and anticompetitive behaviour by public and private transport service providers and operators,
- (ii) the relationship between public transport service providers and their affiliates and the relationship between Licensees and their affiliates to ensure that no party derives unfair advantage over other transport service providers,
- (iii) the development of standards relating to the quality of transport services and facilities provided to users in Nigeria having regard to the international best practices, and
- (iv) safety standards and guidelines;
- (e) facilitate:
- (i) effective competition, promotion and protection of a transparent and competitive market; free of unfair business conduct as well as ensure that the misuse of monopoly, or dominant market power is prevented,
- (ii) the prevention or regulation of activities including price or rate fixing and discrimination, predatory pricing, conspiratorial pricing amongst some competitors or against others or against service users, as well as hoarding and other restrictive or exclusive contracts within the regulated transport sector, and
- (iii) the financial viability of regulated transport industry and related services and facilitate the

incentive for efficient long-term investment in Nigeria for the provision of transport services and facilities.

- (f) examine and resolve complaints, objections and disputes between Government agencies and concessionaires, licensed service providers, users, shippers and consumers or any other person involved in the regulated transport industry, using such dispute-resolution mechanisms as the Commission may determine from time to time including mediation and arbitration:
- (g) perform oversight safety role in respect of the day-to-day technical safety regulation by the public and private sector transport service providers and users in the regulated transport industry to ensure compliance with established standards and quality service delivery in accordance with the powers and duties conferred on the Commission by this Bill and sector legislations;
- (h) implement Government's economic, safety, technical, environmental and standards regulatory policies on transport and execute all such other functions and responsibilities as are given to the Commission under this Bill and by sector legislation; and
- (i) enforce regulatory provisions in this Bill and relevant legislation on the regulated transport industry including but not limited to legislations on ports, inland waterways, road and rail transport.
- (3) The Commission shall have the power to do all

	<ul> <li>(3) Further to the provisions of subsections (1) and</li> <li>(2) of this Section, the Commission shall have such other functions and powers as may be conferred on the Commission any other relevant legislation and regulation.</li> <li>(4) In the case of any conflicts between this Bill and any sector legislation on the economic regulatory functions and powers of the Commission, the provisions of this Bill shall prevail.</li> </ul>	things required to be done for or in connection with the performance of its functions and to enable it to achieve its objectives under this Bill and under any relevant legislation.  (4) The Commission shall at all times perform its functions and exercise its powers in such a manner as the Commission considers best to achieve the objectives of this Bill and any objective specified in any sector Legislation under which a regulated transport industry operates.	
	(5) The Commission shall not perform its functions in such a manner as to contravene any mandatory international convention to which Nigeria is a party and shall ensure compliance with obligations under those international conventions by government agencies charged with the responsibility for those matters.	(5) In the case of conflicts between this Bill and any other sector legislation on the functions and powers of the Commission, the provisions of this Bill shall prevail.	
6.	Consultation.	Consultation.	
	6. (1) This section applies to the Commission and to prescribed Agencies for the purpose of ensuring that:	5. (1) This section applies to the Commission and to prescribed Agencies for the purpose of ensuring that —	
	(a) the regulatory and decision-making processes of the Commission and prescribed Agencies are closely integrated and better informed; and  (b) overlap or conflicts between regulatory	(a) the regulatory and decision-making functions and powers of the Commission and prescribed Agencies are closely integrated and better informed; and	Senate Version Adopted
	schemes are avoided.  (2) The Commission may, as it deems fit, consult	(b) overlap or conflicts between regulatory schemes are avoided.	
	with a relevant prescribed Agency in:	(2) The Commission may, as it deems fit, consult with	

- (a) making determinations;
- (b) conducting inquiries; or
- (c) preparing and reviewing sector regulations and regulatory practices.
- (3) Where required to do so by the Commission, a prescribed Agency shall consult with the Commission in:
- (a) relation to any matter specified by the Commission which is relevant to the objectives or functions of the Commission under this Bill or under any other legislation; or
- (b) respect of any matter specified by the Commission which may impact on a regulated transport sector.
- (4) A prescribed Agency must ensure that consultation occurs as early as practicable in the regulatory, advisory or decision-making processes of the prescribed Agency.
- (5) The Commission shall whenever it deems it appropriate and practicable to do so consult with relevant stakeholders, the public and representatives of a relevant transport sector in the exercise of its powers with regard to a sector wide, new or revised set of regulations which is published in the Federal Government Gazette.

- a relevant prescribed Agency in —
- (a) the making of a determination;
- (b) the conduct of an enquiry; or
- (c) preparing and reviewing regulations and regulatory practices in the regulated transport industry in Nigeria.
- (3) If required to do so by the Commission, a prescribed Agency shall consult with the Commission in —
- (a) relation to any matter specified by the Commission which is relevant to the objectives or functions of the Commission under this Bill or under any other
- (b) respect of any matter specified by the Commission which may impact on a regulated transport industry.
- (4) A prescribed Agency must ensure that consultation occurs as early as practicable in the regulatory, advisory or decision-making processes of the prescribed Agency.
- (5) The requirements under this section are in addition to any other requirements or processes under any other relevant legislation or regulatory

legislation; or

	<ul> <li>(6) For the purposes of this subsection 5 of this Section, it shall be the duty of the Commission to establish and identify the relevant persons, organisations and institutions to be consulted.</li> <li>(7) The Commission shall include in its Annual Report a report on the implementation of its consultation programmes carried out during the year covered by the Report.</li> </ul>	schemes to the extent that such legislation is consistent with the provisions of this Bill.	
	(8) The requirements under this Section are in addition to any other requirements or processes under any other relevant legislation or regulatory schemes to the extent that such legislation is consistent with the provisions of this Bill.	9 1	
7.	Role of the Minister.	Relationship between the Commission and the Ministry.	
	7. (1) Subject to subsection (2) of this Section, the Minister shall convey to, the Commission in writing, the general policy direction of government for the transport sector provided that such policies are not in conflict with this Bill or the Constitution of the Federal Republic of Nigeria.	6. (1) The Commission shall comply with and implement Government's policy on transport, Provided always that the Commission shall at all times be independent in the performance of its functions and operations.	Senate Version Adopted
	(2) The Commission shall comply with and implement the government policy on transport provided that it shall at all times be independent in the performance of its functions.	(2) In the execution of his functions and in relating with the Commission, the Minister shall at all times ensure that the independence of the Commission, in regard to the discharge of the Commission's functions and operations under this Bill, is protected and not compromised in any manner whatsoever.	
	(3) In the execution of his functions and in relating with the Commission, the Minister shall at all times ensure that the independence of the Commission,		·

	with regards to the discharge of the Commission's economic regulatory functions and operations under this Bill, is protected and not compromised in any manner.		
T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T	(4) Prior to the formulation or review of policies for the relevant sector, the Minister shall ensure consultation with relevant stakeholders in that sector.		
	(5) The Minister of Transportation shall, in consultation with the President not later than three months after the coming into force of this Bill, take such steps as are necessary to bring into being the institutional structures of the Commission.	\$	
	PART III - MEMBERSHIP OF THE COMMISSION	PART III — MEMBERSHIP OF THE COMMISSION	
8.			
J.	Membership of the Commission.	Membership of the Commission.	
9.	8. (1) The Commission shall be comprised of:	<ul> <li>Membership of the Commission.</li> <li>7. (1) Membership of the Commission shall comprise of —</li> </ul>	
0.		7. (1) Membership of the Commission shall comprise	Senate Version Adopted
J.	8. (1) The Commission shall be comprised of:  (a) a Chairman who shall also serve as the Chief	<ul> <li>7. (1) Membership of the Commission shall comprise of —</li> <li>(a) Chairman who shall be the Chief Executive Officer</li> </ul>	Senate Version Adopted
J.	8. (1) The Commission shall be comprised of:  (a) a Chairman who shall also serve as the Chief Executive Officer of the Commission;	<ul> <li>7. (1) Membership of the Commission shall comprise of —</li> <li>(a) Chairman who shall be the Chief Executive Officer (CEO) of the Commission;</li> </ul>	Senate Version Adopted

(2) The Chairman, five (5) executive Commissioners
and the six (6) non-executive Commissioners shall
constitute the Commission and shall have power to
regulate its own proceedings.

- (2) The Commission's Secretary.
- (3) The supplementary provisions set out in the First Schedule to this Bill shall have effect with respect to the proceedings of the Commission and other matters contained therein.
- (3) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Bill, the President shall ensure at all times, that the Commission is duly constituted and that there is a minimum of 6 serving members of the Commission at any and all times, made up of -
- (a) the Chairman;
- (b) three (3) Executive Commissioners; and
- (c) two (2) non-executive Commissioners.
- (4) The supplementary provisions set out in the First Schedule to this Bill shall have effect with respect to the proceedings of the Commission and the other matters contained therein:
- (5) Subject to subsection (3) of this section, the Commission shall have the capacity to make standing orders for the regulation of its proceedings and meetings howsoever and acts of the Commission shall be deemed to be acts of the Commission.
- (6) In constituting the Commission, the President shall ensure that Membership of the Commission shall at all times reflect Federal Character Principle.
- Qualification for Membership of the Commission.
- Qualification for membership of the Commission.

	9. (1) The Chairman and the Commissioners shall be appointed on the basis of being persons of recognised qualification, expert knowledge and experience in one or more of the following fields:	8. (1) The Chairman and Members of the Commission shall be persons of relevant qualification and cognate experience in any of the following fields —	Senate Version Adopted
	(a) Ports, Aviation, Roads, Railway, Marine, or Maritime administration;	·	
	(b) Marine or Maritime transport;	(a) law;	
	(c) Rail transport;	(b) administration; (c) ports, marine, railway and roads management;	
T. C.	(d)Road transport;	(d) marine transport;	
	(e) Aviation transport;	(e) rail transport;	
 	(f) Civil, Mechanical or other relevant engineering discipline;	(f) roads transport;	
	(g) Finance;	(g) engineering;	
	(h) Law;	(h)economics;	
	<ul><li>(i) transport economics or management;</li><li>(j) infrastructure asset management;</li></ul>	(i) transport and logistics;	
	(k) regulatory matters;	(j) finance.	
	(I) public administration; or		
	(m) business administration; Provided that the Chairman and Commissioners		

	appointed under section 8(1) and referred to under		
	this Section shall possess cognate qualifications,		
	expert knowledge and not less than 20 years of		·.
	professional experience relevant to their		
	designated portfolio.		
	(2) A person shall not be appointed or remain in		
	office as a member of the Commission if he:		
	(a) is not a Nigerian citizen;	(2) A person shall not be appointed or remain in office	
		as a member of the Commission if he —	
	(b) is a serving member of the National Assembly,	(a) is not a Nigerian citizen;	
	State House of Assembly or any Local Government		
	Council;	(b) is a serving Member of the National Assembly,	
		State House of Assembly or any Local Government	
	(c) is incapacitated by any physical illness;	Council;	
		Gi-a	
	(d) has been certified to be of unsound mind;		
		(c) is incapacitated by any physical illness;	,
	(e) is an un-discharged bankrupt;		
	(0)	(d) has been certified to be of unsound mind;	
	(f)has been convicted in Nigeria or elsewhere of a	· · ·	
	criminal offence involving dishonesty; or	(e) is an un-discharged bankrupt;	
	(g) has at any time been removed from an office of	(f) has been convicted in Nigeria or elsewhere of a	
	trust on account of misconduct.	criminal offence involving dishonesty; or	
			-
	(3) The Conflict of Interests provisions contained in	(g) has at any time been removed from an office of	
	the Second Schedule to this Bill shall apply to all	trust on account of misconduct.	
	members of the Commission.	(0) =[	
		(3) The Conflict of Interests provisions contained in	
		the Second Schedule to this Bill shall apply to all	
4.5		Members of the Commission.	
10.	Appointment and Tenure.	Appointment and Tenure of Commissioners.	

	10. (1) All members of the Commission shall be appointed by the President on the recommendation of the Minister and subject to confirmation by the Senate.	9. (1) Subject to subsection (4) of this section, the President shall nominate only persons qualified in accordance with section 8 of this Bill for appointment as members of the Commission;	House Version Adopted
	<ul> <li>(2) A Commissioner shall hold office on such terms and conditions as the President may fix in relation to Commissioners generally.</li> <li>(3) Each non-Executive Commissioner of the</li> </ul>	(2) The Chairman and Members of the Commission shall be appointed by the President subject to confirmation by the Senate.	
	Commission shall serve a single term of 5 years only from the date of his appointment.	(3) The Chairman and other Members of the Commission shall serve for a term of 5 years from the date of appointment, at the expiration of which, the President may renew the appointment for a further period of 5 years and no more.	Senate Version Adopted
	(4) The Chairman and each Executive Commissioner of the Commission shall serve a term of 4 years each at the expiration of which the President may renew the term for a further period of 4 years and no more.	(4) With the exception of the Chairman and Executive Commissioners, all Commissioners shall hold office on part time basis.	
	(5) All appointments or re-appointments shall be made before the expiry of their term of office; or in the event of a death or vacancy, the President shall within one month nominate another Commissioner in accordance with the provisions of this Section for appointment to fill the vacancy.		
11.	Remuneration and Allowances.	Remuneration and allowances.	
	11. The remuneration and allowances payable to the Chairman and the Executive Commissioners as well as any allowances to be payable to the non-Executive Commissioners shall be as approved by the Commission having regard to the	10. The remuneration and allowances payable to the Chairman and Commissioners shall be as determined from time to time by the Revenue Mobilization, Allocation and Fiscal Commission.	House Version Adopted

	recommendations of the National Salaries,		
	Incomes and Wages Commission.		
12.	Removal of a Member of the Commission.	Removal of a Member of the Commission.	
	13. (1) A Member of the Commission may only be suspended or removed from office by the President upon approval by the Senate if the person:	12. (1) A Member of the Commission may be suspended or removed from office by the President if he —	House Version Adopted
	(a) is found to have been unqualified for appointment as a member of the Commission pursuant to section 9 of this Bill or is in breach of section 9(3) of this Bill after his appointment;	(a) is found to have been unqualified for appointment as a member of the Commission pursuant to Section 8 of this Bill;	
	<ul> <li>(b) has demonstrated inability to effectively perform the duties of his office;</li> <li>(c) is guilty of serious misconduct in relation to his duties;</li> <li>(d) is disqualified or suspended from practising his profession in any part of the world by an order of a</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(b) has demonstrated inability to effectively perform the duties of his office;</li> <li>(c) is guilty of serious misconduct in relation to his duties;</li> <li>(d) is disqualified or suspended from practicing his profession in any part of the world by an order of a competent authority;</li> </ul>	
	competent authority; or  (e) is in breach of the Conflict of Interests rules set out in the Second Schedule to this Bill.  (2) A member of the Commission shall not be removed from office except in accordance with the provisions of this Bill.	<ul><li>(f) is in breach of the Conflict of Interests rules set out in the Second Schedule to this Bill.</li><li>(2) A member of the Commission shall not be removed from office except in accordance with the provisions of this Bill.</li></ul>	

13.	Vacancy on the membership of the Commission.	
	13. (1) There shall be a vacancy in the Commission if a Commissioner —  (a) dies; or	House Version Adopted
	(b) is removed from office in accordance with sections 8	
	(2) or 12 (1) of this Bill; or	
	(c) resigns from office; or	
	(d) upon the completion of his tenure of office.	
	(2) A vacancy in the Commission shall be filled by the appointment of another person to the vacant office by the President in accordance with section 8 (1) of this Bill, as soon as is reasonably practicable after the occurrence of such vacancy.	
	(3) To ensure continuity, any person appointed in accordance with subsection (2) of this section shall hold office for a term of five (5) years from the date of his appointment at the expiration of which the President may renew his term for a further term of five (5) years and no more.	·
	(4) In the case of vacancy to the office of the Chairman, the President shall appoint the most senior Commissioner to act as Acting Chairman of the Commission to preside over the affairs of the Commission; and	

		(5) In the case of inability of the Chairman for any reason to attend meetings of the Commission, the Commission shall appoint an Acting Chairman to preside over the meeting of the Commission.	
		PART IV MANAGEMENT AND STAFF OF THE	
14.	COMMISSION  The Chairman.	COMMISSION  Chairman of the Commission.	
	14. (1) The Chairman shall be the Chief Executive and Accounting Officer of the Commission and shall be responsible for the:	14. (1) The President shall appoint a Chairman of the Commission who shall be the Chief Executive Officer (CEO) of the Commission, in accordance with the provisions of sections 8 and 9 of this Bill.	Senate Version Adopted
	(a) execution of the policy, decisions and programmes of the Commission;		
	(b) day-to-day management, administration and supervision of the activities, accounts and records of the Commission;		
	(c) supervision of all employees of the Commission; and		
	(d) the implementation of the Commission's regulatory and control functions.		
	(2) The Chairman shall perform such other functions as are assigned to him under this Bill or by the Commission from time to time.	(2) The Chairman shall hold office in accordance with the provisions of section 9 (2) of this Bill.	

The Executive Commissioners.  15. The Executive Commissioners shall perform such functions as are assigned to them by the Commission or the Executive Chairman from time to time.	<ul> <li>(4) The Chairman may delegate any of his powers or assign any of his duties to any Commissioner.</li> <li>Commissioners.</li> <li>15. The Commissioners shall perform such functions as are assigned to them by the Commission or the Chairman from time to time.</li> <li>Commission's Secretary.</li> </ul>	Senate Version Adopted
15. The Executive Commissioners shall perform such functions as are assigned to them by the Commission or the Executive Chairman from time	Commissioners.  15. The Commissioners shall perform such functions as are assigned to them by the Commission or the Chairman from time to time.	Senate Version Adopted  House Version Adopted

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17.	Secretary to the Commission and other Staff of	(2) The Commission's Secretary shall keep the records of proceedings of the Commission and perform such other duties and functions as the Commission or the Chairman may, from time to time, assign to him.	
257.	the Commission.	Staff of the Commission.	
	16. (1) There shall be appointed by the Commission a Secretary who shall possess relevant professional qualifications and experience as a legal practitioner with not less than 10 years post qualification experience.	17. (1) The Commission shall have powers to appoint such other persons as it deems necessary, as employees of the Commission in line with applicable Public Service Rules.	House Version Adopted
	(2) The Secretary shall be Secretary to the Commission and shall keep the corporate records of the Commission and perform such other duties and functions as the Commission or the Executive Chairman may, from time to time, assign to him.	(2) The employment of the staff shall be subject to such terms and conditions as may from time to time be stipulated by the Commission and contained in the respective staff's employment contracts.	
	(3) The Commission shall have powers to appoint such other persons as it deems necessary, as employees of the Commission.	(3) The Commission shall develop and implement appropriate Staff Conditions of Service in line with Public Service Rules, for its employees, with particular regard to the issue of enumeration, pension schemes and other service benefits, sufficient for the Commission to attract and retained knowledgeable and expert manpower.	
	(4) The Commission shall pay its employees such remuneration including allowances as the Commission may from time to time determine having regard to the recommendations of the National Salaries, Incomes and Wages Commission.	(4) Subject to subsection (3) above, the Commission shall pay its employees such remuneration including allowances as the Commission may from time to time determine, subject to the approval of the National Salaries, Incomes and Wages Commission.	·

	(5) The employment of the staff shall be upon recommendation by the Chairman subject to confirmation by the Commission sitting as an appointments panel, after which such staff may be employed subject on such terms and conditions as may from time to time be stipulated by the Commission and contained in the respective staff's employment contracts.	(5) The Conflict of Interests provisions contained in the Second Schedule to this Bill shall apply to all employees of the Commission.	
	<ul> <li>(6) The Commission shall develop and implement appropriate Staff Conditions of Service for its employees with particular regard to the issues of remuneration, pension schemes and other service benefits, sufficient for the Commission to attract and retain knowledgeable and expert manpower.</li> <li>(7) The Conflict of Interests provisions contained in the Second Schedule to this Bill shall apply to all employees of the Commission.</li> </ul>	(6) Upon the commencement of this Bill, relevant staff of Government Agencies in the regulated transport sector and the Road Sector with cognate experience and/or qualifications relating to Tariff setting, standards setting, regulation and enforcement may be absorbed by the Commission for continuation of their service carriers on the same cadre as they were before the absorption.	
18.	Delegation.	Delegation.	
	<ul><li>17. (1) The Commission may, by instrument under its common seal, delegate to:</li><li>(a) a Commissioner; or</li></ul>	<ul><li>18. The Commission may, by instrument under its Common Seal, delegate to —</li><li>(a) a Commissioner; or</li></ul>	Senate Version Adopted
-	(b) a person referred to in section 16 of this Bill; or	(b) a person referred to in section 17 of this Bill; or	
	(c) a member of a department, unit, committee or panel appointed or designated by the Commission any function or power of the Commission under this Bill or the Regulations or under any other	(c) a member of a Department, Committee or Panel appointed or designated by the Commission, any function or power of the Commission under this Bill or the regulations or under any other relevant legislation	

	relevant legislation, other than this power of	other than this power of delegation or other powers	
	delegation or the powers of the Commission to	of the Commission under section 4 (d) (1) or section	
	make regulations under the provisions of this Bill.	53 and 54 of this Bill.	•
	•		
	(2) Any person that holds any delegated powers as		
	may be delegated under this Section shall exercise		
	the delegated power in accordance with the		
	instrument of delegation and report to the		
		·	
	Commission on the exercise of such powers at such		
	intervals as may be determined by the	· ·	
7	Commission.	COMMENT TO RESPONDE TO THE PROPERTY OF THE PRO	
	PART V - FINANCIAL PROVISIONS	PART V — FINANCIAL PROVISIONS	
19.	Fund of the Commission.	Fund of the Commission.	
	18. (1) The Commission shall establish and	19. (1) The Commission shall establish and maintain a	Senate Version Adopted
	maintain a Fund ("the Commission's Fund") which	Fund ("the Commission's Fund") which shall be	Senate Version Adopted
	shall comprise of:	applied to defray all expenditure and costs incurred in	
		the performance of the Commission's functions and	
		operations.	
	(a) Subventions as may be engaged to the	operations.	
	(a) Subventions as may be appropriated to the		
<b>.</b>	Commission by the National Assembly;		
	43.50		
	(b) All charges, levies and fees collected by or for		
	the Commission under this Bill or any Regulations		
	or subsidiary legislation issued pursuant to this Bill		
	or under any other Bill;		
	(c) Gifts, loans, grants, aids, other than from an		
	operator or service provider in a regulated		
	transport sector;		
	•		·
	(d) All other assets that may from time to time be		
	vested in or accrue to the Commission in the		
	reaced in or accide to the Commission in the		

course of performing its duties under this Bill.		
(2) The Fund shall be managed in accordance with	(2) The fund shall comprise of:	
extant Financial Regulations applicable in the		House Version Adopted
Public Service and rules made by the Commission.	(a) initial and subsequent subvention as may from	House version Adopted
	time to time be appropriated to the Commission by	
	the National Assembly;	·
	(b) a proportion of the proceeds from royalties	
	collected by an authority empowered to collect	
	royalty from transport service providers not	
	exceeding 10% of what is collected from service	
	providers, concessionaires, leases and licensees etc.,	
	shall accrue to the Commission;	
	(c) all charges, levies, subscriptions and fees collected	
	by the Commission under this Bill or its substidiary	
	legislation issued pursuant to this Bill;	
	(d) appual foos for licenses and marries issued by the	
	(d) annual fees for licenses and permits issued by the Commission.	
	(2*) For the purpose of economic regulation of the	·
	transport sector, all government agencies, parastatals,	
	departments, government owned companies and	
	corporations, service providers, private companies	
•	and all other entities whose operations and services	·
	are within the economic regulatory powers and	
	control of the Commission including those that are	
	used for the purpose of transportation of and related	
	to electric power generation and distribution cables,	
	refineries, water, cable car, tramp, water, oil and gas	
	pipelines as well as other cables or pipelines used as a	
	means of transporting goods and services, shall pay	
	annual dues to the Commission in accordance with	·
	the approved Tariff.	

		(3) (a) All subscriptions or fees and charges for services rendered by the Commission including 2% port development levy;	
	·	(b) A charge of 3% freight (tariff stabilisation fee) on all import to and export from Nigeria including wet and dry cargo;	
		<ul><li>(c) License and permit fees collected annually by the Commission;</li><li>(d) Royalties accruing from issuance of licences and permits; and</li></ul>	
		(e) Fines.	
		(f) Registration fees collected annually by the Commission;	
		(g) Gifts, loans, grants, aids;	
		(h) all other assets that may from time to time be vested in or accrue to the Commission in the course of performing its duties under this Bill.	
		(4) The Fund shall be managed in accordance with extant Financial Regulations applicable in the Public Service and rules made by the Commission.	
20.	Annual Reports.	Annual Reports.	

	21. (1) The Commission shall prepare and submit to the President annually and not later than six months after the end of its financial year, a report on the activities of the Commission for the preceding financial year and shall include the Commission's audited accounts for the year under review together with the auditor's report.  (2) A copy of the Annual Report shall be sent to the National Assembly, the Ministry for Transportation and also published to the public.	22. The Commission shall prepare and submit to the National Assembly not later than four months after the preceding financial year, a report on the activities of the Commission for the preceding financial year and shall include the Commission's audited accounts for the year under review together with the auditor's report.	Senate Version Adopted
21.	Exemption from Taxation.	Exemption from taxation.	
	22. The provisions of any enactment relating to the taxation of companies or trust funds shall not apply to the Commission	<ul><li>23. (1) The Commission shall be exempted from the payment of tax on the income accruing from the investments made by the Commission or otherwise howsoever.</li><li>(2) The provisions of any enactment relating to the taxation of companies or trust funds shall not apply to</li></ul>	House Version Adopted
		the Commission.	
22.	Budget and Expenditure.	Budget and expenditure.	
	23. (1) The Commission shall not later than 30th September in each financial year prepare and submit to the National Assembly through the President its budget showing estimated income and the expenditure which the Commission	24. (1) The Commission shall not later than 30th September in each financial year prepare and present through the Minister in-charge of Transportation to the National Assembly a statement of estimated income and expenditure for the following September 2019.	Senate Version Adopted
<b></b> .	proposes to incur in respect of the succeeding financial year in order to carry out the functions of the Commission.	income and expenditure for the following financial year.	

	(2) Subject to subsection (1) of this Section, the Commission shall apply the monies in the Commission's Fund for the:	Commission shall apply the monies in the Commission's Fund for the —	
	(a) administrative and operating costs of the Commission;	(a) payment of salaries, wages, fees, fringe benefits and other allowances, retirement benefits and any other remuneration payable to the Commissioners and staff of the Commission;	
	(b) payment of salaries, wages, fees and other allowances, retirement benefits and any other remuneration payable to the Commissioners and staff of the Commission;	(b) administrative and operating costs of the Commission;	
	(c) purchase or acquisition of property or other equipment or other capital expenditure or for maintenance of any property acquired or vested in the Commission; and	(c) purchase or acquisition of property or other equipment or other capital expenditure or for maintenance of any property acquired or vested in the Commission; and	
	(d) performance of all or any of the functions of the Commission under this Bill.	(d) performance of all or any of the functions of the Commission under this Bill or in any other sector legislations and their subsidiary legislations legislation.	
23.	Financial Year and Audit of Commission's Accounts.	Financial Year and Audit of Commission's Accounts.	
·	24. (1) The financial year of the Commission shall start on 1 <sup>st</sup> January of each year and end on 31 <sup>st</sup> December of the same year.	25. (1) The financial year of the Commission shall start on 1st January of each year and end on 31st December of the same year.	House Version Adopted
·	(2) The Commission shall keep proper records of its accounts in respect of each year and shall cause its accounts to be audited within four months from	(2) The Commission shall keep proper records of its accounts in respect of each year and shall cause its accounts to be audited within three (3) months from	

	the end of each financial year by auditors whose appointment shall be approved by the Commission and shall be subject to reappointment on annual basis provided that such auditors are on the list of auditors approved from time to time by the Auditor-General of the Federation.  PART VI—REGULATION	the end of each financial year by auditors whose appointment shall be approved by the Commission and shall be subject to reappointment on annual basis provided that such auditors are on the list of auditors approved from time to time by the Auditor-General of the Federation.  PART VI—REGULATION: OF TARIFFS	
24.	Regulatory Functions and Powers.	是一个人,我们就是一个人,我们就是一个人,我们就是一个人,我们就是一个人,我们就是一个人,我们就是一个人,我们就是一个人,我们就是一个人,我们就是一个人,我们就	
	26. (1) The Commission may exercise such functions and powers as may be conferred upon it by any sector legislation including the power to make determinations for or with respect to:		Senate Version Adopted
	(a) standards and conditions of service;	Diversity of the second	
	(b) licencing; (c) market conduct; and		
	(d) Policy and guidelines on tariffs, rights of access; and		
	(e) other regulatory matters.		
	(2) In performing its safety regulatory function over government agencies and service providers the Commission shall:		
	(a) monitor the government agencies and service providers to ensure they comply with applicable economic and safety regulations; and		
	(b) receive and determine complaints from the		

	public or any aggrieved party with respect to the performance or non-performance of the duties of any agency referred to in this Section.  (3) In making a determination under this Section, the Commission shall have regard to:  (a) availability, quality and standards of facilities or services;		
	(b) cost of the services, access or use of the facilities;		
	(c) any factors specified in a sector legislation; and		
	(d) any other factor that the Commission considers relevant.		
25.	Penalty for Breach of Guidelines or Regulations.		
	29. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Bill, the Commission shall prescribe and enforce appropriate fines on any operator or service provider of a regulated transport sector who violates any guidelines or regulations made by the Commission for the provision of any regulated services.		Senate Version Adopted
26.	Regulation of Tariffs.	Regulation of tariffs.	
	25. (1) Notwithstanding the provisions of any other law, the Commission shall have the power to make guidelines and policies and any relevant regulations on tariffs in respect of prescribed facilities and services in a regulated transport	26. (1) Notwithstanding the provisions of any other law, the Commission shall have overriding power to set, determine and regulate tariffs for or in respect of prescribed goods and services supplied by or within a regulated transport industry.	Senate Version Adopted

sector.

(2) In this Section:

"prescribed tariffs" mean tariff-range or particular factors used in tariff-fixing however designated for the provision, supply or sale of any prescribed facilities and services within a regulated transport sector; and

"tariffs" include fees, price, dues, charges and rates.

- (3) In carrying out its functions under subsection (1), where necessary, the Commission shall adopt an approach and methodology to meet the objectives specified in this Bill and any sector legislation, other relevant legislation and any other matters that the Commission considers appropriate and the Commission may regulate the tariff for prescribed facilities and services in any manner that the Commission considers appropriate.
- (4) In exercising its powers under this Section, the

(2) In this section —

"prescribed goods and services" means any goods or services, or access to transport services and facilities, made, produced, supplied or provided by or within a regulated transport industry which goods or services are specified in the empowering instrument as being goods or services in respect of which the Commission has power to regulate tariffs;

"prescribed tariffs" mean the tariffs or tariff-range or particular factors used in tariff-fixing however designated for the provision, supply or sale of any prescribed goods and services within a regulated transport industry; and

"tariffs" include fees, price, dues, charges and rates.

- (3) In making a tariff determination, where necessary, the Commission shall adopt an approach and methodology to meet the objectives specified in this Bill and any relevant legislation and the Commission may regulate the tariff for prescribed goods and services in any manner that the Commission considers appropriate.
- (4) Without limiting the generality of subsection (3) of this section, the procedure for tariff determination may include —
- (a) regulation of tariff;

sector.

(2) In this Section:

"prescribed tariffs" mean tariff-range or particular factors used in tariff-fixing however designated for the provision, supply or sale of any prescribed facilities and services within a regulated transport sector; and

"tariffs" include fees, price, dues, charges and rates.

- (3) In carrying out its functions under subsection (1), where necessary, the Commission shall adopt an approach and methodology to meet the objectives specified in this Bill and any sector legislation, other relevant legislation and any other matters that the Commission considers appropriate and the Commission may regulate the tariff for prescribed facilities and services in any manner that the Commission considers appropriate.
- (4) In exercising its powers under this Section, the

(2) In this section --

"prescribed goods and services" means any goods or services, or access to transport services and facilities, made, produced, supplied or provided by or within a regulated transport industry which goods or services are specified in the empowering instrument as being goods or services in respect of which the Commission has power to regulate tariffs;

"prescribed tariffs" mean the tariffs or tariff-range or particular factors used in tariff-fixing however designated for the provision, supply or sale of any prescribed goods and services within a regulated transport industry; and

"tariffs" include fees, price, dues, charges and rates.

- (3) In making a tariff determination, where necessary, the Commission shall adopt an approach and methodology to meet the objectives specified in this Bill and any relevant legislation and the Commission may regulate the tariff for prescribed goods and services in any manner that the Commission considers appropriate.
- (4) Without limiting the generality of subsection (3) of this section, the procedure for tariff determination may include -
- (a) regulation of tariff;

Commission shall have regard to:

- (a) the costs of providing the services and facilities;
- (b) the desire to promote competitive rates;
- (c) any relevant benchmarks including international benchmarks for prices, cost and return on assets incomparable industries;
- (d) the decision takes into account and clearly articulates any trade-off between costs and service standards;
- (e) tariffs are fair, reasonable and non-discriminatory; and
- (f) tariffs are cost-oriented and in general, crosssubsidies are not permitted.
- (5) Without limiting the generality of subsection (3) of this Section, the procedure for tariff regulation may include, where necessary:
- (a) specifying pricing policies or principles;
- (b) specifying an amount determined by reference to a general tariff index, the cost of production, a rate of return on assets employed or any other specified factor;

- (b) specifying pricing policies or principles;
- (c) where necessary, specifying an amount determined by reference to a general tariff index, the cost of production, a rate of return on assets employed or any other specified factor;
- (d) where necessary, specifying an amount determined by reference to quantity, location, period or other specified factor relevant to the rate or supply of the goods or services;
- (e) monitoring the tariff levels of prescribed goods and services; and
- (f) any other factor that the Commission considers relevant and which will best meet the objectives specified in this Bill and any relevant legislation.

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specified services or class of services:

	(b) rules about the publication or disclosure of tariff for specified or class of services; or	
	(c) range of tariff applicable to specified services or class of services.	
28.	Commission may prescribe Tariffs.	
	28. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 26 of this Bill, the Commission may intervene in such manner as it deems appropriate in determining and setting the tariff rates for any non-competitive services provided by any transport service provider in order to meet the objectives of this Bill or for reasons of national or public interest.	House Version Adopted
29.	Approval of tariffs or charges by the Commission.	
	27. (1) As from the commencement of this Bill, every transport service provider in the regulated transport industry shall file their tariffs or range of tariffs with the Commission for approval and shall not impose any tariffs, rates, levies or charges for the provision of any service unless such tariffs, rates, levies or charges are approved by the Commission under section 29 (2) (a) or as otherwise provided in this Bill.	House Version Adopted
	(2) Every regulated transport service provider shall provide services only at the rate approved by the Commission and shall not depart therefrom without a prior written approval by the Commission.	
	(3) Every regulated transport service provider shall publish the tariff and rates charged to users for their respective services and the modifications thereto as	

may be approved from time to time by the Commission.

- (4) The tariff rates fixed by transport service providers shall be on the principles of fair and competitive trading and such other principles as the Commission may from time to time stipulate in its guidelines or regulations and shall have regard to:
- (a) the particular and peculiar circumstances of the regulated transport industry, the transport service and facility for which the determination is being made;
- (b) the costs of providing the transport services or facilities
- (c) the cost of complying with relevant health, safety, environmental and social legislation applying to the regulated transport industry;
- (d) the return on investment in the regulated transport industry;
- (e) any relevant interstate and international benchmarks for tariffs, costs and return on assets incomparable industries;
- (f) the financial implications of the determination for the regulated transport industry and regulated entities; and
- (g) any other factor that the Commission considers relevant and which will best meet the objectives

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	*	specified in this Bill and any relevant legislation.	
		(5) In exercising its powers under this Part, the Commission shall ensure that:	
		(a) the costs of regulation do not exceed the benefits;	
		(b) the decision takes into account and clearly articulates any trade-off between costs and service standards;	
		(c) tariffs are fair, reasonable and non-discriminatory; and	
		(d) tariffs are cost-oriented and in general, cross-subsidies are not permitted.	
30.	Filing and Publication of Tariffs or Charges by the Commission.		
	28. (1) All operators or service providers of a regulated transport sector where required by the Commission shall file their tariffs or range of tariffs with the Commission.		Senate Version Adopted
	(2) Every operator or service provider of a regulated transport sector where required by the Commission shall not impose any tariff or charges		
	for the provision of any service or use of any facility unless such tariff and charges are in line with the tariff guidelines or regulations made by the Commission under this Bill.		
	(3) Every operator or service provider of a regulated transport sector shall publish the tariff rates charged to users and consumers for their		

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31.	respective services and facilities, and the modifications thereto in line with the guidelines made by the Commission.  PART VII—LICENSING OR CERTIFICATION	Penalty for unauthorized tariffs.  30. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Bill, the Commission shall prescribe and enforce appropriate penalties on any transport service provider who violates the tariff duly approved by the Commission for the provision of any of its services  PART VII — REGISTRATION	House Version Adopted
32.	Requirement for Regulatory Licensing or Certification.	Requirement for registration.	
	30. (1) From the commencement of this Bill, and subject to the provision under any sector legislation for the issuance of operational licenses by Government Agencies vested with the ownership of transport services or facilities in a regulated transport sector Nigeria, no person shall operate a transport facility or provide transport services in a regulated transport sector for which the Commission has prescribed a regulatory licensing or certification regime, unless the person is granted such a license or certificate by the Commission.	31.(1) From the commencement of this Bill, no person(s) or body(s) shall operate or maintain a transport facility or provide transport related services in the regulated transport industry unless that person is duly licenced by the Commission to provide such transport related services in Nigeria.	Senate Version Adopted
	(2) The license or certificate under this Section shall relate only to matters relating to the economic regulation or safety oversight functions of the Commission and may be issued to a person or class of persons insofar as they are operating a transport facility or providing transport services in a regulated transport sector and for such purposes	(2) The certificate under this section may be issued to a person or class of persons and every certificate shall be in such form and for such period and may contain such conditions as the Commission may determine.	

only.

- (3) The Commission shall grant licensing or certification to any transport operator or service provider for economic and safety matters in the manner prescribed by the sector legislation for the purpose of transport services and facilities in that sector and every license or certificate shall be in such form and for such period and may contain such conditions as the sector legislation may determine.
- (4) Any person who acts in breach of subsection (1) of this section shall on conviction be liable to:
- (a) a fine not exceeding ten times the initial fee for the relevant license or certificate;
- (b) a prohibition from providing such services or facilities for a period as the Commission may determine.
- (5) The Commission shall from time to time publish for the general public the transport services or facilities that require Licensing or certification.
- (6) The provisions of this Part shall apply to existing Government owned transport service provider or facilities operator and any other Government Agencies with the power to operate and provide prescribed transport services or facilities in a regulated transport sector in Nigeria insofar as they are operating a transport facility or providing transport services in a regulated

(3) The Commission may register any transport service provider subject to such conditions as may be imposed.

- (4) Any person who acts in breach of subsection (1) of this section shall on conviction be liable to —
- (a) a penalty not less than ten times the relevant fee payable to the Commission in the first instance; or
- (b) a fine not exceeding ten times the initial fee for the applicable registration;
- (5) The Commission shall from time to time publish for the general public the transport services that require registration.
- (6) Notwithstanding the provisions of any other law, the provisions of this Part shall apply to existing Government owned transport service operators and any other Government Agencies with the power to operate and provide prescribed transport services in Nigeria.

	transport sector.		
	(7) Nothing in this Part shall affect the power of any Government Agency to grant operational licences to any person provided that such person shall satisfy any regulatory requirements stipulated by the Commission for such operations.		
33.		Application for registration.	
	31. (1) Any application for a license or certificate must be lodged in the prescribed manner.	32. (1) Any person may, subject to the provisions of this Bill, apply to the Commission for a registration.	Senate Version Adopted
	(2) The Commission shall specify the:	(2) Any application for registration must be lodged in the prescribed manner.	
	(a) kind of service in respect of which applications are invited;	Đ.	
	(b) form in which applications may be submitted, including any fee payable upon submission of an application;		
	(c) manner in which the service or facility must be provided;		
	(d) place where and times when any application form or relevant document may be obtained from the Commission; and		
	(e) period within which such applications must be submitted.		
	(3) The Commission may require an applicant for a license or certificate to submit to the Commission		

within the period specified by it and at the (3) The Commission shall specify the: applicant's expense, such further information as may be necessary to consider the application.

- (4) Within a period not exceeding twelve weeks after receiving an application lodged in the prescribed manner the Commission shall:
- (a) issue a license or certificate subject to specified terms and conditions:
- (b) refuse to issue a Registration Certificate and give written reasons for such refusal: or
- (c) where the failure to issue a license or certificate is based on a delay occasioned by any factor, the Commission shall give reasons for such delay and issue directives as may be relevant for the issuance of such license or certificate.
- (5) In performing its function under this section, the Commission shall at all times be guided by the principles of and consideration for:

- (a) kind of service in respect of which applications are invited:
- (b) form in which applications may be submitted. including any fee payable upon submission of an application;
- (c) manner in which the service must be provided;
- (d) place where and times when any application form or relevant document may be obtained from the Commission; and
- (e) period within which such applications must be submitted.
- (4) The Commission may require an applicant for registration to submit to the Commission within the period specified by it and at the applicant's expense. such further information as may be necessary to consider the application.

(5) Within a period of six weeks after receiving an

(a)	relevant	sector	legisl	ation:
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- (b) transparency, fairness and non-discrimination;
- (c) efficient use and management of port and land transport facilities;
- (d) development of indigenous capacity in ownership and provision of transport services;
- (e) the need to promote fair competition and investment in the regulated transport industry;
- (f) the need to provide modern, qualitative, and competitive transport services in Nigeria; and
- (g) such other principles and considerations as the Commission may from time to time consider necessary and in the national interest.

- application in accordance with subsection (1) of this section, the Commission shall:
- (a) issue a Registration licence subject to specified terms and conditions; or
- (b) refuse to issue a Registration licence and give written reasons for such refusal.

- (6) In performing its function under this section, the Commission shall at all times be guided by the principles of and consideration for:
- (a) transparency, fairness and non-discrimination;
- (b) efficient use and management of port and land transport facilities;
- (c) development of indigenous capacity in ownership and provision of transport services;

		<ul> <li>(d) the need to promote fair competition and investment in the regulated transport industry;</li> <li>(e) the need to provide modern, qualitative, and competitive transport services in Nigeria; and</li> <li>(f) such other principles and considerations as the Commission may from time to time deem necessary</li> </ul>	
34.	Recommendation from Government Agencies in Regulated Transport Sector.	and in the national interest.  Recommendation from Government Agencies in Regulated Industry.	
	32. (1) The Commission shall prior to the grant of a license or certificate under this Part, where it deems it relevant, refer the application to and obtain written recommendation on each application from any relevant Government Agency.	33. (1) The Commission shall prior to the grant of registrations under this Part, refer the application to and obtain written recommendation on each application from the relevant Government Agency.	Senate Version Adopted
	(2) It shall be the duty of the Commission to ascertain that in making the recommendation under subsection (1) of this section, the guidelines and criteria for evaluation and selection issued by the relevant Government Agency have been strictly complied with.	(2) It shall be the duty of the Commission to ascertain that in making the recommendation under subsection (1) of this section, the guidelines and criteria for evaluation and selection issued by the relevant Government Agency have been strictly complied with.	
35.	Guidelines and Regulations on granting of Regulatory Licenses or Certificates.	Guidelines and Regulations on granting of Registrations.	
	33. (1) The Commission shall from time to time issue guidelines and regulations for granting of licenses or certificates.	34.(1) The Commission shall from time to time issue guidelines and regulations for granting of registrations.	Senate Version Adopted
	(2) Any government agency or Authority in a regulated transport sector with the responsibility	(2) All Government Agencies in a regulated transport	

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	of issuing licenses to operators or service providers within their sector shall where requested by the Commission, submit to the Commission detailed guidelines and criteria used for evaluation and recommendation of qualified applicants, specifying, amongst others, the persons or classes of persons who are eligible generally to apply for any licenses issued by such an agency or Authority, and the technical standard, the procedure for technical evaluation and the applicable terms and conditions for grant of any license issued by it.	industry shall submit to the Commission detailed guidelines and criteria used for evaluation and recommendation of qualified applicants, specifying, amongst others, the persons or classes of persons who are eligible generally to apply for registrations, the technical standard, the procedure for technical evaluation and the applicable terms and conditions for grant of the license by the Commission.	
	(3) Any government agency or Authority in a regulated transport sector shall ensure that any concession contract or operational license issued by it to operators or service providers are made subject to the regulatory licenses or certificates to be granted by the Commission, where such are being granted.	(3) Each regulated transport sector Agency shall ensure that concession contracts, agreement or permits issued by it to service providers and users in the regulated transport industry are made subject to the registrations and licence to be issued by the Commission.	
	PART VIII – ACCESS	PART VIII—ACCESS	
36.	Access.	Access.	
	34. (1) An operator or service provider of a facility or service in a regulated transport sector shall use all reasonable means to meet the requirements of a person seeking access to a facility or service in accordance with the terms of the license.	35.(1) Consistent with regulations issued in that behalf by the Commission, every service provider in the regulated transport industry shall, subject to fulfilling requirement of this Bill, provide access to a significant infrastructure facility on fair and reasonable terms and conditions.	Senate Version Adopted
	(2) Subject to such exemptions as may be determined pursuant to subsection (3) of this Section, an operator or service provider of a facility or service in a regulated transport sector shall	(2) Before determining whether a facility is a significant infrastructure facility for open access, the Commission shall, among other considerations verify and ascertain that the facility is significant	

	provide access on fair and commercial terms and	infrastructure facility within the meaning of sections	
	must not prevent or hinder access to any person.	36 and 40 (2) of this Bill.	
	(3) An operator or service provider of a facility or service in a regulated transport sector may grant priority, preferential or negotiated access to transport facilities and services on conditions that must be fair, competitive and open to any third party that meets the set conditions given similar circumstances subject to subsection (4) of this Section.	(3) A person who is aggrieved by a requirement of the Commission under sub- section 1 of this section or a decision of the Commission under this Part of this Bill may appeal against that requirement or decision to the Commission and such appeal shall be determined by the Commission in accordance with its extant regulations on appeals.	
	(4) Any person seeking priority, preferential or negotiated access may request for access on terms stated in the request for access and the operator or service provider of a facility or service in a regulated transport sector shall make a formal proposal of terms and conditions for access for approval by the government agency responsible for the sector.		
	(5) The government agency responsible for the sector may refuse to grant approval if it considers that granting access would, including without limitation, substantially impede the existing right of access of another person, give undue advantage or substantial degree of market power or adversely affect competition and fair market conduct or that it contravenes any existing legislation.		
<i>37</i> .		Application of this part.	
		36.This Part applies to channels, berths, terminals,	
		anchorage, fairways, routes, jetties, bridges, stations,	
		ports including dry ports, sidings, platforms, roads,	

		rails, paths, walkways, cable cars, pipelines, tramps, tunnels, monorails, or any service facility as may be declared by the Commission.	House Version Adopted
38.		Provision of access.	
		37. (1) Subject to such exemptions as may be determined and published by the Commission, a service provider shall provide access to a significant infrastructure facility on fair and reasonable terms and conditions.	House Version Adopted
		(2) A service provider shall:	
		(a) explore all reasonable means within its disposal to meet the requirements of a person seeking access to a significant infrastructure facility; and	
		(b) make a formal proposal of terms and conditions for access within 10 working days of receiving a request or within such reasonable lesser period as may be determined by the Commission.	
		(3) The terms and conditions of access may vary according to the actual and opportunity costs to the service provider or user.	
39.	Determination on Access.	Determination on access.	
	35. (1) Any person who is aggrieved by the decision of the Government Agency:	38.(1) If a service provider has not made a formal proposal in accordance with section 37 (2) (b) of this Bill, the person seeking access may apply in writing to the Commission for the making of a determination in accordance with the provisions of this Bill.	Senate Version Adopted

- (a) refusing approval in respect of an application for access; or
- (b) the terms and conditions on which approval for access is granted may apply in writing to the Commission for the making of a determination reviewing the decision refusing to grant approval for access or for modifying the terms and conditions on which access is to be provided.
- (2) The Commission shall make a determination on the application within a reasonable time and communicate the decision to the applicant in writing and the decision of the Commission shall be final.
- (3) Any cost of making a determination by the Commission under this Section shall be borne by the person making the application for determination.
- (2) If a service provider and a person seeking access cannot agree on the terms and conditions on which access is to be provided, the service provider or the person seeking access may apply in writing to the Commission for the making of a determination in accordance with this Part specifying the terms and conditions on which access is to be provided.
- (3) The Commission shall, within 14 days of receiving an application under subsections (1) or (2) of this section, give notice in writing to the person making the application or to any other person from whom the Commission is entitled to require information under this Bill specifying —
- (a) any information that the Commission requires the person to give so that the Commission can make a determination; and
- (b) a reasonable time within which the information must be provided.
- (4) The Commission shall not make a determination if

the Commission considers that the making of a determination would substantially impede the existing right of access of another person unless that person has been given an opportunity to make a submission to the Commission in respect of the application.

- (5) A person who is bound by a determination may apply in writing to the Commission for the amendment or revocation of the determination on the ground that there has been a material change in circumstances.
- (6) Subject to subsections (7) and (8) of this section, the Commission shall determine an application under this Section within 21 days of receiving the application, excluding the period of time between the day on which notice is given under subsection (3) of this section and the day on which the required information is received by the Commission.
- (7) The Commission may extend the 21 day time limit in subsection (6) of this section for a period not exceeding 30 days if the Commission —
- (a) is unable to determine the application within the period of 21 days; and
- (b) notifies the person seeking access and the service provider of the extension of time and the reasons why the Commission needs further time to determine the application.
- (8) The Commission may refuse to make a determination if -

		(a) the Commission considers that the application is without merit; or	
	•	(b) the Commission is satisfied that —	
		(i) the service provider has complied with the obligations under section 40 of this Bill;	
		(ii) the terms and conditions of access being offered by the service provider does not constitute taking advantage of a substantial degree of market power in the provision of the prescribed services; or	
		(9) A person who is aggrieved by a decision of the Commission to refuse to make a determination under this section may apply to the Commission under section 85 seeking redress as if that decision were a determination for the purposes of section 81 of this Bill.	
		(10) The costs of the Commission in making a determination under this section are to be paid by the non-prevailing party.	
		(11) A determination under this section shall not be inconsistent with any relevant direction on tariffs.	
40.	Enforcement of Orders.	and the second of the second o	
	36. (1) The Commission shall have power to make		
	an order in respect of any violation of the terms of		Sonato Varcian Adapted
	any license, permit, concession or the provisions of		Senate Version Adopted
	this Bill directing compliance by the operator,		
	transport service provider or government agency		

with the terms of the order.

	<ul> <li>39. (1) A service provider or any person having access to a significant infrastructure facility shall not engage in any conduct having the purpose of hindering access by any other person in the reasonable exercise of a right of access.</li> <li>(2) A person who considers that his or her right of access has been hindered in contravention of subsection (1) of this Section may apply in writing to the Commission for the making of a determination in accordance with the provisions of this Bill.</li> </ul>	House Version Adopted
42.	(3) If the Commission determines that there has been a contravention of subsection (1) of this Section, the Commission may make a determination that a person is entitled to access on such terms and conditions as are specified in the determination.  Enquiry about a significant infrastructure facility.	
	40. (1) The Commission may conduct an enquiry under the provisions of this Bill every 5 years or at any reasonable time as deemed necessary, commencing from the coming into force of this Bill to make a determination whether or not a facility that is declared to be a significant infrastructure facility has ceased to be such a facility.	House Version Adopted
	<ul> <li>(2) For the purpose of this section, a facility is a significant infrastructure facility if —</li> <li>(a) there are no other alternative facilities;</li> <li>(b) it would not be economically feasible to use another facility providing access to the same route;</li> </ul>	

		<ul><li>(c) it would not be economically feasible to develop another facility providing access to the same route;</li><li>(d) access to the facility would promote competition</li></ul>	
	·	in at least one market (whether or not in Nigeria) other than a market for using the facility;	
		(e) safe access to the facility can be ensured at an economically feasible cost; and	
		(f) any other matter which the Commission may consider relevant.	·
43.		(3) An enquiry under this Section shall be conducted in accordance with Part XII of this Bill.	
43.		Application for determination on conditions for provision of access.	
		41. (1) A service provider of a significant infrastructure facility may apply in writing to the Commission for the making of a determination under this Part approving	
		the terms and conditions on which access to the facility is to be provided for the period specified in the determination.	House Version Adopted
		(2) The Commission shall, within 14 days of receiving an application under subsection (1) of this section, give notice in writing to the person making the application specifying —	
		(a) any information that the Commission requires the person to give for the purpose of the determination; and	

	(b) a reasonable time within which the information must be provided.	n
	(3) The Commission shall determine whether to accept or refuse an application under this section within 21 days of receiving the application, excluding the period of time between the day on which notice given under subsection (2) of this section and the day on which the required information is received by the Commission.	n g s
	(4) The costs of the Commission in making determination under this section shall be borne by the service provider.	a e
	(5) Section 42 of this Bill shall not apply whilst determination under this section is in force unless the Commission finds that the determination deals with the matters that are in dispute.	e
44.	Commission may give directions in relation to dispute.	
	42. (1) The Commission, for the purposes of facilitating negotiations or determining a disput under this Part, may require a person who is or was party to the dispute to do or refrain from doin something, including:	House Version Adopted
	(a) requiring a person to give relevant information of a document to one or more other persons identified by the Commission and copies to the Commission subject to the provisions of this section;	<u>.</u>
	(b) requiring a person to carry out reasonable	

AF	research or investigations in order to obtain relevant information;  (c) prohibiting a person from imposing, or seeking to impose, an unreasonable procedural condition on the person's participation in negotiations;  (d) requiring a person to respond in writing to another person's proposal or request in relation to the time and place of a meeting;  (e) requiring a person, or a representative of a person, to attend a mediation conference.  (2) For the purposes of subsection (1) (c) of this section "an unreasonable procedural condition" includes a requirement by one party that the other party or parties to the dispute must not disclose to the Commission information or a document provided in the course of negotiations.  (3) A person who fails to comply with any requirement made under this section commits an offence and is liable on conviction to a fine of not less than \(\frac{1}{13}\),000,000.00.	
45.	Confidentiality agreements.	
	<ul> <li>43. (1) This section applies if —</li> <li>(a) the Commission makes a requirement under section 42 (1) (a) of this Bill;</li> <li>(b) the person in control or possession of the</li> </ul>	House Version Adopted

information or document ("the disclosing party") notifies the Commission in writing that the information or document is of a confidential or commercially sensitive nature; and	
(c) the Commission notifies the person that the information or document shall still be required in accordance with section 42 (1) (a) of this Bill.	
(2) Where under subsection (1) (c) of this section, the Commission notifies the disclosing party that the information or document shall still be required in accordance with Section 42 (1) (a) of this Bill, the disclosing party may require the person receiving the information or document ("the receiving party") to enter into a confidentiality agreement.	
(3) The terms of a confidentiality Agreement may be proposed by the disclosing party and those Terms shall be promptly notified to the Commission and to the receiving party.	
Unreasonable confidentiality clauses.	
44. Where the Commission considers that the terms of the proposed confidentiality agreement are unreasonable, the Commission may request the parties to amend or delete those terms or substitute other terms.	House Version Adopted
Application for deregistration.	
45. (1) Any person or service provider may subject to the provisions of this Bill, apply to the commission for deregistration;	House Version Adopted
	information or document is of a confidential or commercially sensitive nature; and  (c) the Commission notifies the person that the information or document shall still be required in accordance with section 42 (1) (a) of this Bill.  (2) Where under subsection (1) (c) of this section, the Commission notifies the disclosing party that the information or document shall still be required in accordance with Section 42 (1) (a) of this Bill, the disclosing party may require the person receiving the information or document ("the receiving party*) to enter into a confidentiality agreement.  (3) The terms of a confidentiality Agreement may be proposed by the disclosing party and those Terms shall be promptly notified to the Commission and to the receiving party.  Unreasonable confidentiality clauses.  44. Where the Commission considers that the terms of the proposed confidentiality agreement are unreasonable, the Commission may request the parties to amend or delete those terms or substitute other terms.  PART IX — APPLICATION FOR DEREGISTRATION  Application for deregistration.  45. (1) Any person or service provider may subject to the provisions of this Bill, apply to the commission for

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(2) Any application for deregistration shall be lodged
in writing to the Commission;

- (3) The Commission shall:
- (a) consider the application;
- (b) make recommendations on the applicant's financial standing;
- (c) in the event the applicant is in any way indebted to the Commission, proceed against such an applicant to recover such monies, moveable and immoveable property or other items in the possession of the applicant and return same to the Commission;
- (d) in the event, the applicant is not indebted to the Commission, the Commission shall deregister the person and have such name struck out from its register.
- (4) Nothing in this Bill shall prevent the Commission from deregistering any person or operator under these conditions:
- (a) death in the case of a natural person;
- (b) having been declared bankrupt by a court of competent jurisdiction in the case of a corporate entity;
- (c) winding up or dissolution of a corporate entity;
- (d) in the interest of public policy; or

20.414	PART IX - OTHER REGULATORY POWERS	(e) failure to pay penalty for a period exceeding 60 days.  PART X — OTHER REGULATORY POWERS	
48.	Supervisory function over Safety Matters in the Regulated Transport Sector.	Oversight Function over Regulated Transport Industry.	
	37. (1) The Commission may exercise such powers including the power to make determinations for or with respect to other safety regulatory matters as may be conferred on the Commission by a transport sector legislation or other empowering instrument.	including the power to make determinations for or	Senate Version Adopted
	(2) In making a determination under this Section, the Commission shall have regard to any:	(a) licensing of all service providers and users	
	(a) factors specified in the empowering instrument; and	operating in the regulated transport industry in Nigeria;	
	(b) other factors that the Commission considers relevant.	(b) market conduct;	
		(c) all items mentioned under section 4 of this Bill and other economic, safety and standards regulatory matters as may be conferred on the Commission by the empowering instrument.	
		(2) In making a determination under this section, the Commission shall have regard to any:	
		(a) factors specified in the empowering instrument; and	

		(b) other factors that the Commission considers relevant.	
49.	Monitoring and Reporting.	Monitoring and reporting.	·
	38. (1) The Commission shall monitor all matters relating to the performance and compliance of all transport agencies or Authorities, operators and service providers with the provisions of this Bill and other applicable sector legislation and publish regular reports at such intervals as it may deem necessary.	47. (1) The Commission shall monitor all matters relating to the performance and compliance of all transport service providers with the provisions of this Bill and other applicable sector legislations and publish annual reports at the end of each financial year.	Senate Version Adopted
	<ul><li>(2) Matters upon which the Commission shall monitor and report include but are not limited to the following:</li><li>(a) the operation and administration of this Bill and its subsidiary legislation;</li></ul>	(2) Matters upon which the Commission shall monitor and report include but not be limited to the following:	
	(b) the quality of services;	(a) the operation and administration of this Bill and all other subsidiary legislations;	
	<ul><li>(c) the tariff rates and charges paid by any regulated transport sector services user, for the services rendered to the user;</li><li>(d) anti-competition practices including cross-subsidies;</li></ul>	<ul><li>(b) the quality of services rendered by service providers in the regulated transport industry;</li><li>(c) the tariffs, rates and charges paid by regulated transport services providers;</li></ul>	
	(e) the development of industry self-regulation;	(d) anti-competition practices including cross-subsidies;	
	(f) any deficiencies in the scope or operation of this Bill and its subsidiary legislation; and	(e) the development of industry self-regulation;	

(g) other matters which the Commission considers relevant.	(f) any deficiencies in the scope or operation of this Bill and its subsidiary legislation; and	
(3) For the purpose of discharging its duties under this Section the Commission may request the provision of any information or report on any	(g) other matters which the Commission considers relevant.	
activity of any transport agency or Authority, an operator or service provider of any facility or service, or any person within the provisions of this Bill, a sector legislation or subsidiary legislation and such information or report shall be provided as	(3) The Commission shall publish the report, in the manner it deems appropriate, provided that it shall be made available to the public.	
(4) The Commission may publish the reports, in the manner it deems appropriate, provided that they shall be made available to the public.	S. S	·
(5) In addition to any report which the Commission is required by this Bill to submit to the President, the Commission shall:		
(a) submit to the President such other reports as the President shall require and at such intervals as he may determine; and		
(b) may submit to the President such other reports as the Commission may determine as necessary.		
Commission's Power on Competition Matters	Commission's power on competition matters.	
39. (1) Notwithstanding the provisions of any other law, but subject to the Competition and Consumer Protection Bill, the Commission shall have power in relation to a regulated transport sector, to	48. (1) Subject to the provisions of any other law, the Commission shall have power in relation to the regulated industry, to determine, pronounce upon, administer, monitor and enforce compliance of all	House Version Adopted
	relevant.  (3) For the purpose of discharging its duties under this Section the Commission may request the provision of any information or report on any activity of any transport agency or Authority, an operator or service provider of any facility or service, or any person within the provisions of this Bill, a sector legislation or subsidiary legislation and such information or report shall be provided as may be determined by the Commission.  (4) The Commission may publish the reports, in the manner it deems appropriate, provided that they shall be made available to the public.  (5) In addition to any report which the Commission is required by this Bill to submit to the President, the Commission shall:  (a) submit to the President such other reports as the President shall require and at such intervals as he may determine; and  (b) may submit to the President such other reports as the Commission may determine as necessary.  Commission's Power on Competition Matters  39. (1) Notwithstanding the provisions of any other law, but subject to the Commission shall have power in	(3) For the purpose of discharging its duties under this Section the Commission may request the provision of any information or report on any activity of any transport agency or Authority, an operator or service provider of any facility or service, or any person within the provisions of this Bill, a sector legislation or subsidiary legislation and such information or report shall be provided as may be determined by the Commission.  (4) The Commission may publish the reports, in the manner it deems appropriate, provided that they shall be made available to the public.  (5) In addition to any report which the Commission is required by this Bill to submit to the President, the Commission shall:  (a) submit to the President such other reports as the President shall require and at such intervals as he may determine; and  (b) may submit to the President such other reports as the Commission may determine as necessary.  Commission's Power on Competition Matters  39. (1) Notwithstanding the provisions of any other law, but subject to the Competition and Consumer Protection Bill, the Commission shall have power in relation to the regulated industry, to determine, pronounce upon, administer, monitor and enforce compliance of all

	and enforce compliance of all persons with competition laws and regulations, whether of a general or specific nature, relating to a regulated transport sector including prohibition of anticompetition practices.	whether of a general or specific nature, as such laws and regulations relate to the regulated transport industry including prohibition on anti-competition practices.	
	(2) In relation to the Commission's power on competition matters, the Commission may where appropriate investigate, report and make recommendations to the relevant agencies.	(2) A transport service provider shall not engage in any conduct which has the purpose or effect of substantially lessening competition in any aspect of the regulated transport industry.	Senate Version Adopted
		(3) The Commission may from time to time publish guidelines and regulations on anti-competition practices in the regulated transport industry and such guidelines or regulations may include references to:	
		(a) types of or categories of anti-competitive practices which are prohibited;	
•		(b) the relevant economic market;	
·		(c) global trends in the relevant market;(d) the impact of the practice on the number of competitors in a market and their market shares;	
		(e) the impact of the practice on barriers to entry into the market and measures necessary to remove or reduce their impact;	
		<ul><li>(f) the impact of the practice on the range of services in the market;</li><li>(g) the impact of the practice on the cost and profit structures in the market;</li></ul>	

		(h) access to essential transport services and facilities on fair and non-discriminatory terms to all users in an equivalent position; and	
	·	(i) any other matter which the Commission considers relevant.	
		(4) A transport service provider shall not enter into any understanding, agreement or arrangement, whether legally enforceable or not, which provides for —	
		(a) tariff or freight fixing beyond the range set by the Commission;	
-		(b) market sharing;	
		(c) cross-subsidy;	
		<ul><li>(d) boycott of another competitor;</li><li>(e) boycott of a supplier of apparatus or equipment;</li><li>or</li></ul>	
	•	(f) boycott of any other transport service operator.	
	·	(5) A transport service provider shall not, at any time or in any circumstance, make it a condition for the provision or supply of a product or service that the	
		person acquiring such product or service that the person acquiring such product or service be required to acquire or not to acquire any other product or service either from himself or from another person specified by him.	
51.		Dominant Operator.	

**House Version Adopted** 

49.	(1)	The	Commission	may	determine	that	а
transp	ort s	ervic	e provider is i	n a de	ominant pos	sition	in
any as	pect	of th	e Nigerian tra	nspor	t sector.		

- (2) The Commission may publish guidelines and regulations on the determination of "dominant position" for transport service providers.
- (3) The guidelines and regulations in subsection (2) of this Section shall specify the matters which the Commission may take into account, including:
- (a) the relevant economic market;
- (b) global technology and commercial trends affecting market power;
- (c) the market share of the transport service provider;
- (d) the provider of prescribed service's power to independently set its rates;
- (e) the degree of service or product differentiation and promotion in the market; and
- (f) any other matter which the Commission may consider relevant.
- (4) The Commission may direct a transport service provider in a dominant position in the transport sector to cease any conduct in that market which has or may have the effect of substantially lessening competition in the transport sector and to implement appropriate recommendations.

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52.	Au	thorisation for specific conduct.	
	Cor ma sub the	. (1) A transport service provider may apply to the mmission prior to engaging in any conduct which may be construed to have the purpose or effect of estantially lessening competition in any aspect of e transport sector, for authorization for the induct.	House Version Adopted
	Cor	Notwithstanding the provisions of this Part, the mmission may authorize the conduct if the mmission is satisfied that it would be in the tional interest to grant such authorization.	
·	Co	Prior to granting the authorization, the mmission may require the transport service ovider to submit an undertaking regarding his nduct in any matter relevant to the authorization	
53.	1	ithdrawal of authorization granted by the mmission.	
	ap thi	(1) A transport service provider may withdraw an oplication made under subsection (1) of section 50 of is Bill at any time prior to authorization by the ommission.	House Version Adopted
	un ma	An authorization granted by the Commission of the commission of the commission of the commission at the commission may specify.	
	cu	) The Commission shall maintain a register of irrent authorizations of conduct under this Part in cordance with Part XVII of this Bill.	

54.	Regulation relating to agreements.	
	52. (1) Subject to subsection (2) of this section, the Commission may make regulations or rules under this Bill in respect of agreements between private sector transport service provider on one hand and between the Government and private sector transport service providers, on the other.	House Version Adopted
:	(2) The Commission shall only make rules under subsection (1) of this section which are intended to prevent or mitigate:	
	(a) any conduct by the parties mentioned in subsection (1) of this section that will or is likely to lead to a substantial lessening of competition in any aspect of the regulated transport industry; or	
	(b) the misuse of market power in any aspect of the regulated transport industry.	
55.	Regulatory powers conferred by sector legislations.	
	53. (1) The Commission may exercise such powers as may be conferred by sector legislations, including the power to make determinations for or with respect to —	House Version Adopted
	(a) licensing;	
	(b) standards and conditions of service;	
	(c) market conduct; and (d) other regulatory matters.	

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	(2) In making a determination under this section, the
	Commission shall have regard to —
	(a) any factors specified in the sector legislation; and
	(b) any other factor that the Commission considers relevant.
	(3) In performing its regulatory function over the government agencies and service providers, the Commission shall —
	(a) monitor government agencies and other service providers to ensure they comply with applicable safety and standards regulations; and
	(b) receive and determine complaints from the public or any aggrieved party with respect to the performance or non-performance of the duties of any agency referred to in this section.
<i>56</i> .	Power to make regulations and guidelines.
	54. (1) The Commission may make and publish regulations for or with respect to any matter or thing required or permitted by this Bill and sector legislation to be prescribed or necessary to be prescribed to give effect to this Bill and sector legislation.
	(2) The regulations under subsection (1) of this section may in accordance with this Bill or sector legislation
	(a) provide for industry specific economic, safety and standards regulations taking into consideration the

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peculiarities of the individual regulated sectors;	
(h) regulate proceedings relating to appeals:	

- (c) provide for written authorisations, permits, licences and concessions in the regulated transport industry;
- (d) specify fees, charges, rates or fines to be imposed;
- (e) specify a system of national service obligation for un-served areas and underserved areas;
- (f) provide for standards for quality of service;
- (g) provide for related offences and penalties;
- (h) any matter for which this Bill and sector legislation makes express provision; and
- (i) such other matters as are necessary for giving full effect to the provisions of this Bill and sector legislation and for their due administration.
- (3) The regulations may —
- (a) be of general or limited application;
- (b) differ according to differences in time, place or circumstances;
- (c) apply, adopt or incorporate with or without modification the provisions of any -
- (i) act or the provisions of any subsidiary legislations

	transport industry;  (ii) act or the provision under any of those A or as amended by the published at a particular (iii) relevant do specifications or make prescribed or published or published at a particular (iii) relevant do specifications or make prescribed or published or published or published or published or published, and (d) leave any matter determined, applied,	ons of any subsidiary legislations Acts, whether wholly or partially he regulations or as in force or allar time or from time to time, ocuments, standards, rules ethods formulated by, issued, lished by any Governmental statutory powers to issue such or thing to be from time to time dispensed with or regulated by
	the Commission.  (2) The Commission Guidelines on any ma legislations makes ex matters as are neces provisions of this Bill their due administration (3) The Commission decision making has safety, environment	may also make and publish tter for which this Bill and sector opposition and such other sary for giving full effect to the land sector legislations and for ion.  I shall ensure that regulatory regard to the relevant health, and social legislations
57.		lated transport industry. elines and regulations.
	55. Subject to subse Commission may re	ection (2) of this section, the eview, as at when it deems guidelines and regulations made

		under this Bill and sector legislations that are in effect at the time of the review and may modify, vary, or repeal any such rules or regulations —  (i) which are no longer necessary for the purposes of this Bill and sector legislation;  (ii) for any other reason that the Commission deems appropriate.	
	PART X – DIRECTIVES	PART XI — DIRECTIVES	de la constituições de mario de ministrações de la constituições de la constituição de la constituição de la c
<i>58.</i>	Issuance of Directives.	Issuance of directives.	
	40. (1) The Commission may, from time to time, issue directives or orders in writing to any person regarding the compliance or non-compliance with the provisions of this Bill, sector legislation or its subsidiary legislation or any license conditions, including the remedy for a breach of the provisions of this Bill, sector legislation or its subsidiary legislation.	56. (1) The Commission may, from time to time, issue directives or orders in writing to any person regarding the compliance or non-compliance with the provisions of this Bill, sector legislations and their subsidiary legislations or any licence conditions, including the remedy for a breach of the provisions of this Bill or its subsidiary legislations.	Senate Version Adopted
	(2) Where the Commission is satisfied that a person has breached or is likely to breach the provisions of this Bill, sector legislation or its subsidiary legislation on safety, it may issue a directive under this Section.	(2) Before issuing a directive or order under subsection (1) of this section, the Commission shall issue a notice in writing to the person specifying the nature of compliance required and the person shall be granted an opportunity to be heard or may make a written submission within a reasonable time period specified in the notice on the reasons for his conduct or activity.	
	(3) Before issuing a directive or order under this Section, the Commission shall issue a notice in writing to the person specifying the nature of	(3) After the expiration of the notice specified in subsection (2) of this section, the Commission shall take into consideration any reasons provided by the	

I	compliance required and the person shall be
l	granted an opportunity to be heard or may submit
	a written submission within a reasonable time
	specified in the notice on reasons for his conduct
l	or activity.

- (4) After the expiration of the notice specified in subsection (3) of this Section, the Commission shall take into consideration any reasons provided by the person before making a decision in relation to the relevant conduct or activity of the person or failure or omission to such steps or measures required under this Bill, a sector legislation or subsidiary legislation.
- (5) After due consideration of any reasons provided by the person, the Commission may issue a directive or order under this Section requiring the person to take specified action or to refrain from taking any action, in order to prevent a breach or continued breach of any of the provisions of this Bill, a sector legislation or subsidiary legislation.
- (6) The Commission shall give the person written notice of its directive or order not later than 30 days from the date the decision was made and the person shall comply with the directive or order issued by the Commission.

- person before making a decision in relation to the relevant conduct or activity of the person.
- (4) After due consideration of any reasons provided by the person, the Commission may issue a directive or order under subsection (1) of this section requiring the person to take specified action to prevent contravention or continued contravention of any of the provisions of this Bill, sector legislations and their subsidiary legislations.
- (5) The Commission shall give the person written notice of its directive or order not later than 30 days from the date the decision was made on the directive and the person shall comply with the directive or order issued by the Commission.

## 59. Matters to consider in Issuing Directives.

41. (1) The Commission may, when issuing a directive or order under this Bill, sector legislation or subsidiary legislation in relation to prescribed services, have regard to the costs associated with

## Matters to consider in issuing directives.

57. (1) The Commission may, when issuing a directive or order under this Bill, sector legislation and their subsidiary legislations in relation to prescribed services, have regard to the costs associated with any

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any service related to th	e prescribed services if:
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- (a) the related service is necessary or essential to the provision of prescribed services;
- (b) the related service cannot readily be provided by another operator; and
- (c) it is not feasible to charge a separate fee or price for the related service.
- (2) The Commission may when issuing a directive or order in relation to prescribed services have regard to services required to meet the objectives of the relevant regulated transport sector including the provision of:
- (a) infrastructure within the relevant regulated transport sector that is necessary for moving cargo and passengers to or from berthing facilities, rail and road transport stations, terminals, platform, sidings, short term storage facilities or cargo marshalling facilities;
- (b) infrastructure erected in order to satisfy safety, security, planning, or environmental requirements;
- (c) safety, security, emergency or environmental management services that are required by law;
- (d) strategic planning for the transport facility; and

- service related to the prescribed services if:
- (a) the related service is necessary or essential to the provision of prescribed services;
- (b) the related service cannot readily be provided by another service provider; and
- (c) it is not feasible to charge a separate fee or price for the related service.
- (2) The Commission may when issuing a directive or order in relation to prescribed services have regard to related services required to meet the objectives of the relevant regulated transport industry sector including the provision of:
- (a) ports, inland waterways, rails, roads and other infrastructure for the provision of transport services within the relevant regulated transport industry sector that is necessary for moving cargo and passengers to or from berthing facilities, rail and road transport stations, terminals, platform, sidings, short term storage facilities or cargo marshalling facilities;
- (b) land infrastructure erected to satisfy safety, standards, security, planning, or environmental requirements;
- (c) safety, security, emergency or environmental management services that are required by law;
- (d) strategic planning for the transport facility; and

60.	(e) the facilitation of trade through the relevant transport facility.  Modification of Directives.	(e) the facilitation of trade through the relevant transport facility.  Modification of directives.	·
	42. The Commission may modify, vary or revoke a directive or order and the procedure set out in section 40 of this Bill shall apply in respect of any modification, variation or revocation of a directive or order.	58. (1) The Commission may modify, vary or revoke a directive or order.	House Version Adopted
		(2) The procedure set out in section 57 of this Bill shall apply in respect of any modification, variation or revocation of a directive or order.	
61.	Non-Compliance with Directives.	Non-Compliance with directives.	
	43. A person who fails to comply with a directive of the Commission under this Part shall be liable to a fine not exceeding N20,000,000.00 and to a further fine not exceeding N200,000.00 for each day the contravention continues after service of the direction or order on it.	59. A person who fails to comply with a directive of the Commission under this Part shall be liable to a fine not exceeding ₩20,000,000.00 and to a further fine not exceeding ₩2,000, 000.00 or as may be reviewed by the Commission from time to time, for each day the contravention continues after service of the direction or order on it.	House Version Adopted
62.	Register of Directives.	Register of directives.	
an a	44. The Commission shall maintain a register of all directives issued by the Commission, including any written instruments modifying, varying or revoking a directive or order, in accordance with Part X of this Bill.	60. The Commission shall maintain a register of all directives issued by the Commission, including any written instruments modifying, varying or revoking a directive or order, in accordance with Part XVII of this Bill.	Senate Version Adopted
62	PART XI — ENQUIRY	PART XII — INQUIRY	
63.	Enquiry.	Inquiry.	
	45. (1) The Commission may hold a public inquiry on any matter of a general nature that the Commission considers an inquiry is necessary or desirable for the purpose of carrying out its	61. (1) The Commission may hold a public inquiry on any matter of a general nature that relates to the administration of this Bill or its subsidiary legislation if the Commission considers an inquiry is necessary or	Senate Version Adopted

	functions.	desirable for the purpose of carrying out its functions.	
	·	(2) Subject to subsection (3) of this section, the	·
	(2) Subject to subsection (3) of this section, the	Commission may hold a public enquiry under	
	Commission may hold a public enquiry under	subsection(1) of this section:	
	subsection (1) of this section:		
		(a) in response to a written request from a person; or	
	(a) in response to a written request from a person;		
	or	·	
		(b) on its own initiative, only if it is satisfied that the	
	(b) on its own initiative, provided that if it is	matter is of significant interest to either the public or	
	satisfied that the matter is of significant interest to	to current or prospective transport service providers.	
	either the public or to current or prospective		
	transport service providers.		
	(0)	(3) The Commission shall hold a public enquiry in all	
	(3) The Commission shall hold a public inquiry in	instances that it is mandatorily required to hold an	
	all instances that it is mandatorily required to hold	enquiry under this Bill.	
	an inquiry under this Bill and sector legislation and		
ļ	their subsidiary legislation.	///\ The Committee :	
	(4) The Commission may combine two or more	(4) The Commission may combine two or more	
	inquiries into a single enquiry and an enquiry under	inquiries into a single enquiry and an enquiry under this Part shall be conducted as and when the	
	this Part shall be conducted as and when the	Commission deems fit.	
	Commission deems fit.	Commission deems Itt.	
	Commission deems it.		
	(5) The Commission may, for the purposes of an	(5) The Commission may, for the purposes of an	
	inquiry, exercise any or all of its investigation and	inquiry, exercise any or all of its investigation and	
	information-gathering powers under this Bill or a	information-gathering powers under this Part and	
	sector legislation.	Part XIII of this Bill.	
64.	Public Enquiry.	Public Enquiry.	
	46. (1) Where the Commission decides to hold a	62. (1) Where the Commission decides to hold a	
	public enquiry, the Commission shall publish, in a	public enquiry, the Commission shall publish, in a	House Version Adopted
	national daily newspaper and on the internet	national daily newspaper and on the internet notice	With amendment in
	notice of the enquiry.	of the enquiry.	mayers conserted 110-516-511
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	/2) The notice shall specify the	/2\ The matice shall are size of	Subsection (3)
]	(2) The notice shall specify the:	(2) The notice shall specify the:	
	(a) the purpose of the enquiry;	(a) purpose of the enquiry;	
	(b) the period during which the enquiry is to be held;	(b) period during which the enquiry is to be held;	
		(c) nature of the matter to which the enquiry relates;	
	(c) the nature of the matter to which the enquiry relates;		
]		(d) period, of at least 21 days, within which, and the	
	(d) period, of at least 21 days, within which, and	form in which, members of the public are invited to	
	the form in which, members of the public are	make submissions to the Commission including details	
	invited to make submissions to the Commission including details of public hearings;	of public hearings;	
		(e) matters that the Commission would like the	
	(e) matters that the Commission would like the submissions to deal with; and	submissions to deal with; and	
		(f) address or addresses to which the submissions may	
	(f) address or addresses to which the submissions may be sent.	be sent.	
	,	(3) The Commission shall send a copy of any notice	·
	(3) The Commission shall send a copy of any notice	published under this section to anyrelevant person or	
·	published under this Section to the relevant person	body that the Commission considers should be	
	or body that the Commission considers should be notified.	notified.	
	(4) The Commission shall consider any submissions	(4) The Commission shall consider all submissions	
	received within the time limit as specified in the	received within the time limit as specified in the	
	notice. The submissions made by the members of	notice and the submissions made by the members of	
	the public shall be in the form and of the nature as	the public shall be as specified in the notice.	
	specified in the notice.	and public shan be as specified in the flottee.	
65.	Private Enquiry.	Private inquiry.	
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**House Version Adopted** 

- 47. (1) The Commission may determine that an enquiry or a part of an enquiry may be conducted in private if the Commission is satisfied that:
- (a) the documents or information that may be given, or a matter that may arise during the enquiry or a part of the enquiry, is of a confidential nature or commercially sensitive nature:
- (b) it would be in the public interest; or
- (c) the inquiry or part of the inquiry or a matter, or part of a matter, in public would not be conducive to the exercise of its functions under this Bill and sector legislation.
- (2) If an enquiry takes place in public and the Commission is of the opinion that the:
- (a) evidence or other material presented to the enquiry; or
- (b) material in written submissions lodged with the Commission is of a confidential nature, the Commission may direct that:
- (i) the evidence or material should not be published; or
- (ii) its disclosure be restricted.
- (3) A person shall not without an excuse that is considered reasonable by the Commission fail to

- 63. (1) The Commission may determine that an enquiry or a part of an enquiry may be conducted in private if the Commission is satisfied that:
- (a) the documents or information that may be given, or a matter that may arise during the enquiry or a part of the enquiry, is of a confidential nature or commercially sensitive nature:
- (b) it would be in the public interest; or
- (c) the enquiry or part of the enquiry or a matter, or part of a matter, in public domain, would not be conducive to the exercise of its functions under this Bill.
- (2) If an enquiry takes place in public and the Commission is of the opinion that the:
- (a) evidence or other material presented to the enquiry; or
- (b) material in written submissions lodged with the Commission is of a confidential nature, the Commission may direct that —
- (i) the evidence or material should not be published;
- (ii) its disclosure be restricted.

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	comply with a direction under subsection (2) of this section.	(3) A person shall not without an excuse that is considered reasonable by the Commission fail to comply with a direction under subsection (2) of this	
·	(4) If an enquiry or part of an enquiry takes place in private, the Commission:	section.	
	(a) shall give a direction as to the persons who may be present at the enquiry or part of the enquiry;	(4) Where an enquiry or part of an enquiry takes place in private, the Commission:	
	and (b)may give a direction restricting the disclosure of	(a) shall give a direction as to the persons who may be present at the enquiry or part of the enquiry; and	,
	evidence or other material presented at the enquiry or part of the enquiry.	(b) may give a direction restricting the disclosure of evidence or other material presented at the enquiry or part of the enquiry.	
	(5) A person who without reasonable excuse fails to comply with a direction given under subsection (4) of this Section commits an offence and shall be liable to a fine of not less than N500,000.00.	(5) A person who without reasonable cause fails to comply with a direction given under subsection (4) of this Section commits an offence and shall be liable on	
66.	Publication of Report.	conviction to a fine of not less than ₩500,000.00.  Publication of report.	
	48. (1) The Commission shall publish a final report setting out its findings from any inquiry it conducts. The report shall be published within 45 (forty-five) days of the conclusion of the inquiry.	64. (1) (a) The Commission shall publish a final report setting out its findings from any enquiry it conducts and the report shall be published within 45 days of the conclusion of the inquiry.	House Version Adopted
		(b) Where it is not possible to publish the report within the time provided under paragraph (a) of this subsection, time may be extended by 14 additional days and no more.	
	(2) The Commission shall not include in the report any material:	(2) The Commission shall not include in the report any material:	
L			

:	(a) that is, in the opinion of the Commission, of a confidential nature; and	(a) that is, in the opinion of the Commission, of a confidential nature; and	
	<ul><li>(b) the disclosure of which would likely prejudice the fair trial of a person.</li><li>(3) If, in the opinion of the Commission, a final report will contain confidential or commercially sensitive information, the Commission shall divide the report into:</li></ul>	<ul> <li>(b) the disclosure of which would likely prejudice the fair trial of a person.</li> <li>(3) If, in the opinion of the Commission, a final report will contain confidential or commercially sensitive information, the Commission shall divide the report into:</li> </ul>	
	(a) a document containing the confidential or commercially sensitive information; and	(a) a document containing the confidential or commercially sensitive information; and	
	(b) another document containing the rest of the report.	(b) another document containing the rest of the report.	
	(4) Civil proceedings shall not lie against a person in respect of any loss, damage or injury of any kind suffered by another person because of any of the following acts:	(4) The Commission shall maintain a register of all reports made pursuant to an enquiry under this Part, in accordance with the provisions of this Bill.	Senate Version Adopted
	(a) the making of a request to the Commission under Section 45(2)(a) under this Part; or		
	(b) the making of a statement or giving of a document or information, to the Commission in relation to an inquiry under this Part.		·
	(5) The Commission shall maintain a register of all reports made pursuant to an inquiry under this Part, in accordance with the provisions in Part XI of this Bill.		
67.	Conduct of Enquiry	Conduct of inquiry.	

	50. Notwithstanding the provisions of any other	66. Notwithstanding the provisions of any other law,	
68.	Investigation.	Investigation.	and the second s
	ENTRY:	FARTAIL - INVESTIGATION AND POWERS OF ENTRY	
	(c) establish working groups and task forces.  PART XII - INVESTIGATION AND POWERS OF	(c) establish working groups and task forces.  PART XIII — INVESTIGATION AND POWERS OF ENTRY	
		·	
	(b) hold public seminars and conduct workshops;	(b) hold public seminars and conduct workshops;	
	(a) consult with any person that it considers appropriate;	(a) consult with any person that it considers appropriate;	
	(5) In conducting an enquiry, the Commission may:	(5) In conducting an inquiry the Commission may —	
	appear before the Commission in person or be represented by another person.	appear before the Commission in person or be represented by another person.	
	(b) has discretion as to whether any person may	(b) has discretion as to whether any person may	
	(a) must hold at least one public hearing in case of a public enquiry; and	(a) shall hold at least one public hearing in case of a public inquiry; and	
	(4) The Commission:	(4) The Commission:	
	(3) The Commission may receive written submissions or statements.	(3) The Commission may receive written submissions or statements during an enquiry.	
	inform itself in relation to any matter in such manner as the Commission considers appropriate.	inform itself in relation to any matter in such manner as the Commission considers appropriate.	
	bound by rules or practice as to evidence but may	bound by rules or practice as to evidence, but may	
	manner as the Commission considers appropriate. (2) In conducting an enquiry, the Commission is not	as the Commission considers appropriate. (2) In conducting an inquiry, the Commission is not	The state of the s
	Commission may conduct an inquiry in such a	Commission may conduct an inquiry in such manner	House Version Adopted
	49. (1) Subject to the provisions of this Bill, the	65. (1) Subject to the provisions of this Bill, the	

	I the state of the		
	law, but subject to Section 54 of this Bill the Commission shall investigate any matter pertaining to the administration of this Bill, sector legislation and their subsidiary legislation where the Commission has any ground to believe that an infringement, civil or criminal, of the provisions of this Bill, sector legislation and their subsidiary legislation was, is or will be committed.	the Commission shall investigate any matter pertaining to the administration of this Bill, and its subsidiary legislations, if the Commission has any ground to believe that an infringement, civil or criminal, of the provisions of this Bill, and its subsidiary legislations, was, is or will be committed.	Senate Version Adopted
69.	Complaint.	Complaint.	·
	<ul> <li>51. (1) The Commission may conduct an investigation on a matter referred to it upon a written complaint by a person and the complaint shall specify the person against whom the complaint is made.</li> <li>(2) Where a complaint has been made to the Commission under this Section, the Commission may make inquiries of the respondent for the purpose of deciding whether the Commission should, in its discretion, investigate the matter.</li> </ul>	67. (1) The Commission may conduct an investigation on a matter referred to in section 68 of this Bill upon a written complaint by a person, provided that the complaint shall specify the person against whom the complaint is made.  (2) If a complaint has been made to the Commission under this section, the Commission may make inquiries of the respondent for the purpose of deciding whether the Commission should, in its discretion, investigate the matter.	Senate Version Adopted
	(3) Where the Commission decides not to investigate a matter to which a complaint relates, or to stop the investigation of a matter after its commencement, it shall, not later than 60 days from the date of receipt of the complaint and in such manner as it deems fit, inform the complainant and the respondent of the decision and the reasons for the decision.	(3) If the Commission decides not to investigate or not to investigate further, a matter to which a complaint relates, it shall not later than sixty days from of receipt of the complaint and in such a manner as it deems fit, inform the complaint and the respondent of the decision and the reasons for the decision.	-
70.	Conduct of Investigation.	Conduct of investigation.	
	52. (1) Before beginning an investigation of a matter to which the complaint relates, the	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Senate Version Adopted

Commission shall inform the respondent that the matter is to be investigated.

- (2) An investigation under this Part shall be conducted as the Commission considers appropriate and the Commission may, for the purposes of an investigation, obtain information from any person as it deems fit.
- (3) Subject to subsection (4) of this section, a complainant or respondent may, at the Commission's discretion, be given an opportunity to appear before the Commission in connection with an investigation.
- (4) The Commission shall not, as a result of the investigation, make a finding that is adverse to a complainant or a respondent unless it has given the complainant or respondent an opportunity to make written submissions about a matter to which the investigation relates within a time period of not less than 21 (twenty one) days.
- (5) The Commission shall consider the submissions made by the complainant or the respondent under subsection (4) of this section before making its decision.
- (6) After concluding an investigation, the Commission may prepare and publish a report which shall cover:
- (a) the conduct of the investigation concerned; and

Commission shall inform the respondent that the matter is to be investigated.

- (2) An investigation under this Part shall be conducted as the Commission considers appropriate and the Commission may, for the purposes of an investigation, obtain information from any person as it deems fit.
- (3) Subject to subsection (4) of this section, a complainant or respondent may, at the Commission's discretion, be given an opportunity to appear before the Commission in connection with an investigation.
- (4) The Commission shall not, as a result of the investigation, make a finding that is adverse to a complainant or a respondent unless it has given the complainant or respondent an opportunity to make written submissions about a matter to which the investigation relates within a time period of not less than 21 days.
- (5) The Commission shall consider the submissions made by the complainant or the respondent under subsection (4) of this section before making its decision.
- (6) After concluding an investigation, the Commission may prepare and publish a report which shall cover:
- (a) the conduct of the investigation concerned;

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		<ul><li>(b) any findings that the Commission has made as a result of the investigation; and</li><li>(c) the evidence and other material on which those</li></ul>	<ul><li>(b) any findings that the Commission has made as a result of the investigation;</li><li>(c) the evidence and other material on which those</li></ul>	
		findings were based; and  (d) such other matters relating to, or arising out of	findings were based; and  (d) such other matters relating to or arising out of the	
L		the investigation as the Commission thinks fit	investigation as the Commission thinks fit.	
	71.	Power to enter Premises.	Power to enter premises.	
		53. (1) The Commission may in writing authorise any of its officials or appoint external inspectors on its behalf to exercise the powers of monitoring and enforcement vested in the Commission under this Bill and sector legislation.	69. (1) The Commission may in writing authorise any of its officials or appoint external inspectors on its behalf to exercise the powers of monitoring and enforcement vested in the Commission under this Bill, sector legislations and their subsidiary legislations.	Senate Version Adopted
	·	(2) The Commission may direct its authorised officials or appointed inspectors to investigate the activities of an operator or service provider, agency or other person with regard to his compliance with this Bill, sector legislation or subsidiary legislation as the Commission deems necessary for the performance of its functions under this Bill and sector legislation.	(2) The Commission may direct its authorised officials or appointed inspectors to investigate the activities of a transport service provider or other persons material to his compliance with this Bill, and its subsidiary legislations as the Commission deems necessary for the performance of its functions under this Bill, sector and its subsidiary legislations.	
		(3) In exercising any of the powers specified in subsection (2) of this Section and notwithstanding any other provision of this Bill or sector legislation, an authorised official of the Commission or its appointed inspector:	(3) In exercising any of the powers specified in subsection (2) of this section and notwithstanding any other provision of this Bill, sector and subsidiary legislations an authorised official of the Commission or its appointed inspector:	
		(a) shall on demand produce to the person against whom he is acting, the authority issued to him by	1,,,	

	the Commission; and	Commission; and	
	(b) may at any reasonable time and without prior notice to any affected person enter into any premises of an operator or service provider within a regulated transport sector and:	(b) may at any reasonable time and without prior notice, enter the premises of any affected person or premises of a transport service provider and:	
	(i) request, inspect and make copies of or extracts from books, records, documents or other information storage systems; and	(i) inspect and make copies of or extracts from books, records, documents or other information storage systems; and	
	(ii) demand the production of and inspect the relevant licence, permit, certificate or authority.	(ii) demand the production of and inspect the relevant licence, permit, certificate or authority; and	
	(c) shall obtain a Court warrant prior to the entry into the premises of any affected person or premises under the meaning of this Bill.	(c) shall obtain a Court warrant prior to the entry into the premises of any affected person who is not a transport service provider under the meaning of this Bill, sector legislations and their subsidiary legislations.	
72.	Major Accident Investigation.		
	54. (1) The President shall have the power to whenever he deems it necessary and in the event of a major accident within a regulated transport sector, appoint any person or persons to sit as a tribunal, panel or commission of inquiry as authorised by him to perform functions including:		Senate Version Adopted
	<ul><li>(a) to conduct investigations and public enquiries into such accidents and incidences as the President shall determine;</li><li>(b) establish the causes of such accidents;</li></ul>		
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- (d) record the findings of the investigation;
- (e) recommend corrective action, including, if applicable, the issuance or amendment of any regulations in order to prevent a recurrence of similar accidents;
- (f) make recommendations of any action to be taken in response or against any person or agency.
- (2) For the purpose of conducting an investigation, such a tribunal, panel or commission of inquiry appointed by the President shall have the power to .
- (a) issue a summons requiring the attendance of any person or the production of any evidence at a hearing of such a a tribunal, panel or commission of inquiry;
- (b) administer the prescribed oath;
- (c) examine witnesses;
- (d) order the seizure of anything which may be material to the investigation.
- (3) Any person required to appear before such a tribunal, a panel or commission of inquiry shall be entitled to be represented by a legal practitioner of his choice.

- (4) A hearing conducted under this Section shall be open to the public; provided however that the President is satisfied that it is in the public interest, any tribunal, panel or commission of inquiry established under subsection 1 of this Section may on his own initiative or at the request of any party order that the proceedings be conducted in camera.
- (5) At the conclusion of the investigation such tribunal, panel or commission of inquiry appointed under subsection 1 of this Section shall present a report to the President
- (6) A report presented to the President pursuant to subsection 5 of this Section shall be published in a white paper within six (6) months of its submission to the President.
- (7) A report published under this Section may be used as evidence in court in any proceedings that may arise in respect of any regulated transport sector accident or incidence that was investigated.
- (8) Any person or persons appointed under subsection 1 of this Section shall not, directly or indirectly, as owner, shareholder, director, officer, member, partner or otherwise:
- (a) be engaged in a regulated transport sector undertaking or business;
- (b) be engaged in any transport regulated agency; or

	(c) have an interest in a regulated transport sector undertaking or business or an interest in the manufacture or distribution of regulated transport sector plant or equipment, except where the distribution is merely incidental to the general merchandising of goods.		
	(9) Any person or persons appointed under subsection 1 of this Section shall not carry on any activity inconsistent with the performance of his duties under this Bill.		
	PART XIII - COLLECTION AND USE OF INFORMATION	PART XIV — COLLECTION AND USE OF INFORMATION	
73.	General Power to obtain Information and Documents.	General power to obtain information and documents.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	55. (1) This section shall apply to any person who is subject to this Bill and a relevant sector legislation and who the Commission has reason to believe:	70. (1) This section shall apply to any person who is subject to this Bill and its subsidiary legislations and who the Commission has reason to believe:	Senate Version Adopted
	(a) has any information including accounts and records or any document that may assist the Commission in the exercise of the Commission's powers and functions under this Bill or its subsidiary legislation; or	(a) has any information including accounts and records or any document that may assist the Commission in the exercise of the Commission's powers and functions under this Bill, sector legislations and their subsidiary legislations; or	
	(b) is capable of giving any evidence which the Commission has reason to believe is relevant to the exercise of the Commission's powers and functions under this Bill, sector legislation or their subsidiary legislation.	(b) is capable of giving any evidence which the Commission has reason to believe is relevant to the exercise of the Commission's powers and functions under this Bill, sector legislations and their subsidiary legislations.	
	(2) The Commission may, by written notice, direct	(2) The Commission may, by written notice, direct any	

any person who is subject to this Bill and sector legislation, in relation to the information contemplated in subsection (1) of this Section, to:

- (a) give the Commission, within the period and in the manner and form specified in the notice, any such information;
- (b) produce to the Commission, within the period and in the manner specified in the notice, any such documents, whether in a physical form or in electronic media;
- (c) make copies of any such documents and to produce those copies to the Commission within the period and in the manner specified in the notice.
- (3) The Commission shall allow the person so directed under subsection (2) of this section a reasonable time to give and to produce any information or documents specified in the notice.
- (4) Any person who is subject to this Bill and sector legislation and who is required to provide information under subsection (2) of this Section shall ensure that the information provided is true, accurate and complete and such person shall provide a representation to that effect, including a representation that he is not aware of any other information which would make the information provided false or misleading.
- 74. Refusal to Provide Information.

person who is subject to this Bill, sector legislations and their subsidiary legislations in relation to the information contemplated in subsection (1) of this section to:

- (a) give the Commission, within the period and in the manner and form specified in the notice, any such information,
- (b) produce to the Commission, within the period and in the manner specified in the notice, any such documents, whether in a physical form or in electronic media: and
- (c) make copies of any such documents and to produce those copies to the Commission within the period and in the manner specified in the notice.
- (3) The Commission shall allow the person so directed under subsection (2) of this section a reasonable time to give and to produce any information or documents specified in the notice.
- (4) Any person who is subject to this Bill, and its subsidiary legislations and who is required to provide information under subsection (2) of this section shall ensure that the information provided is true, accurate and complete and such person shall provide a representation to that effect, including a representation that he is not aware of any other information which would make the information provided false or misleading.

Refusal to provide information.

	56. (1) A person who fails to disclose or omits to
	give any relevant information or evidence or
	document, or fails to comply with any requirement
	made by the Commission under this Part commits
	an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a
	fine of not less than N500, 000.00.
	(2) Notwithstanding the provisions of this Bill and
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- subsection (1) of this Section, a person who is subject to this Bill and sector legislation and who provides information or evidence or document that he knows or has reason to believe is false or misleading, in response to a direction issued by the Commission, commits an offence and shall on conviction be liable to a fine of not less than N500,000.00 or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding 1 year or to both such fine and
- (3) A person shall not:

fine of not less than N1,500,000.00.

(a) threaten, intimidate or coerce another person; or

imprisonment and if a company shall be liable to a

- (b) take, threaten to take, incite or be involved in any action that causes another person to suffer any loss, injury or disadvantage because that other person complied, or intends to comply, with a request made under this section.
- (4) A person who contravenes the provision of subsection (3) of this section commits an offence

- 71. (1) A person who fails to disclose or omits to give any relevant information or evidence or document, or fails to comply with any request made by the Commission under this Part commits an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of not less than ₩500,000.00.
- (2) Notwithstanding the provisions of Sections 70 of this Bill, and subsection (1) of this section, a person who is subject to this Bill and who provides information or evidence or document that he knows or has reason to believe is false or misleading, in response to a direction issued by the Commission, commits an offence and shall on conviction be liable to a fine of not less than ₩500,000.00 or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding one (1) year or to both such fine and imprisonment and if a company shall be liable to a fine of not less than **№1**,500,000.00.
- (3) A person shall not —
- (a) threaten, intimidate or coerce another person; or
- (b) take, threaten to take, incite or be involved in any action that causes another person to suffer any loss. injury or disadvantage because that other person complied, or intends to comply, with a requirement made under this section.
- (4) A person who contravenes the provision of subsection (3) of this section commits an offence and and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of not I shall be liable on conviction to a fine of not less than

# **Senate Version Adopted**

House Version Adopted

	less than N500, 000.00 or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding 1 year or to both such fine and imprisonment.	N500,000.00 or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding 1 year or to both such fine and imprisonment.	
	(5) A person is not liable in any way for any loss, damage or injury suffered by another person because of the giving of any information or document in good faith to the Commission under this Section.	(5) A person is not liable in any way for any loss, damage or injury suffered by another person because of giving any information or a document to the Commission in good faith, under this section.	
<i>7</i> 5.	Evidence of Compliance	Evidence of compliance.	
	57. A person who is subject to this Bill and sector legislation shall, if at any time called upon in writing by the Commission to do so, produce to the Commission all such evidence and provide all such information as the person may have relating to his compliance with any of the provisions of this Bill, a sector legislation or subsidiary legislation as the Commission may generally, or in relation to any particular case, require.	72. A person who is subject to this Bill and its subsidiary legislations shall, if at any time called upon in writing by the Commission to do so, produce to the Commission all such evidence and provide all such information as the person may have relating to his compliance with any of the provisions of this Bill, sector legislations and their subsidiary legislations as the Commission may generally, or in relation to any particular case, require.	Senate Version Adopted
76.	Compliance not a Breach of Duty	Compliance not a Breach of Duty	
	58. Notwithstanding the provisions of any other law, a person who is a member or employee of a statutory body is not to be found guilty of an offence or to be in breach of a statutory duty by providing information or a copy of a document to	58. Notwithstanding the provisions of any other law, a person who is a member or employee of a statutory body is not to be found guilty of an offence or to be in breach of a statutory duty by providing information or a copy of a document to Commission if the person	Senate Version Adopted
	Commission where the person provides information or a copy of a document to the Commission in compliance with a requirement under this section.	provides information or a copy of a document to the Commission in compliance with a requirement under this section.	
77.	Certified Copies of Documents by Commission	Certified true copies of documents by Commission.	
	59. (1) The Commission may take and retain for as	74. (1) The Commission may take and retain for as	

	long as is necessary, possession of a document produced under this Part and the person otherwise entitled to possession of the document is entitled to be supplied, as soon as practicable with a copy certified by the Commission to be a true copy.	long as is necessary, possession of a document produced under this Part.	Senate Version Adopted
	<ul> <li>(2) Notwithstanding the provisions of any other written law, all Courts and tribunals shall receive the certified copy in evidence as if it were the original.</li> <li>(3) Until a certified copy is supplied, the Commission shall, at such times and places as the Commission thinks appropriate, permit the person otherwise entitled to possession of the document, or a person authorised by that person, to inspect and make copies of, or take extracts from the document.</li> </ul>	(2) The person otherwise entitled to possession of the document is entitled to be supplied, as soon as practicable, with a copy certified by the Commission to be a true copy of the original.  (3) Until a certified copy is supplied, the Commission shall, at such times and places as the Commission thinks appropriate, permit the person otherwise entitled to possession of the document, or a person authorised by that person, to inspect and make copies of, or take extracts from the document.	
78.	Record and Publication of Information	Record and publication of information.	
	60. (1) The Commission shall maintain a record of all information, evidence or documents received pursuant to the directions given under Section 55(1) of this bill.	75. (1) The Commission shall maintain a record of all information, evidence or documents received pursuant to the directions given under Section 70 (2) of this Bill.	Senate Version Adopted
	(2) The Commission may publish information received in the course of exercising its powers and functions under this Part if it is satisfied that the publication is consistent with the objects of this Bill or a sector legislation provided that the Commission shall consider the commercial interests of the parties to whom the information relates before publishing the information.	(2) The Commission may publish information received in the course of exercising its powers and functions under this Part if it is satisfied that the publication is consistent with the objects of this Bill and or its subsidiary legislations provided that the Commission shall consider the commercial interests of the parties to whom the information relates before publishing the information.	

Wednesday, 6th June, 2018

79.	Restriction on Disclosure of Confidential Information	Restriction on disclosure of confidential information.	
To the second se	61. (1) This section applies if information or a document is given by a person to the Commission when at the time the information or document is given, the person giving it states that it is of a confidential or commercially-sensitive nature.	<ul> <li>76. (1) This section applies if —</li> <li>(a) information or a document is given to the Commission under section 62, 68 and 70 respectively;</li> <li>(b) at the time the information or document is given, the person giving it states that it is of a confidential or commercially-sensitive nature.</li> </ul>	Senate Version Adopted
	(2) The Commission shall not disclose the information or the contents of the document to any person unless: (a) the Commission is of the opinion that:	(2) The Commission must not disclose the information or the contents of the document to any person unless:	
	(i) the disclosure of the information or document would not cause detriment to the person supplying it; or	(a) the Commission is of the opinion that:  (i) the disclosure of the information or document would not be detrimental to the person supplying it, or	
	<ul> <li>(ii) although the disclosure of the information or document would cause detriment to the person supplying it, the public benefit in disclosing it outweighs that detriment; and</li> <li>(b) the Commission is of the opinion, in relation to any other person who is aware of the information</li> </ul>	(ii) although the disclosure of the information or document would not be detrimental to the person supplying it, the public benefit in disclosing it outweighs that detriment;	
	or the contents of the document and who might be detrimentally affected by the disclosure:  (i) that the disclosure of the information or	(b) the Commission is of the opinion, in relation to any other person who is aware of the information or the contents of the document and who might be detrimentally affected by the disclosure:	
	document would not cause detriment to that person; or	(i) that the disclosure of the information or document would not cause detriment to that person; or	

- or document would cause detriment to that person, the public benefit in disclosing it outweighs (ii) that although the disclosure of the information or document would cause detriment to that person, the public benefit in disclosing it outweighs that (c) the Commission gives the person who supplied detriment; and
- the information or document written notice: (c) the Commission gives the person who supplied the
- (i) stating that the Commission wishes to disclose the information or contents of the document. specifying the nature of the intended disclosure and setting out detailed reasons why the Commission wishes to make the disclosure:

(ii) that although the disclosure of the information

that detriment; and

- (ii) stating the reasons in subsection (2)(a) of this section and setting out detailed reasons why it is of that opinion.
- (d) if the Commission is aware that the person who supplied the information or document in turn received the information or document from another person and is aware of that other person's identity and address, the Commission gives that other person written notice:
- (i) containing the details required by subsection (2)(c) of this section; and
- (ii) stating that the Commission is of the opinion that subsection (2)(b) of this Section relates to him and setting out detailed reasons why it is of that opinion; and
- (e) no Notice of Appeal is lodged in respect of any

- information or document written notice:
- (i) stating that the Commission wishes to disclose the information or contents of the document, specifying the nature of the intended disclosure and setting out detailed reasons why the Commission wishes to make the disclosure;
- (ii) stating that the Commission is of the opinion required by subsection (2) (a) of this section and setting out detailed reasons why it is of that opinion.
- (d) if the Commission is aware that the person who supplied the information or document in turn received the information or document from another person and is aware of that other person's identity and address, the Commission gives that other person written notice:
- (i) containing the details required by subsection (2) (c) of this section; and
- (ii) stating that the Commission is of the opinion required by subsection (2) (b) of this Section in relation to him and setting out detailed reasons why it

notice given under subsections (2)(c) or (d) of this section within the time permitted by section 72 of this Bill.

- (3) Any person who contravenes the provisions of this section commits an offence and shall on conviction be liable to a fine not less than N500,000.00.
- (4) Subsection (2) of this section shall not prevent liable to a fine not less than ₩500,000.00. the Commission from:
- (a) disclosing information or the contents of a document to –
- (i) an employee employed under section 18 of this Bill;
- (ii) a member of staff referred to in Section 18 of this Bill; or
- (iii) a member of a unit, committee or panel acting under delegation by virtue of Section 17 of this Bill; or
- (b) using information or a document for the purposes of an enquiry or investigation; or
- (c) supplying the information or document to the members of any Appeal Panel hearing an Appeal in relation to the information or document.
- (5) Where an Appeal is lodged under section 72 of this Bill and the Appeal -

is of that opinion; and

- (e) no notice of Appeal is lodged in respect of any notice given under subsections (2) (c) or (d) of this section within the time permitted under this section.
- (3) Any person who contravenes the provisions of this section commits an offence and shall on conviction be liable to a fine not less than ₹500,000.00.
- (4) Subsection (2) of this section shall not prevent the Commission from:
- (a) disclosing information or the contents of a document to —
- (i) an employee employed under section 17 of this Bill;
- (ii) a member of staff referred to in Section 17 of this Bill; or
- (iii) a member of a unit, committee or panel acting under delegation by virtue of Section 17 of this Bill; or
- (b) using information or a document for the purposes of an enquiry or investigation; or
- (c) supplying the information or document to the members of any Appeal Panel hearing an Appeal in relation to the information or document.

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	<ul> <li>(a) is withdrawn or dismissed, the Commission may disclose any information, or the contents of any document, that was the subject of the Appeal in the manner set out in the notice given under subsection (2)(c) of this section;</li> <li>(b) is granted, the Commission may disclose anything that the Appeal Panel permits it to disclose under this Bill in the manner specified by the Appeal Panel.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(5) Where an Appeal is lodged under section 87 of this Bill and the Appeal —</li> <li>(a) is withdrawn or dismissed, the Commission may disclose any information, or the contents of any document, that was the subject of the Appeal in the manner set out in the notice given under subsection (2) (c) of this section;</li> <li>(b) is granted, the Commission may disclose anything that the Appeal Panel permits it to disclose under Section 89 of this Bill in the manner specified by the</li> </ul>	
	(6) The Commission must not disclose to any person any document that it has obtained from any person or agency that is an exempt document under the Official Secrets Bill, Cap O3, LFN 2004 in the hands of the that person or agency.	Appeal Panel.  (6) For the purpose of this section, the disclosure of anything that is already in the public domain at the time the Commission wishes to disclose it cannot be detrimental to any person referred to in subsections	·
	(7) For the purpose of this Section, the disclosure of anything that is already in the public domain at the time the Commission wishes to disclose it cannot cause detriment to any person referred to in subsections (2)(a) or (2)(b) of this Section.	(2) (a) or (2) (i) of this section.	
80.	·	Commission not to disclose exempt document.	
		77. (1) The Commission must not disclose to any person any document that it has obtained from any person or agency that is an exempt document under the Official Secrets Act, Cap. O3, Laws of the Federation of Nigeria, 2004 in the hands of the person or agency.	House Version Adopted
		(2) The provision of subsection (1) of this section does	

		not prevent the Commission from doing anything Specified in section 76 (4) of this Bill.	
81.	Financial and Business Records	Financial and business records.	
	62. (1) An operator or service provider of any facility or service where required by the Commission, shall keep financial and business records in respect of any specific facility or service that are separate from any financial and business records for other aspects of any business conducted by the provider of prescribed services.	financial and business records in respect of:	Senate Version Adopted
	(a) the provision of channels for use by the respective modes of transport that are separate from financial and business records for other prescribed services; and	channels or routes for use by the respective modes of	
	(b) prescribed services that are separate from any financial and business records for other aspects of any business conducted by the provider of prescribed services.	financial and business records for other aspects of any	
	(2) The financial and business records shall be prepared and maintained in accordance with guidelines made by the Commission.		
	<ul> <li>(3) The provider of such facilities or services shall make the financial and business records available to the Commission when required to do so by notice in writing given by the Commission.</li> <li>(4) A requirement under subsection (3) of this section shall identify the information or document required and shall specify:</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(3) The provider of prescribed services shall make the financial and business records available to the Commission when required to do so by notice in writing given by the Commission.</li> <li>(4) A requirement under subsection (3) of this section shall identify the information or document required and shall specify:</li> </ul>	

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	(a) when the requirement shall be complied with;	(a) when the requirement shall be complied with;	
	(b) in what form the information or copy of the document is to be given to the Commission; and (c) that the requirement is made under this Section.	<ul><li>(b) in what form the information or copy of the document is to be given to the Commission; and</li><li>(c) that the requirement is made under this Section.</li></ul>	
	(5) A person who without lawful excuse fails to comply with any requirement made under this section commits an offence and is liable on conviction to a fine of not less than N500,000.00.	(5) A person who without lawful excuse fails to comply with any requirement made under this section commits an offence and is liable on conviction to a fine of not less than \$\frac{1}{2}500,000.00\$.	
	PART XIV - RESOLUTION OF DISPUTES	PART XV — RESOLUTION OF DISPUTES	
82.	Power to Resolve Disputes	Power to resolve disputes.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	63. (1) The Commission shall have powers to resolve disputes between persons regarding any matter under this Bill, a sector legislation or subsidiary legislation.	79. (1) The Commission shall have powers to resolve disputes between persons regarding any matter under this Bill, sector legislations and or their subsidiary legislations.	Senate Version Adopted
	(2) An attempt shall first be made by the parties to resolve any dispute between them through negotiation before the involvement of the Commission.	(2) An attempt shall first be made by the parties to resolve any dispute between them through negotiation before the involvement of the Commission.	
	(3) Where one of the parties to the dispute has provided an undertaking that is relevant to the subject matter of the dispute and the Commission has registered the undertaking, the parties may adopt the conditions of the undertaking for the purposes of resolving the dispute.	(3) If one of the parties to the dispute has provided an undertaking that is relevant to the subject matter of the dispute and the Commission in accordance with part XVII has registered the undertaking, the parties may adopt the conditions of the undertaking for the purposes of resolving the dispute.	
83.	Notification of Disputes	Notification of disputes.	

**House Version Adopted** 

64. (	1) A party to a	disp	oute m	nay, in wri	ting, n	otify
the	Commission	of	the	dispute	and	the
Com	mission may or	nly r	esolve	a dispute	under	this
Part	if it is notified	l in '	writing	g of the d	ispute	and
requested by either or both parties to intervene.						

- (2) The Commission may publish guidelines setting out the principles and procedures that it may take into account in resolving disputes or a class of disputes under this Part.
- (3) Upon receipt of the notification of the dispute referred to in sub-section (1) of this section, the Commission shall, as soon as practicable, convene to resolve the dispute.
- (4) The Commission shall convene to resolve a dispute if it is satisfied that:
- (a) the parties to the dispute have both consented to submit the dispute to the Commission for resolution;
- (b) an agreement will not be reached, or may not be reached within a reasonable time;
- (c) the notification of the dispute is not trivial, frivolous or vexatious; and
- (d) the resolution of the dispute would promote the objects of this Bill, a sector legislation or subsidiary legislation.

- 80. (1) A party to a dispute may, in writing, notify the Commission of the dispute and the Commission may only resolve a dispute under this Part if it is notified in writing of the dispute and requested by either or both parties to intervene.
- (2) The Commission may publish guidelines setting out the principles and procedures that it may take into account in resolving disputes or a class of disputes under this Part.
- (3) Upon receipt of the notification of the dispute referred to in sub-section (1) of this section, the Commission shall, as soon as practicable, convene to resolve the dispute.
- (4) The Commission shall convene to resolve a dispute if it is satisfied that:
- (a) an agreement will not be reached, or may not be reached within a reasonable time;
- (b) the notification of the dispute is not trivial, frivolous or vexatious; and
- (c) the resolution of the dispute would promote the objects of this Bill, or its subsidiary legislations.

## Resolution of disputes by Commission.

## 84. Resolution of Disputes by Commission

### Page **96** of **139**

	CE /4) Cubicate the abitate of the Box		
	65. (1) Subject to the objects of this Bill and sector legislation and any guidelines issued by the Commission under this Part, the Commission may resolve the dispute in such manner including Alternative Dispute Resolution processes and upon such terms and conditions as it may deem fit.	81. (1) Subject to the objects of this Bill and its subsidiary legislations and any guidelines issued by the Commission under this Part, the Commission may resolve the dispute in such manner including Alternative Dispute Resolution mechanisms and upon such terms and conditions as it may deem fit.	Senate Version Adopted
	(2) In carrying out its functions under subsection (1) of this section, the Commission shall always be guided by the objective of establishing a sustained dispute-resolution process that is fair, just, economical and effective which shall not be bound by technicalities, legal form or rules of evidence and shall at all times act according to the ethics of justice and fair play and the merits of each case.	(2) In carrying out its functions under subsection (1) of this section, the Commission shall always be guided by the objective of establishing a sustained disputeresolution process that is fair, just, economical and effective and that shall not be bound by technicalities, legal form or rules of evidence and that shall at all times act according to the ethics of justice and fair play and the merits of each case.	
	(3) The Commission shall state in writing the terms and reasons for a determination under this Part and shall provide the parties to the dispute with a copy of its decision as soon as practicable.	(3) The terms and conditions of any determination of the Commission under this part shall state in writing and shall state the Commission's reasons and the Commission shall provide the parties to the dispute with a copy of its decision as soon as practicable.	
	(4) The costs of the Commission in making a determination under this Part shall be borne by the non-prevailing party to the dispute or in a manner as may be determined by the Commission.	(4) The costs of the Commission in making a determination under this Part are to be borne by the non-prevailing party to the dispute.	·
<i>85.</i>	Register of Decisions	Register of decisions.	
	66. (1) The Commission shall register all decisions it makes under this Part.	82. (1) The Commission shall register all decisions it makes under this Part in accordance with part XVII.	
	(2) The Register shall contain:	(2) The Register shall contain:	Senate Version Adopted
	(a) the names of the parties to the dispute;	(a) the names of the parties to the dispute;	

67.	68. Any decisions taken by the Commission on any matter brought before it shall be the subject of records which shall be kept by the Commission and such records or part thereof shall, when required for publication or other disclosure, be made		Senate Version Adopted
87.	(3) The Commission may make such other orders or directives as it may deem fit for the purposes of the enforcement of its decisions.  PART XV - REVIEW OF DECISIONS  General Records of Decisions	(3) No certificate under subsection (2) of this section is required if the enforcement action is taken by the Commission under this section.  PART XVI — REVIEW OF DECISIONS	
	(2) A breach or contravention of any decision made by the Commission under this Part shall be deemed to be an offence under this Bill.	(2) A decision made by the Commission under this Part may be enforced by the Court as if the decision is a judgment of such Court provided that the Commission has issued a certificate to the complainant for leave to proceed to the Court for the enforcement of the decision.	
	67 (1) The decision of the Commission shall be binding on the parties and the Commission may direct a party to a dispute to abide by the decision of the Commission in that dispute.	83. (1) The decision of the Commission shall be binding on the parties and the Commission may direct a party to a dispute to abide by the decision of the Commission in that dispute.	Senate Version Adopted
36.	(c) the date of the decision, but not the terms and reasons for the decision.  Enforcement of Commission's Decisions	(c) the date of the decision, but not the terms and reasons for the decision.  Enforcement of Commission's decisions.	
	(b) a general description of the matter; and	(b) a general description of the matter pertaining to the decision; and	

	69. (1) A person who is aggrieved or whose interest is adversely affected by any decision of the Commission made pursuant to the exercise of its functions and powers under this Bill or sector legislation may request in writing to the Commission for a statement of the reasons for the decision.	84. (1) A person who is aggrieved or whose interest is adversely affected by any decision of the Commission made pursuant to the exercise of the powers and functions under this Bill, sector legislations and their subsidiary legislations may request in writing to the Commission for a statement of the reasons for the decision.	Senate Version Adopted
	(2) The Commission shall, upon such written request provide a copy of a statement of reasons for the decision and any relevant information taken into account in making the decision.	(2) The Commission shall, upon such written request by an aggrieved person, provide a copy of a statement of reasons for the decision and any relevant information taken into account in making the decision.	House Version Adopted
	<ul><li>(3) The Commission is not required to publish, or to disclose to the aggrieved person, a statement of reasons or a part of a statement of reasons if the publication or disclosure would:</li><li>(a) disclose a matter that is, in the reasonable</li></ul>	(3) The Commission is not required to publish, or to disclose to the aggrieved person, a statement of reasons or a part of a statement of reasons if the publication or disclosure would —	
	opinion of the Commission, of a confidential character;	(a) disclose a matter that is, in the reasonable opinion of the Commission, of a confidential character;	
	(b) be likely to prejudice the fair trial of a person; or	(b) be likely to prejudice the fair trial of a person; or	
	(c) involve the unreasonable disclosure of personal information about any individual.	(c) involve the unreasonable disclosure of personal information about any person.	
	(4) In this Part, "decision" includes any action, order, report or direction.		Senate Version Adopted
89.	Review of Decision by Commission	Review of decision by Commission.	
	70. (1) An aggrieved person may at any time within but not later than 30 days after the date of receipt of the Commission's statement of reasons	85. (1) An aggrieved person may at any time within but not later than thirty days after the date of receipt of the Commission's statement of reasons specified in	House Version Adopted

	specified in section 69(2) of this Bill request the Commission in writing for a review of the Commission's decision and specify therein the reasons and basis for his request.	section 84 (2) of this Bill, request the Commission in writing for a review of the Commission's decision and specify therein the reasons and basis for his request.	
	(2) Subject to subsection (4) of this section, upon receipt of the aggrieved person's written submissions the Commission shall meet to review its decision taking into consideration the submissions of the aggrieved person under subsection (1) of this section.	(2) Subject to subsection (4) of this section, upon receipt of the aggrieved person's written submissions the Commission shall meet to review its decision taking into consideration the submissions of the aggrieved person under subsection (1) of this section.	
	(3) In carrying out the review of its decision under this Part, the Commission may use and exercise any of its powers under this Bill; and	(3) In carrying out the review of its decision under this Part, the Commission may use and exercise any of its powers under this Bill, sector legislations and their subsidiary legislations.	
	(4) The Commission shall within sixty days of making the request under subsection (1) of this section conclude its review of the decision and inform the aggrieved person in writing of its final decision thereon and the reasons.	(4) The Commission shall not later than thirty (30) days from the date of receipt of the aggrieved person's written submissions conclude its review of the decision and inform the aggrieved person in writing of its final decision thereon and the reasons.	Senate Version Adopted
	(5) During the period for the consideration or review of a decision of the Commission and before the communication of a final decision thereof, the Commission may make such interim orders or directives as it deems necessary as regards the decision under consideration and the aggrieved person.		
90.	Judicial Review of Decision	Judicial review of decision.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	71. (1) Subject to Section 70 of this Bill and subsections (2) and (3) of this Section, an aggrieved	86. (1) Subject to section 85 of this Bill and subsections (2) and (3) of this section, an aggrieved	

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	person may apply to the Court for a judicial review of the Commission's decision or other action.  (2) The decision or direction of the Commission	person may appeal to the Court for a judicial review of the Commission's decision or other action.	Senate Version Adopted
	that is the subject matter of an application for judicial review shall subsist and remain binding and valid until it is expressly reversed in a final judgment or Order of the Court unless the applicant files an application to stay the Commission's decision pending the determination of the judicial review in Court.	(2) The decision or direction of the Commission that is the subject matter of an application for judicial review shall subsist and remain binding and valid until it is expressly reversed in a final judgment or Order of the Court.	
	(3) A person shall not apply to the Court for a judicial review unless that person has first exhausted the provisions of Section 70 under this Part.		
		PART XVII — RIGHT OF APPEAL	House Version Adopted
91.	Appeal	Right of appeal.	
1			House Version Adopted
	72. (1) A person who is aggrieved by a determination of the Commission may appeal against the determination in accordance with the provisions of this Section.	87. (1) A person who is aggrieved by a determination	House Version Adopted Senate Version Adopted
	72. (1) A person who is aggrieved by a determination of the Commission may appeal against the determination in accordance with the	87. (1) A person who is aggrieved by a determination of the Commission may appeal against the determination in accordance with the provisions of	

	(4) The only ground for an Appeal is that the determination:		
	(a) was not made in accordance with the law;	·	
	(b) is unreasonable having regard to all the relevant circumstances;		
	(c) there has been bias; or (d) the determination is based wholly or partly on an error of fact in a material respect.		
	(5) "Determination" under this Section includes direction, order, decisions or requirements made by the Commission under this Bill.	5-9	
	PART XVI - REGISTER AND UNDERTAKINGS	PART XVIII - REGISTER AND UNDERTAKINGS	
92.	Register	Register.	es provincia de la companya de la co
	73. The Commission shall maintain a Register of all matters that are required to be registered under this Bill, a sector legislation or subsidiary legislation.	88. (1) The Commission shall maintain a register, in both paper form and electronic medium, of all matters that are required to be registered under this Bill and its subsidiary legislations legislation.	Senate Version Adopted
		(2) The Commission may, at its discretion, summarise the contents of a material for inclusion in the register and exclude aspects of the material if it considers such exclusion necessary and justified.	House Version Adopted
93.	Access to Register by Public	Access to register by public.	
	74. (1) A person may, on payment of a prescribed fee if any is prescribed by the Commission:	89. (1) A person may, on payment of the prescribed fee, if any, to be determined by the Commission —	House Version Adopted
	(a) inspect the Register; and	(a) inspect the Register; and	
	(b) make a copy of or take extracts from the	(b) make a copy of or take extracts from the Register.	

	Register.		4
		(2) If a person requests that a copy be provided in an electronic medium, the Commission may provide the relevant information:	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(a) on a data processing device; or	
		(b) by way of electronic transmission.	
	(2) The Commission shall from time to time publish Guidelines in regard to its various Registers giving details of the Registers and indicating access processes and procedures for members of the public.	(3) The Commission shall from time to time publish Guidelines in regard to its various Registers giving details of the Registers and indicating access processes and procedures for members of the public.	Senate Version Adopted
94.	Registration of Agreements	Registration of agreements.	
	75. (1) A party to a written agreement who is subject to this Bill or a sector legislation shall apply to the Commission for the registration of such Agreement, if this Bill requires such registration.	90. (1) A party to a written agreement who is subject to this Bill and its subsidiary legislations shall apply to the Commission for the registration of the Agreement, if this Bill and its subsidiary legislations require such registration.	Senate Version Adopted
	(2) The Commission shall register the written agreement if the Commission is satisfied that such agreement is consistent with:	(2) The Commission shall register the written Agreement if the Commission is satisfied that the Agreement is consistent with:	·
	(a) the objects and provisions of this Bill or a sector legislation; and	(a) the objects of this Bill;	
	(b) any relevant instrument under this Bill or a sector legislation.	(b) any relevant instrument under this Bill; and	
		(c) any relevant provisions of this Bill and its subsidiary legislations.	
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	76. (1) The Commission shall maintain a Register of all agreements required to be registered under this Bill, in accordance with the provisions of this Part.	91. (1) The Commission shall maintain a Register of all Agreements required to be registered under this Bill and its subsidiary legislations, in accordance with the provisions of this Part.	Senate Version Adopted
	(2) The Register shall contain:	(2) The Register shall contain:	
	<ul><li>(a) the names of the parties to the agreement;</li><li>(b) a general description of the subject of the agreement; and</li></ul>	(a) the names of the parties to the agreement; (b) a general description of the subject matter of the Agreement; and	
	(c) the date of the agreement but not the terms and conditions of the agreement.	(c) the date of the Agreement but not the terms and conditions of the Agreement.	
	PART XVIII- REGULATIONS AND GUIDELINES		
96			
	83. The Commission may make and publish regulations and guidelines in respect of any matter or thing required or permitted by this Bill to be prescribed or which in the opinion of the Commission is necessary or convenient to be prescribed for carrying out or giving effect to this Bill.		Senate Version Adopted
		PART XIX — OFFENCES AND JURISDICTION	
97	. Offences by Persons		
-	84. A person who contravenes or fails to comply with any provision of this Bill, a sector legislation or subsidiary legislation or any regulation made under this Bill, commits an offence.		Senate Version Adopted
98	. Offences by Officers of Corporate Bodies	Offences by persons or corporate bodies.	
	85. If a corporate body commits an offence under this Bill, a sector legislation or subsidiary		House Version Adopted

	legislation, the corporate body, as well as any person who at the time of the commission of the offence was a director, chief executive officer, manager or other similar officer of the corporate body or was purporting to act in any such capacity, capacity or was in any manner or to any extent responsible for the management of any of the affairs of the company or was assisting in such management:  (a) may be charged severally or jointly in the same proceedings with the Corporate body;  (b) if the corporate body is found guilty of the offence, such a person or persons shall be deemed to be guilty of that offence unless, having regard to the nature of his functions in that capacity and to all circumstances, he proves—	who at the time of the commission of the offence was a director, chief executive officer, manager, secretary or other similar officer of the company or was purporting to act in any such capacity or was in any manner or to any extent responsible for the management of any of the affairs of the company or was assisting in such management —  (a) may be charged severally or jointly in the same proceedings with the company; and  (b) if the company is found guilty of the offence, shall be deemed to be guilty of that offence unless, having regard to the nature of his functions in that capacity and to all circumstances, he proves —	
	(i) that the offence was committed without his knowledge, consent or connivance; and	(i) that the offence was committed without his knowledge, consent or connivance; and	
	(ii) that he had taken all reasonable precautions and exercised due diligence to prevent the commission of the offence.	(ii) that he had taken all reasonable precautions and exercised due diligence.	
99.	General Penalties	General offences and penalties.	
	86. (1) Where no specific fine is prescribed in this Bill, a relevant sector legislation or subsidiary legislation for any offence, a person found guilty of an offence shall –	98. (1) A person who contravenes any provision of this Bill or any regulation made under this Bill, where no specific penalty is prescribed in this Bill or its subsidiary legislation, shall —	House Version Adopted
	(a) as a first offender, be liable to a fine not exceeding N500,000.00 or to imprisonment for a	(a) as a first offender, be liable to a fine not less than №500,000.00 or to imprisonment for a term not less	

	term not less than one year or to both such fine and imprisonment; and	than one (1) year or to both such fine and imprisonment; and	
	(b) for subsequent convictions, be liable to a fine not less than N5,000,000.00 or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding three (3) years or to both such fine and imprisonment.	(b) for subsequent convictions, be liable to a fine not less than ₹1,500,000.00 or to imprisonment for a term not less than three (3) years or to both such fine and imprisonment.	
	(2) The institution of proceedings or the imposition of any fine or term of imprisonment for the purpose of this Section shall not relieve any person from the liability to perform any obligation or pay any sum due as payable under this Bill, a relevant sector legislation or subsidiary legislation.	(2) The Commission may by regulations make further provisions for offences and penalties and for the adjustment of fines and penalties imposed under this Bill and its subsidiary legislations in order to reflect prevailing economic realities and such shall become effective upon publication in the Federal Gazette.	
	(3) The Commission may by regulations make further provision for offences and penalties and for the adjustment of fines and penalties imposed under this Bill in order to reflect prevailing economic realities and such shall become effective upon publication in the Federal Gazette.	3	·
100.	Personal Liability	Personal liability.	
	87. A Commissioner or any employee or member of a committee or panel acting under a delegated authority derived from this Bill is not personally liable for anything done or omitted to be done in good faith:	99. A Commissioner or any employee or a member of a committee or panel acting under a delegation under section 18 of this Bill is not personally liable for anything done or omitted to be done in good faith —	House Version Adopted
	(a) in the exercise of a power or the performance of a function under this Bill or any relevant legislation; or	(a) in the exercise of a power or the performance of a function under this Bill or any relevant legislation; or	
	(b) in the reasonable belief that the act or omission was in the exercise of a power or the performance of a	(b) in the reasonable belief that the act or omission was in the exercise of a power or the performance of	

	function under this Bill or any relevant legislation.	a function under this Bill or any relevant legislation.	
101.	Disclosure of Information is an Offence	Disclosure of information is an offence.	
	88. (1) A person must not disclose any confidential or commercially-sensitive information obtained during the exercise of a power or the performance of a function under or in connection with this Bill or any relevant legislation.	100. (1) A person must not disclose any confidential or commercially-sensitive information obtained during the exercise of a power or the performance of a function under, or in connection with, this Bill or any relevant legislation.	House Version Adopted
	<ul> <li>(2) A person must not use any such information to obtain directly or indirectly any pecuniary or other advantage for himself or any other person.</li> <li>(3) Any person who without lawful excuse contravenes sub-sections (1) and (2) of this section commits an offence and on conviction is liable to a fine of not less than N500,000.00.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(2) A person must not use any such information to obtain directly or indirectly any pecuniary or other advantage for himself or any other person.</li> <li>(3) Any person who without lawful excuse contravenes subsections (1) and (2) of this section commits an offence and on conviction is liable to a fine of not less than ₩500,000.00.</li> </ul>	
	(4) A person may disclose or use such information if:	(4) A person may disclose or use such information if:	
	(a) the disclosure or use is made in the exercise of a power or the performance of a function under, or in connection with this Bill or any other law;	(a) the disclosure or use is made in the exercise of a power or the performance of a function under, or in connection with, this Bill or any relevant legislation; or	
	(b) the person has the consent of the person who supplied the information;	(b) the person has the consent of the person who supplied the information; or	
	(c) the disclosure or use is made in legal proceedings at the direction of a Court; or	(c) the disclosure or use is made in legal proceedings at the direction of a Court; or	
	(d) the information is in the public domain at the time it is disclosed or used.	(d) the information is in the public domain at the time it is disclosed or used.	
	(5) Subsection (4) of this section shall not interfere	(5) Subsection (4) of this section shall not interfere with any rights which another person may have with	

	with any rights which another person may have with regard to the disclosure or use of the information.	regard to the disclosure or use of the information.	
102.	Enforcement Orders	Enforcement orders.	
	89. The Commission may apply to the Federal High Court for an injunction or declaration or both in respect of an order or direction served by the Commission under this Bill.	101. The Commission may apply to the Court for an injunction or declaration or both in respect of an order or direction served by the Commission under this Bill and its subsidiary legislations.	House Version Adopted
103.		Proceedings against Commission.	
		102. No proceedings may be brought in respect of a determination or direction other than on the grounds that —  (a) there was no power to make the determination or direction; or	House Version Adopted
	·	(b) that the procedural requirements in relation to the making of the determination or direction have not been complied with.	
104.	Limitation of suits against the Commission	Limitation of suits against the Commission.	
	<ul><li>90. (1) Subject to the provisions of this Bill, the provisions of the Public Officers Protection Act, Cap P41, 2004 shall apply in relation to any suit or action instituted against an official or employee of the Commission in any Court.</li><li>(2) Notwithstanding the provisions of any other</li></ul>	103. (1) Subject to the provisions of this Bill, the provisions of the Public Officers Protection Act, Cap. P41, Laws of the Federation of Nigeria, 2004 shall apply in relation to any suit or action instituted against an official or employee of the Commission in any court.	Senate Version Adopted
	law, no Suit shall lie against the Commission or a Commissioner, or employee of the Commission for any act or omission done in pursuance or execution of this Bill or a sector legislation, or be instituted in	(2) Notwithstanding the provisions of any other laws, and subject to section 66 of this Bill, no Suit shall lie against the Commission or a Commissioner, or employee of the Commission for any act or omission	,

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	any court, unless it is commenced:	done in pursuance or execution of this Bill and its	
Į.		subsidiary legislations or be instituted in any Court	
		unless it is commenced –	
	(a) within three months next after the act, neglect		
	or default complained of; or		
		(a) within three months next after the act, neglect or	
	(b) in case of a continuation of damage or injury,	default complained of; or	
	within six months next after the ceasing thereof.	(b) in case of a continuation of damage or injury,	
		within six months next after the ceasing thereof.	
105.		Restriction on execution against the Commission.	
		104. (1) In an action or a suit against the Commission,	
		no execution or attachment process in any nature	
		thereof shall be issued against the Commission unless	
		not less than 3 months' notice of the intention to	House Version Adopted
		execute or attach has been given to the Commission.	
		(2) Any sum of money which may by the judgment of	
	·	1 1 1 2	
		any court be awarded against the Commission shall,	
		subject to any direction given by the court, where no	
		notice of appeal against the said judgment has been	
		given, be paid from the fund of the Commission.	
	PART XVII-CONSEQUENTIAL AND TRANSITIONAL	PART XX — MISCELLANEOUS	Title of the House
	PROVISIONS, AMENDMENTS, REPEALS AND		Version Adopted
106.	SAVINGS  Legislations of a Regulated Transport Sector		
100.	regulations of a regulated Hambort dectar		Title of the Senate
			version Adopted
	82. (1) A provision in any legislation or sector		
	legislation of any regulated transport sector which		Senate Version Adopted
	refers to a multi-sector transport regulator or any		j sellate veisibii Auopted
	regulator or regulatory agency with functions		·
	powers to regulate that sector or do anything in		
	·		
	that regard shall be a reference to the Commission		
	and the Commission shall assume any duties,		
	functions and powers so granted.		

- (2) Notwithstanding anything in any other enactment all regulatory functions and powers contained in those enactments and vested in a Minister which conflict with any functions and powers of the Commission are hereby vested in the Commission.
- (3) Upon the Commencement of this Bill, the Nigerian Shippers Council as the interim economic regulator for the ports and its relevant and qualified staff shall together with such number of persons employed by such other Legacy Agency as may be required by the Commission shall be transferred to the Commission and be deemed to form the initial staffing of the Commission in line with the provisions contained in under this Bill.
- (4) The service rendered by an employee transferred pursuant to sub-paragraph (1) of this paragraph to the Commission shall be deemed to be service with the Commission for the purpose of determining employment related entitlements as specified in the relevant laws of employment in Nigeria.
- (5) Until such time as conditions of service are drawn up by the Commission:
- (a) the terms and conditions of service applicable to employees of the Legacy Agency shall continue to apply to every person transferred to the Commission as if every such person were still in the

service of the Agency; and

- (b) the Commission shall continue to contribute towards any pension scheme to which the Agency was contributing in respect of persons in the employ of the Agency prior to the transfer date.
- (6) Nothing in this paragraph shall operate so as to prevent any employee of the Commission from resigning or being dismissed from service.
- (7) Nothing in this paragraph shall operate so as to create an entitlement for any employee of the Legacy Agency to become an employee of the Commission.
- (8) All assets, funds, resources and other movable and immovable property which, immediately before the commencement of this Bill, vested in and belonging to the Nigerian Shippers Council and other Legacy Agency established under the repealed Bill shall by virtue of this Bill and without further assurance be vested in the Commission established under this Bill.
- (9) The statutory functions, rights, interest, obligations and liabilities of any Legacy Agency established before the commencement of this Bill, which existed under any contract, rights of way, concessions or instrument shall by virtue of this Bill be deemed to have been assigned to, transferred or vested in the Commission.

	(10) Notwithstanding the enactment and operation of this Bill in relation to the relevant regulated transport sector, any licenses, permits, granted or in force at the commencement of this Bill in relation to the production or supply of any goods, services or facilities by any person in the regulated transport sector, provided that such shall remain valid and in operation until they are amended revoked, annulled or otherwise replaced by anything done under this Bill.		
	(11) Every rule, regulation, requirement, certificate, appointment, notice, direction, decision, authorization, consent, application, request or thing made, issued, given or done under the existing legislations within any regulated transport sector if in force at the commencement of this Bill, continue to be in force and have effect as if made, issued, given or done under this Bill until such a time that anything done under this Bill amends, overrides, revokes or replaces it in any manner.		
	(12) The Minister may after the commencement of this Bill, by order published in the Gazette, make additional saving or transitional provisions in order to give better effect to the objectives of this section.		
107.		Transitional provisions.	
		106. (1) On the commencement of this Bill, the Nigerian Shippers' Council, established by the Nigerian Shippers' Council Act, Cap. N133, Laws of the Federation of Nigeria, 2004 shall cease to exist and all properties, rights, liabilities, functions and powers	House Version Adopted

persons employed by such other Legacy Agency as may be required by the Commission shall be transferred to the Commission and be deemed to form the initial staffing of the Commission in line with the provisions contained under this Bill.		
	(3) The provisions of the Utilities Charges Commission Act, Cap U17 Laws of the Federation of Nigeria, 2004 shall not apply to anything done by the Commission pursuant to the provisions of this Bill.	House Version Adopted
	(4) The Federal Highways Act, Cap. F13, Laws of the Federation of Nigeria, 2004 is amended as follows –	
	(a) in section 2 —  (i) in subsection (2) by inserting the words "at the tariff rate approved by the National Transport Commission " immediately after the words "subsection (1) of this section";  (ii) in subsection (3) by inserting the words "at the tariff rate approved by the National Transport Commission" immediately after the words "category of vehicles"; and  (iii) by inserting the following as new subsection (4) thereof —	
	(5) Notwithstanding the provisions of this Bill, the Authority charged with the responsibility for Federal Highways shall obtain a licence from the National Transport Commission and shall operate under the economic regulation and oversight powers of the National Transport Commission;	·

109.	Interpretation  92. In this Bill unless the context otherwise requires:  "Access" means the making available of transport services and facilities by one licensee to another, by a licensee to another lawful user for the purpose of providing services, and includes access to physical infrastructure including terminals, stations, tunnels, bridges, sidings, jetties, hangers, route and cargo handling equipment;  "Authorities" means the relevant Government Agencies;  "appeal" means an appeal under Section 72 of this Bill;	(iv) in subsection (5) by inserting the words "and the National Transport Commission Act, 2016" immediately after the words "this Bill"  Interpretation.  108. In this Bill unless the context otherwise requires —  "access" means the making available of transport services and facilities by one licenced service provider to another, by a licenced service provider to another lawful user for the purpose of providing services, and includes access to physical infrastructure including terminals, stations, tunnels, bridges, routes, roads, rail, cable car, pipelines, tramps, cargo handling equipment and any other means of providing transport related services;  "Authorities" means relevant Government Agencies;	Senate Version Adopted
	"Commission" means the National Transport Commission established under the National Transport Commission Bill 2018;	"Commission" means the National Transport Commission and/or body of Commissioners established under the National Transport Commission Bill, 2017;	Senate Version Adopted
	"Chairman" means a Commissioner who is appointed to chair the National Transport	"cargo" includes any substance or article and any container or other item used to contain any substance or article;  "Chairman" means a Commissioner who is appointed to chair the Commission of the National Transport	House Version Adopted

Commission and includes any acting Chairman of the Commission;	Commission and includes any acting Chairman of the Commission;	
"Commissioner" means any person appointed as Executive Commissioner under section 14 of this Bill;	"Commissioner" means any person appointed under section 9 of this Bill;	
"Consolidated Revenue Fund" means the Fund established by Section 80 of the Constitution of the Federal Republic of Nigeria 1999;	"Consolidated Revenue Fund" means the Fund established by section 80 of the Constitution of the Federal Republic of Nigeria 1999 (as amended);	
"concession" means an arrangement between a Government Agency and a third party to provide transport service(s) or operate transport facilities in accordance with the empowering legislation and ;	"Concession" means an arrangement between a Government Agency and another person or corporate body, to provide transport service(s) or operate transport facilities in accordance with the empowering legislation and "concessional" agreement;	Senate Version Adopted
"concessioned" or "concessionaire" must be interpreted accordingly;	"Concessionaire" means a holder of a concession or grant approved by a Government Agency to provide transport related services or to operate a transport facility under the concession agreement;	House Version Adopted
	"Consumer" or "User" means any person who uses transport services or facilities;	
"Court" means the Federal High Court;	"Court" means Federal High Court of Nigeria; "Directives" means a directive issued by the	
	Commission under Part VII of this Bill;	
"Economic Regulation" means the exercise by the	,	
Government through the Commission, both	,	Senate Version Adopted
directly or indirectly, of control and influence over suppliers of services to consumers and covers both		

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privately and publicly owned suppliers and seeks to protect the interests of public consumers;	to consumers and covers both privately and publicly owned providers and seeks to protect the interests of public consumers;	
"Empowering Instrument" unless otherwise specified in this Bill means:	"Empowering Instrument" unless otherwise specified in this Bill means the regulated transport sector legislation;	
(a) the relevant transport sector legislation;		
(b) a Regulation made under Section 3 of this Bill.		
"Exclusive Economic Zone" has the meaning given to it under the Exclusive Economic Zone Act, Cap E17, LFN 2004 as may be amended;	"Exclusive Economic Zone" has the meaning given to it under the Exclusive Economic Zone Act, Cap E17, LFN 2004;	House Version Adopted
"ICRC" means Infrastructure Concession Regulatory Commission;	"ICRC" means Infrastructure Concession Regulatory Commission;	
"Instrument" includes a direction, determination or declaration;	"Instrument" includes a directive, determination or declaration;	
"Land Transport" includes rail and other modes of road transportation;	"Land Transport" includes rail and road transportation modes;	
"Legacy Agency" shall mean and include any agency, parastatal, or department of the Federal		Senate Version Adopted
Government which existed before the		
commencement of this Bill, with powers and functions which include economic regulation		
and/or safety supervision, whenever the functions		
and powers of such an agency, parastatal or		
department falls within the scope of the functions and powers of the Commission and such functions		
or powers are substantially transferred to the		
Commission; provided that the agency, parastatal		
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or department ceases to exist by virtue of a repeal or amendment to its Bill, and is declared by the President to be deemed as a "Legacy Agency";		
"license" means a right granted, to an operator or service provider of a transport service or a facility in a regulated transport sector which is issued by a competent agency in a prescribed form;	"Licence" means an authorization from the Commission to provide a transport service or operate a port, inland waterways services or road facility, issued under this Bill and "licensed" must be interpreted accordingly;	House Version Adopted
	"Licensee" means a holder of a licence or undertakes activities which are subject to a licence granted under this Bill;	
	"Licenced Service Provider" means a person licenced to provide a transport service or operate a port, rail, road or waterways facility;	
"Maritime Transport" includes shipping, ports, and all forms of transportation services in Nigerian waters;	"Maritime Transport" includes shipping, ports, inland waterways and all forms of transportation services in Nigerian waters;	Senate Version Adopted
"Marine Transport" means maritime transport and inland waterways;		
"Minister" means the Federal Minister for the time being charged with the responsibility for transportation; and Ministry to be interpreted accordingly.	"Minister" means the Federal Minister for the time being charged with the responsibility for maritime, rail and road transports respectively;	Senate Version Adopted
	"Ministry" means the Federal Ministry for the time being charged with the responsibility for maritime, rail and road transports respectively;	House Version Adopted
"Nigerian Waters" shall include inland waters, territorial waters or waters of the Exclusive Economic zone (respectively, together or any combination thereof);	"Nigerian Waters" shall include inland waters, territorial waters or waters of the Exclusive Economic zone (respectively, together or any combination thereof) and the meaning given to them by the	Senate Version Adopted

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	National Inland Waterways Authority Act, Cap N47, Laws of the Federation of Nigeria, 2004;	
"Operator" means a person who is responsible for the management and operations of jetties, port terminals, stations any transport facility, for aviation, maritime, rail, road or any land transport facilities pursuant to a valid concession or licence or other permit;	"operator" means a person who owns the business of, or is responsible for the management and operations of ports, any maritime transport facility, rail and road or any land transport facilities pursuant to a valid concession or licence;	
	"owner" means the legal or beneficial owner;	House Version Adopted
"Person" includes a natural or corporate body of partnership and where an individual is required to represent a corporate body or partnership in any circumstance pursuant to this Bill or its subsidiary legislation it shall be sufficient if in the case of a:  (a) corporate body, it is represented by an authorised officer; and	partnership and where an individual is required to represent a corporate body or partnership in any circumstance pursuant to this Bill or its subsidiary legislation it shall be sufficient if in the case of a	
(b) partnership, it is represented by a partner in the partnership or an authorised employee of the partnership.  "Port" means any place in Nigeria, including navigable river or channel leading into such place having facilities for vessels to moor and load or	partnership or a competent employee of the partnership; "port" means any place in Nigeria, navigable river or channel, inland waterways, or any such water leading	
discharge and shall include offshore cargo handling facilities, dry ports, harbour, berths, jetties pontoons or buoys and wharves;	vessels to moor and load or discharge including	,
"Prescribe" means a rule, direction, or order laid down, approved or given by this Bill, secto legislation, subsidiary legislation or regulations or	down, approved or given by this Bill or by its	Senate Version Adopted

any relevant legislation;	legislation;	
"Prescribed Agency" means a person, body or agency which:  (a) has functions or powers under relevant safety, standard, health, environment or social legislation	"prescribed agency" means a person, body or agency which —  (a) has functions or powers under relevant economic,	
applying to a regulated transport industry; or  (b) is prescribed by the enabling legislation for the purposes of this Bill.	safety and standards regulation and standards as well as legislation applying to a regulated transport industry;	
	(b) is prescribed by the enabling legislation for the purposes of this Bill, and  (c) is listed as a prescribed agency under the Fourth Schedule to this Bill;	
"Prescribed Tariff" means tariff specified in Section 27(2) of the Bill;	"prescribed tariff" means tariff specified in this Bill;	House Version Adopted
"Prescribed Services" means the services specified in Section 27 of the Bill;	"prescribed services" means the services specified in this Bill;	
"Publication" of any information by the Commission pursuant to this Bill or its subsidiary legislation, except otherwise specified in any particular Section of this Bill, shall be deemed as sufficiently effected if it is posted at the Commission's website and published in at least one widely circulated national newspaper;	"President" means the President of the Federal Republic of Nigeria; "publication" of any information by the Commission pursuant to this Bill or its subsidiary legislation, except otherwise specified in any particular section of this Bill, shall be deemed as sufficiently effected if it is posted at the Commission's website and published in at least one widely circulating national newspapers;	
"Publication" of any information by a registered	"publication" of any information by a licensee	

i I	operator pursuant to this Bill or its subsidiary egislation, except otherwise specified in any	pursuant to this Bill or its subsidiary legislation, except otherwise specified in any particular section of this	
	particular Section of this Bill, shall be deemed as sufficiently effected if it is:	Bill, shall be deemed as sufficiently effected if it is —	
(	(a) officially sent to the Commission; and	(a) officially sent to the Commission; and	
n o	(b) made publicly and readily available to any member of the public at the registered operators offices that deal with or relate howsoever with its consumers; and	(b) made publicly and readily available to any member of the public at the licensee's offices that deal with or relate howsoever with its consumers, and	
1 1	(c) if the Commission so directs, published in at least one widely circulated national newspaper.	(c) if the Commission so directs, published in at least one national newspaper;	
e	"Register" means any one of the registers established and maintained by the Commission for the purposes of this Bill;	"register" means any one of the registers established or maintained by the Commission for the purposes of this Bill;	
1 1	"Regulations" means regulations made under this Bill;	"regulations" means regulations made pursuant to this Bill;	
n p ii s a (;	"Regulated Transport Sector" means aviation, marine or maritime transport services including ports and inland waterways, land transport including road and rail and any other transport sector which provides regulated service facilities and:  (a) is operating under a relevant legislation which is specified by that legislation as a regulated transport industry; or	"regulated transport industry" means maritime, inland waterways, ports, railways, roads, routs, facilities, channels and other modes of transportation of goods and passengers and any other sector which provides a regulated transport service in Nigeria or operating under a relevant legislation which is specified by that legislation as a regulated transport industry;	Senate Version Adopted
1 1 .	(b) is declared by an Order under Section 3 of this Bill to be a regulated transport sector.		

"Regulated service" means any service supplied or offered for supply in a regulated transport sector and includes services which the Commission declares to be such services under section 3 of this Bill;

"regulated service" means any maritime, rails, roads, channels, berths, terminals, anchorage, fairways, routes, jetties, bridges, stations, ports including dry ports, sidings, platforms, paths, walkways, cables, pipelines, tramps, tunnels, monorails, or any service facility as may be declared by the Commission;

"roads" means federal trunk roads, roads and bridges owned by the Federal Government including:

- (a) land acquired or existing as a Federal road or highway pursuant to any legislation, subsidiary legislation, declaration or order; or
- (b) Federal trunk roads within the context of item 63 of part 1 of the second schedule to the Constitution of the Federal Republic of Nigeria 1999 ( as amended) which are used for or interstate transportation and commerce.

"Road Transport" means Federal roads and all types of transportation services on Federal road network;

"services" shall include the provision and/or use facilities;

"Tariffs" or "Charges" or "Rates" include freight, rates, port fees, station fees, terminal dues, Ports & Harbours dues and charges, goods dues and

"road transport" means Federal roads as designated by the Government and all types of transportation services on Federal road network;

"tariff" or "charges" or "rates" includes port, station, terminal dues, goods dues and pilotage dues and other charges levied by transport service providers; pilotage dues, fees and other charges levied by transport service operators;

"Terminal Operations" means services provided at a port, airport, air strip, rail or road terminal or station including cargo handling, storing and delivery of cargo to vessels, aircraft, rail and vehicles, handling of passengers howsoever and services related thereto;

"This bill" means the National Transport Commission Bill, 2018, as amended from time to time and includes the regulations made under this Bill;

"Transport Services" means any services including stevedoring, cargo handling, terminal or jetty operations, vehicle tug services, floating crane services, berthing or landing services, fire - fighting, security, radio and radar services, waste disposal, repair facilities and any other services including the carriage or storage of cargo and carriage of passengers or any transportation within a port, station, terminal, within a regulated transport sector;

"Transport facilities" means terminal or infrastructure and other facilities for the handling, storage and transportation of goods and passengers within a regulated transport sector;

"terminal operations" means services provided at a port, rail or road terminal or station including cargo handling, storing and delivery of cargo to vessels, rail and vehicles, handling of passengers howsoever and services related thereto;

"this Bill" means the National Transport Commission Bill 2016, and includes the regulations made under this Bill;

"transport services" include stevedoring, cargo handling, terminal or jetty operations, storage of cargo and passenger transportation within a port, rail station terminal or road vehicle station or terminal including tug services, floating crane services, berthing or landing services, fire-fighting, security, radio and radar services, waste disposal, repair facilities and any other services provided within a port, station and terminal;

"transport services and facilities" include transport services, terminal or port infrastructure and other port, rail and road terminal services and facilities for the handling, storage and transportation of goods and passengers over water or on land adjoining the fore shore of Nigeria or a floating platform and for the handling of passengers carried by vessels, rail or road; and

	"Transport service provider" includes any private person or Government Agency engaged in providing transport services within a regulated transport sector and shall include an Operator.	"Transport service providers" includes any Government Agency or private person providing transport related services and shall include all operators in the regulated transport industry.	
110.	Short title	Short title.	
	93. This Bill may be cited as the National Transport Commission Bill, 2018.	109. This Bill may be cited as the National Transport Commission (Establishment, etc.) Bill, 2017.	Senate Version Adopted
		SCHEDULES	
	FIRST SCHEDULE	FIRST SCHEDULE	
	SUPPLEMENTARY PROVISIONS RELATING TO THE COMMISSION	SUPPLEMENTARY PROVISIONS RELATING TO THE COMMISSION	The state of the s
	Proceedings of the Commission	5. <sub>18</sub>	
	1. Subject to the provisions of this Bill and Section 29 of the Interpretation Bill (as may be amended), the Commission may make standing orders regulating its proceedings or that of any of its Committees.	1. Subject to the provision of this Bill and section 26 of the Interpretation Act, the Commission may make standing orders regulating its proceedings or that of any of its Committees.	House Version Adopted
	2. The Chairman shall preside at every meeting of the Commission and in his absence the members present at that meeting shall appoint one of their members to preside at the meeting.	2. The Chairman shall preside at all meetings of the Commission and in his absence; the Members present at that meeting shall appoint one of their numbers to preside at the meeting.	
	3. The quorum for any meeting of the Commission shall be a simple majority of the members, and all decisions of the Commission shall be on the basis of a simple majority of the members present and	3. The quorum for any meeting of the Commission shall be a simple majority of the Members present at the meeting of the Commission.	·
	voting.  4. The Commission shall meet to transact its	4. (1) The Commission shall meet to transact its business pursuant to this Bill whenever it is summoned by the Chairman or by notice given to him	

business pursuant to this Bill whenever it is summoned by the Chairman and if so required by notice given to him by not less than 4 (four) other members of the Commission specifying, amongst others, an agenda for the meeting, the Chairman shall summon a meeting of the Commission that shall be held within 14 (fourteen) days from the date on which the notice is given to him to discuss the items specified in the notice provided that the Commission shall for the purposes of this Bill meet not less than 4 (four) times in each calendar year.

- 5. A member of the Commission who directly or indirectly has an interest of a personal nature including financial interests in any matter being deliberated upon by the Commission, or is personally interested in any contract made or proposed to be made by the Commission shall so soon after the facts of the matter of his interests have come to his knowledge, disclose his interest and the nature thereof at a meeting of the Commission.
- 6. A disclosure under section 5 of this Schedule shall be recorded in the Minutes of the Meetings of the Commission and the member concerned -
- (a) shall not, after the disclosure, take part in any deliberation or decision of the Commission or vote howsoever on the matter; and
- (b) shall be excluded for the purpose of constituting a quorum of any meeting of the

- signed by not less than four (4) members of the Commission specifying, amongst others, an agenda for the meeting;
- (2) The Chairman shall summon a meeting of the Commission and the meeting shall be held within fourteen (14) days from the date on which the notice was served on him to discuss the items specified in the notice Provided that the Commission shall for the purposes of this Bill meet not less than four (4) times in each calendar year.
- 5. A member of the Commission who directly or indirectly has an interest of a personal nature including financial interests in any matter being deliberated upon by the Commission, or is personally interested in any contract made or proposed to be made by the Commission shall, so soon after the facts of the matter of his interests have come to his knowledge disclose his interest and the nature thereof at a meeting of the Commission.
- 6. A disclosure under paragraph 5 of this Schedule shall be recorded in the Minutes of meetings of the Commission and the member concerned —
- (a) shall not, after the disclosure, take part in any deliberation or decision of the Commission or vote howsoever on the matter; and
- (b) shall be excluded for the purpose of constituting a quorum of any meeting of the Commission for any deliberation or decision, with regard to the subject matter in respect of which his interest is so disclosed.

Commission for any deliberation or decision, with		
regard to the subject matter in respect of which his		•
interest is so disclosed.		
Committees	Committees	
7. (1) Subject to its standing orders, the Commission may appoint such number of standing or ad hoc committees as it thinks fit to consider and report on any matter with which the Commission is concerned.	7. (1) Subject to its standing orders, the Commission may appoint such number of standing or ad hoc committees as it thinks fit to consider and report on any matter with which the Commission is concerned.	House Version Adopted
(2) A Committee appointed under this section shall:	(2) A Committee appointed under this section shall:	
(a) consist of such number of persons who may not necessarily be members of the Commission as may be determined by the Commission, provided that the appointment of a non-Commission member as a Committee member shall be subject to such terms as would be indicated in his letter of	(a) consist of such number of persons who may not necessarily be members of the Commission as may be determined by the Commission, provided that the appointment of a non-Commission member as a Committee member shall be subject to such terms as would be indicated in his letter of appointment; and	
appointment; and	(b) presided over by a member of the Commission.	
<ul> <li>(b) be presided over by a member of the Commission.</li> <li>(3) The quorum of any Committee set up by the Commission shall be as may be determined from time to time by the Commission.</li> <li>(4) Unless expressly stipulated a decision of a Committee of the Commission shall be of no effect until it is confirmed by the Commission.</li> </ul>	<ul><li>(3) The quorum of any Committee set up by the Commission shall be as may be determined from time to time by the Commission.</li><li>(4) A decision of a Committee of the Commission shall be of no effect until it is confirmed and/or ratified by the Commission.</li></ul>	
Miscellaneous	Miscellaneous	

**House Version Adopted** 

- 8. The fixing of the seal of the Commission shall be authenticated by the signature of the Chairman and that of the Secretary or any Member of the Commission generally or specifically authorised by the Commission to act for that purpose.
- 9. Any contract or instrument which, if made by a person not being a body corporate, would not be required to be under seal may be made or executed on behalf of the Commission by any person generally or specially authorised by the Commission to act for that purpose.
- 10. Any document purporting to be a contract, instrument or other document duly signed or sealed on behalf of the Commission shall be received in evidence and shall, unless the contrary is proved, be presumed without further proof to have been so signed or sealed.
- 11. Subject to the other provisions of this Bill and Schedule, the validity of any proceedings of the Commission or of any of its Committees shall not be affected by:
- a) any vacancy in the membership of the Commission, or Committee; or
- (b) any defect in the appointment of a member of the Commission or Committee; or
- (c) by reason of the fact that any person not entitled to do so took part in the proceedings of

- 8. The fixing of the seal of the Commission shall be authenticated by the signature of the Secretary and that of the Chairman or any other Commissioner generally or specifically authorised by the Commission to act for that purpose.
- 9. Any contract or instrument which, if made by a person not being a body corporate, would not be required to be under Seal may be made or executed on behalf of the Commission, by any person generally or specially authorised by the Commission to act for that purpose.
- 10. Any document purporting to be a contract, instrument or other document duly signed or sealed on behalf of the Commission shall be received in evidence and shall, unless the contrary is proved, be presumed without further proof to have been so signed or sealed.
- 11. Subject to the other provisions of this Bill and Schedule thereto, the validity of any proceedings of the Commission or of any of its Committees shall not be affected by:
- (a) any vacancy in the membership of the Commission, or Committee; or
- (b) any defect in the appointment of a member of the Commission or Committee; or
- (c) reason that any person not entitled to do so took

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the Commission or Committee.	part in the proceedings of the Commission or Committee.	·
12. No member of the Commission or Committee		
shall be personally liable for any act or omission	12. No Member of the Commission or the	
done or made in good faith while engaged in the	Commission's Committee shall be personally liable for	
business of the Commission.	any act or omission done or made in good faith while	
·	engaged on the business of the Commission.	
13. Within the first twelve months from the	chaged on the basiless of the commission.	6
commencement of this Bill, the Commission shall		Senate Version Adopted
adopt a Code of Conduct prescribing standards of		•
behaviour to be observed by the members and		
employees of the Commission in the performance		
of their duties. A copy of its Code of Conduct shall		
be displayed in its offices and shall be binding on		
the Commission and its employees. The Code of	·	
Conduct may be amended from time to time by the		
Commission.		
SECOND SCHEDULE	SECOND SCHEDULE	
	Section 8(3), 17(4)	
Conflict of Interests	Conflict of Interest	
1. Subject to the provisions of this Schedule, no	1. Subject to the other provisions of this Schedule, no	Senate Version Adopted
member or staff of the Commission shall have a	Commissioner or staff of the Commission shall have a	aemare Aeraion Manhren
direct or indirect financial interest or investment in	direct or indirect financial interest or investment in	
any part of the regulated Nigerian transport sector	any part of the Nigerian transport sector throughout	
or is engaged in any activity whether for	the tenure of his office or employment with the	
remuneration or otherwise for the benefit of any	Commission.	
party involved in any business related to the		
regulated transport sector in Nigeria throughout		
the tenure of his office or employment with the		
Commission unless such an interest is formally	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Commission unless such an interest is formally disclosed to the President and the President is		

will not interfere with the person's impartial discharge of his duties.

- 2. A person who holds the office of a Commissioner, for a period of two years after he ceases to be a Commissioner for any reason whatsoever, shall not acquire, hold, or maintain, directly or indirectly, any interest, office, employment, or consultancy arrangements either for remuneration or otherwise, connected with any part of the regulated transport sector in Nigeria or engage in any activity (whether for remuneration or otherwise) for the benefit of any party involved in any business related to the regulated transport sector in Nigeria; and if such a person acquires any such interest involuntarily or by way of succession or testamentary disposition, he shall divest himself from such interest within a period of three months of such interest being acquired.
- 3. Subject to section 4 hereof, each member or staff of the Commission shall on an annual basis present a written declaration affirming the nonexistence of any such interest as is specified in section 1 and shall pledge to disclose and inform the Commission of any such relationship or interest that arises or is likely to arise during his tenure or employment with the Commission.
- 4. All appointed members of the Commission and staff of the Commission after the commencement of this Bill shall be entitled to a maximum of 6 (six) months from their respective dates of

2. Subject to subsections 3 and 4 hereof, each Commissioner or staff of the Commission shall on an annual basis present a written declaration affirming the non-existence of any such interest as is specified in paragraph 1 and shall pledge to disclose and inform the Commission of any such relationship or interest that arises or is likely to arise during his tenure or employment with the Commission.

3. Serving Commissioners and staff of the Commission as at the commencement date of this Bill shall be entitled to a maximum of six (6) months from the said commencement date within which to divest themselves of their direct or indirect financial interests or investment in any part of the Nigerian

4. All newly appointed Commissioners and staff of the Commission after the commencement of this Bill shall be entitled to a maximum of six (6) months from their respective dates of appointments within which to

transport sector, if any.

appointments within which to divest themselves of their direct or indirect financial interests or investments, if any, in any part of the regulated transport sector in Nigeria.

- 5. Each member or staff of the Commission shall declare on appointment or at the commencement of employment and annually thereafter, for as long as he serves the Commission, any interest or investment that he:
- (a) knowingly has; or
- (b) knows any member of his immediate family to have, in any aspect of regulated the Nigerian transport sector.
- 6. A member or employee of the Commission shall be considered to have a conflict of interest for the purposes of this Bill, if he has or acquires any the proper performance by that person of his duties or functions as a member or employee of the Commission.
- 7. A member or employee of the Commission shall | 7. Subject to paragraph 8 of this Schedule, the be deemed to have breached the conflict of interest rules of the Commission if:-

(a) he fails without reasonable cause to make

- divest themselves of their direct or indirect financial interests or investments in any part of the Nigerian transport sector, if any.
- 5. Each Commissioner and/or staff of the Commission shall declare on appointment commencement of employment and annually thereafter, for as long as he serves the Commission, any interest or investment that he:
- (a) knowingly has; or
- (b) knows any member of his immediate family to have, in any aspect of the Nigerian transport sector.
- 6. If a Commissioner or staff of the Commission contravenes the provisions of paragraphs 1 and 2 of this Schedule, or gives false information under Section 5 of this Schedule, he shall be liable, on conviction, to pecuniary or other interest that could conflict with \ the payment of a fine not exceeding \\1,000,000.00 or imprisonment of a term not exceeding 1 year or to both.
  - Commission may from time to time waive the application of the prohibitions specified in paragraphs 1 and 2 of this Schedule to any Commissioner or staff of the Commission where the Commission determines that the financial interest of the relevant person is not of a material nature or is minimal.

(b) he knowingly makes a declaration false or misleading in material particulars thereby affecting the decision of the Commission In any of the circumstances above, that person shall be guilty of an offence under this Bill, the effect of which may include the termination of his appointment or employment.

declaration of his interests as required; or

- 8. Where a member or staff of the Commission contravenes the provisions of sections 1, 2 and 3 of this Schedule, or gives false information under section 5 of this Schedule, he shall be liable, on conviction, to the payment of a fine not less than N5,000,000.00 or imprisonment for a term not exceeding 2 years or to both such fine and imprisonment.
- 8. The Commission in determining whether or not the interest of a Commissioner or staff of the Commission is minimal or not of a material nature shall consider factors including but not limited to the following -
- (a) the revenue, investments, profits and managerial efforts of the relevant company or other entity in regard to its transport activities compared with other aspects of the company's or such entity's businesses;
- (b) the extent to which the Commission regulates and oversees the activity of such company or entity:
- (c) the degree to which the economic interests of such company or other entity may be affected by any action of the Commission; and
- (d) the perceptions held or likely to be held by the public regarding the relevant person's financial interest or investment in that company or other entity.

- 9. Subject to paragraph 8 of this Schedule, the Commission may from time to time waive the application of the prohibitions specified in sections 1 and 2 of this Schedule to any member or staff of the Commission if the Commission upon receiving such declaration from such member of staff determines that the financial interest of the relevant person is not of a material nature or is minimal.
- 10. The Commission in determining whether or not the interest of a member or staff of the Commission is minimal or not of a material nature, shall consider factors including but not limited to the following:
- (a) the revenue, investments, profits and managerial efforts of the relevant company or other entity in regard to its transport activities compared with other aspects of the company's or such entity's businesses;
- (b) the extent to which the Commission regulates and oversees the activity of such company or entity;
- (c) the degree to which the economic interests of such company or other entity may be affected by any action of the Commission; and
- (d) the perceptions held or likely to be held by the public regarding the relevant person's financial interest or investment in that company or other

- 9. The Commission may at any time review and reverse its determination under paragraph 7 of this Schedule and direct the application of the prohibitions contained in this Schedule to the affected Commissioner or staff of the Commission and the Commission shall not be under an obligation to disclose the reason or basis for its review to the affected Commissioner or staff member.
- 10. In any case in which the Commission exercises the waiver authority or the review thereof as specified in paragraphs 6 and 8 of this Schedule, the Commission shall so soon thereafter publish the details thereof and such publication shall include information regarding the identity of the person who has been granted the waiver or whose waiver grant has been reviewed, the position held by such person and, the nature of the financial interests which are the subject of the waiver or the review thereof.

THIRD SCHEDULE	
Section 1 (2) (a) (b)	· 通過的 · 新州 · 新州 · 斯克 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
TRANSITIONAL AND SAVINGS PROVISIONS RELATING	
TO THE COMMISSION	
Transfer of Property and Undertakings from the Abolished Nigerian	House Version Adopted
Shippers' Council to the National Transport Commission	
1. On the commencement of this Bill, the Nigerian Shippers' Council, established by the Nigerian Shippers' Council Act, Cap. N133, Laws of the Federation of Nigeria, 2004 shall cease to exist.	
2. All Assets, Properties, Rights, Debts, Liabilities, Obligations, Functions and Power that immediately before the commencement date of this Bill, were vested in the Nigerian Shippers' Council shall by virtue of this section be vested in the Commission as specified in the transition plan under this Bill;	·
3. Subject to section (4) of this schedule, any act, or matter made or done by the Nigerian Shippers' Council, pursuant to the Nigerian Shippers' Council Act, Cap. N133, Laws of the Federation of Nigeria, 2004; before the commencement of section (1) of this schedule shall continue to have effect as if it was done by the Commission.	
4. The provisions of this Bill shall have effect with respect to matters arising from the transfer by this section, to the Commission, of all Staff, Assets,	

		Properties, Rights, Debts, Liabilities, Obligations, Functions and Powers of the Nigerian Shippers'	
		Council, established by the Nigerian Shippers' Council	,
		Act, Cap. N133, Laws of the Federation of Nigeria,	
		2004; and with respect to the other matters	
		mentioned in the Third Schedule to this Bill.	
		5. The National Transport Commission is a substitute	
		party as applicable to any proceedings pending before	
		any Court or Tribunal to which the abolished Nigerian	
	· ·	Shippers' Council was a party immediately before the commencement date.	
		commencement date.	
		6. The National Transport Commission is a substitute	
		party to any contract or arrangement as applicable,	
		entered into by or on behalf of the abolished Nigerian	1
		Shippers' Council and in force immediately before the	
		commencement date; and	
		7. Any recourse, reference and or record of, to the	
		abolished Nigerian Shippers' Council in any Act, Order	
		In-Council, Rule, Regulation, Order, Agreement, Instrument, Deed, Documents and/or other	
		Legislations, in so far as it relates to any period after	
	· .	the commencement date and if not inconsistent with	
		the context or subject matter shall be construed as a	
		reference to the National Transport Commission.	
		Allocation of Property Subject to Encumbrances	
		10. Unless an allocation statement under this	House Version Adopted
		schedule or under the transition plan otherwise	-
,		provides, where under this schedule, property and	
	. •	rights vest in the National Transport Commission or	
		liabilities become the liabilities of the Commission-	

		<del> </del>
	<ul> <li>(a) the property and rights so vested shall be subject to the encumbrances (if any) to which they were subject immediately before so vesting; and</li> <li>(b) the rights to which the abolished Nigerian Shippers' Council were entitled in respect of those liabilities immediately before they ceased to be liabilities of the abolished Nigerian Shippers' Council shall vest in the Commission.</li> </ul>	
	Nigerian Shippers' Council Instrument	
	11. Each instrument relating to the abolished Nigerian Shippers' Council's property continues to have effect according to its tenure and after the commencement date as if a reference in the instrument to the abolished Nigerian Shippers' Council were a reference to the Commission.	House Version Adopted
	Taxes  12. No duty or other tax is chargeable under any Act or in respect of anything done under this Bill or in respect of any Act or transaction entered into or an instrument made, executed, lodged or given for the purpose of or connected with the transfer of property, rights or liabilities of the Nigerian Shippers' Council.	
	Transfer of Employees of the abolished Nigerian Shippers' Council to the Commission and the terms of Employment under the Commission	
	13. Upon the commencement of this Bill, Staff of the abolished Nigerian Shippers' Council shall be deemed to be the Staff of the Commission;	House Version Adopted

- 14. A transferred employee is to be regarded as —
- (a) being in continuous service in his new position with effect on and from the commencement date;
- (b) having the same terms and conditions as those that apply to the person in relation to his employment with the defunct Nigerian Shippers' Council immediately before the commencement date;
- (c) having accrued an entitlement to benefits in connection with the employment with the Commission that is equivalent to the entitlement that the person had accrued as an employee of the defunct Nigerian Shippers' Council, immediately before the commencement date;
- (d) the service of transferred employee with the Commission is to be regarded for all purposes as having been continuous with the service of the transferred employee immediately before the commencement date as an employee of the defunct Nigerian Shippers' Council;
- (e) no transferred employee of the defunct Nigerian Shippers' Council shall be made to enjoy rights and privileges that are less than the ones hitherto as enjoyed as employees of the Nigerian Shippers Council.
- 13. The superannuation entitlements of any person who is a transferred employee are deemed not to be affected by that person becoming a transferred

employee; and	
15. Nothing in this paragraph prevents —  (a) any of the terms and conditions of employment of a transferred employee from being altered by or under any law, award or agreement with effect from any time after the commencement date; or  (b) a transferred employee from resigning or being	
dismissed at any time after the commencement date	
in accordance with the existing terms and conditions of his employment with the Commission.	
FOURTH SCHEDULE	
Section 5	A primitive successful program is recognized to
PRESCRIBED AGENCIES	
For the purpose of this schedule, prescribed agencies means those agencies providing prescribed services in the regulated transport industry in Nigeria within the meaning of section 26 of this Bill and shall include but not limited to the following Agencies:	House Version Adopted
(a) Nigerian Railway Authority (NRA);	
(b) Federal Road Safety Commission (FRSC);	
(c) Federal Roads Maintenance Agency (FERMA);	
(d) Nigerian Ports Authority (NPA);	
(e) National Inland Waterways Authority (NIWA); and	
(f) Other Agencies providing transport service of	

	whatsoever nature in the regulated transport industry in Nigeria.	
EXPLANATORY MEMORANDUM:	EXPLANATORY MEMORANDUM	
but is intended to explain its purport)  This Bill seeks to establish the National Transport Commission as an effective, impartial and independent regulatory authority in the transport sector, promote the implementation of the national transport policy and provide for an efficient economic and safety regulation of the	This Bill seeks to provide, amongst other things, for the establishment of the National Transport Commission as an independent multi-modal transport sector economic, safety and standards regulatory authority (in this Bill hereinafter referred to as the "Commission" in the regulated transport industry, to promote the implementation of the national transport policy, repeal the Nigerian Shippers' Act, Cap. N133, LFN, 2004, set out the objectives, functions and powers of the Commission and for matters connected therewith.	Senate Version Adopted

Report accordingly adopted.